SEP 6 - 1941

Gas Tax Money Should Be Used to Build New Roads

THE SCENIC HIGHLANDS SUN

Eat More Citrus For Your Health's Sake

VOLUME XVII— NUMBER 43 | AVON PARK, FLORIDA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1941 | SINGLE COPY; FIVE CENTS

Merchants Will Sell Defense Stamps

Join in Nation-Wide Campaign to Sell Securities

Cooperating in a nation-wide campaign to promote the sale of Defense Savings Stamps, Avon Park merchants will start a local campaign Saturday, when practically every merchant in the city will lay in a stock of stamps and offer them for sale to their customers.

A million stores from coast to coast are selling Defense Savings Stamps in this, the biggest retail sales effort on record.

The local campaign was organized at a meeting of merchants Thursday night in the Florida Public Service room, under the auspices of the Highlands County Defense Council, County Defense Chairman Ben T. Stewart outlined the purpose of the meeting and called on Rev. R. I. Brown, Defense Council secretary to outline the campaign. F. S. Jordon, local chairman, T. J. Ward and Dr. Stanley N. Reeves spoke of the importance of the sales campaign.

Ward said each business place should work out a definite program for his employees, and said he would buy a stamp for each of his employees to start off their cards. He said he would ask each employee to select the amount he would buy each week, and he would start each off with the first week's stamp. Others in the meeting agreed to follow this plan.

Dr. Reeves said stamps would be placed on sale in the school, and he suggested that the same plan might be put in effect in the schools, provided a small fund were raised to buy the first stamp for each child who agreed to participate. He estimated that 200 would possibly buy stamps, and he suggested that each be given a 10 cent stamp, the whole outlay for the plan amounting to $20.

Stewart said the campaign would not stop here, but would be organized throughout the county, in charge of local chairmen. Packing houses and other industrial plants have also been solicited to take part in the campaign to sell stamps, and promises of cooperation had been secured from all of these firms, he said.

Merchants and individuals represented at the meeting were: Stewart's, Hall's Dry Cleaners, The Sun, Dr. Reeves, S. G. Patterson for the A & P, F. E. Johns for the B & B; R. L. Brown, Dr. M. E. Jordon, Jordon & Son, Smith Hardware Co., Ott & Son, Florida Public Service Co., Earl Green's Service Station, Thayer's Jacaranda Drug Store, Ward's 5 and 10, Connell's Grocery, Jacaranda Hotel, Wolf's Economy Store.

Election Officials Named for Tuesday

The election board to serve at next Tuesday's city election has been named by the city council as follows:

C. R. Ginn, manager; C. L. Armstrong, Mrs. Lucille Shockley and Ben Stewart, clerks, and A. F. Helms, sheriff.

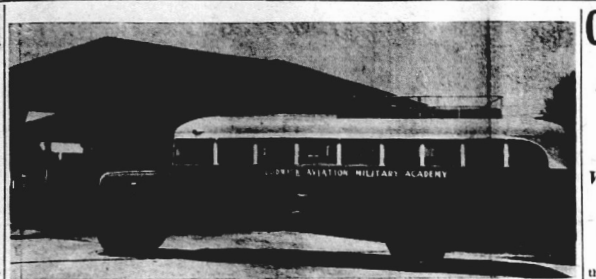
The city council purged the rolls at a special meeting Tuesday night.

PUBLIC SERVICE SELLS DEFENSE STAMPS

Florida Public Service Company is one of the first organizations in the state of Florida to cooperate with the Treasury Department in helping in the sale of Defense Savings Stamps. The Defense Stamps have been on sale in all Florida Public Service offices since the first of August. They are offered at the cashiers' desks for the convenience of the public. A brisk sale has been reported.

MRS. COEN'S BROTHER DIES

The many friends of Mrs. J. B. Coen will deeply sympathize with her in the death of her brother, H. W. Kent of Pine Bank, Pa., who passed away Saturday night, following a prolonged illness. Funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon. Beside Mrs. Coen, the deceased is survived by one other sister, Mrs. Minerva Hoy of Brave, Pa., and a brother, M. J. Kent.



THE NEW FORD BUS which will be used to transport the flying cadets of the Lodwick Aviation Military Academy from the Lodwick Inn (formerly Highland Lakes Hotel) to the Municipal Airport for their flight training. The embroyonic pilots will be housed at the Inn and receive their flight instruction at the Airport. The bus, which has an all steel body has accomodations for thirty two persons. It was purchased by Albert Lodwick, owner of the school from C. E. Lanier of the Avon Park Motor Company. It has a 194 inch wheelbase and a 95 horsepower motor.

Defense Council Members Are Finger-Printed

In accordance with the plans of the State Defense Council of Florida to fingerprint all volunteer defense workers in the state, the Highlands County Defense Council started last Friday with the assistance of Deputy Sheriff Broward Coker, to finger print its membership.

Mr. Coker, with one assistant, took duplicate fingerprints of 79 citizens. Over 100, tired of waiting their turn and went home, when told they could come back later and furnish their fingerprints.

J. Edgar Hoover, director of the FBI in cooperation with the SDC of Florida, had prepared a special National Defense Application card on which all civilians may be fingerprinted.

The cards, when completed, will be filed in Washington under a special "Defense Volunter" classification. This file will be maintained, we understand, long after the emergency is over and should serve in years to come as a memento to the patriots in Florida who so willingly volunteered their services in the interest of Civilian Defense.

Lieut. General Albert H. Blanding, former national guard commander, now SDC division chairman of civil protection, points out that "this plan will make it impossible for a known espionage agent or criminal with an arson record to remain undetected in an important position in the defense organization or in vital industrial employment."

Another useful purpose was outlined by Dr. G. S. Osincup, SDC division chairman for health and housing. "In case of disaster in peace time or emergency, it is difficult to identify the wounded and those who have lost their memories," Dr. Osincup said. "Fingerprinting will be valuable aid in reuniting these people with their families. There is no stigma attached to it, but it is a patriotic duty and opportunity."

The next step in the SDC fingerprinting project will be to extend the system into telephone exchanges, power plants, harbor facilities and other industrial and business establishments.

The Labor and Personnel Division of the SDC, Lisle Smith, Haines City, chairman, is cooperating with the health and housing and civil protection divisions in the fingerprinting program.

All members of the civil protection division must present themselves for fingerprinting or they will be dropped from the committee, the local chairman of this division announced this week.

DRIVERS' LICENSES ON SALE HERE TODAY

Driver's Licenses will be on sale this morning at Wells Motor company, as announced by County Judge T. A. McNicholas. Everyone is advised to bring their old licenses with them, when applying for new ones.

CHURCH OF CHRIST

Glenn R. Sheumaker, Evangelist

The Bible study starts at 10:00 a. m. Classes for all ages.

Regular worhip and communion service at 11:00 a. m. Evening service starts at 8:00 p. m. These are the last service to be conducted by Glenn R. Sheumaker before he returns to Freed-Hardeman College at Henderson, Tenn.

We invite you to come to the Church of Christ, the church that speaks where the Bible speaks and is silent where the Bible is silent.

J. M. Sealy Is New Manager of Park Theatre

J. M. Sealy of Tampa assumed the management of the Park theatre last week end, taking the place of Bill O'Neill, who has been local manager for some time. Mr. Sealy was formerly with the Florida Theatres, Inc., in Tampa.

He announced this week that the afternoon matinees will begin at 3:00 o'clock instead of 2:15, due to the opening of school.

He is married and his wife spent last week here. She expects to join him in the near future.

Pardee Files Quo Warranto Against H. G. Livingston

City Attorney S. C. Pardee has filed a quo warrante suit against Howard G. Livingston, Sebring attorney, who was retained some time ago by the city for collecting delinquent taxes. The case is set for a hearing before Circuit Judge D. O. Rogers in Sebring Monday afternoon at two o'clock.

In his bill Pardee says that he was duly elected city attorney; that the city council engaged him and that the city has no legal right to employ any other attorney without the consent of the city attorney.

The council attempted to oust Pardee several months ago, but failed to get a unanimous vote, which was necessary under the city charter to remove him from office. The council then took the collection of delinquent taxes out of his hands and employed Livingston to handle them. The city continues to pay Pardee the city attorney's salary of $50 a month.

School Board Requires Opening Devotional Service

The Highlands County School Board passed a resolution at a meeting Tuesday requiring all principals or teachers in charge of schools to hold a morning devotional service.

The resolution provides:

"First—That in the future it shall be the policy of this Board that each Principal of a school or teacher in charge of a school in Highlands County shall set aside on the regular daily schedule, the first period of twenty minutes of each morning to be used exclusively for the reading of passages of scripture, singing of religious or patriotic songs, followed by prayer and a short discourse of a spiritual or character-building nature, by the Principal or by some outside party who is particularly suited for this discourse; and no discourse shall be given of a controversial nature; that this program is not to be carried out by the students, but must always be in charge of the Principal or Assistant Principal.

"Second—That all teachers and students above the third grade be required to attend the above exercises.

"Third—That a twenty minute period shall be set aside so that fifteen minutes will be available for the above program.

"Fourth—That teachers of the first, second and third grades devote the first fifteen minutes of each morning to a similar program arranged to suit the tender ages of their pupils; this to be given in their individual rooms."

Auditor's Report Shows Condition Of Schools Good

Highlands County Board of Public Instruction received the commendation of State Auditor W. O. Gentry, who recently made an audit of the board's affairs. Excerpts from the report on his audit as of June 30, 1941, have this to say:

"Pursuant to assignment I have audited the accounts of the Board of Public Instruction, Highlands County for the period beginning July 1, 1939, following the close of the previous audit and ending June 30, 1941 and present this report thereon.

"The financial condition of the Board of Public Instruction is good. The funded debt position has been considerably improved during the audit period by refunding all of the issues of school districts lying entirely within Highlands County, thereby reducing the interest rate for all refunded issues to a straight 4 percent. While no payments have been made by the Board to DeSoto County on Highlands Countypro rata share of bonds issued by DeSoto County, the Board has agreed to a refunding program for these issues. It is understood that the details of this refunding are about complete and the actual refunding is expected to start in a very short time.

"Sinking fund requirements are adequate for present needs, and with due diligence the future requirements can be provided for.

"The finances of the schools have been administered by the Board with care and economy.

"Revenue during the audit period has been fairly constant. Receipts from the sale of investments in 1939-40 enabled the Board to erect some new buildings which were needed.

"Budgets have been properly prepared and adhered to. Records were in good condition."

TROPICAL SKATER



No, this isn't Sonja Henie in California. It's Ice-Capet Shirley Davies in the Tropical Garden of the Florida State Exhibit in Atlantic City.

County Board Attends Road Matters

Will Furnish Right of Way At Lake Annie

Roads and right-of-ways were the perplexing problems of the board of county commissioners at their meeting Tuesday and their job was not made any lighter when out of clear sky they learned that the county is being blamed for the delay in building the access road in to the Basic Flying School and for not keeping up the clay now serving as an access road.

John T. Bize of the state road department, appeared before the board requesting the county to furnish right-of-way for widening of road eight from the Lake Annie corner to the point where it junctions with federal route 19. The board passed a resolution to provide the right-of-way.

He stated that the road department wants to pave the connecting road at the same time 19 is paved. He gave as a reason for the need of the "Y" connection that it will be some time before 19 is built from that point north.

He stated that work will probably start in 30 days on the overpass at Lakemont and that deeds for the access road to the air base will be prepared at once but expressed fear that work will be held up on construction due to lack of WPA labor.

A complaint was made to the board that Jess Durrance had fenced a county road and put locked gates across the road. It was also stated that he had built a fence on the road. The board ordered the clerk to write Mr. Durrance requesting that the gates and fence be removed. Commissioner Jackson stated that the county had spent between $1,000 and $1,500 on the road.

The contract for removing buildings from the right-of-way at Lakemont was awarded to Walter Hygema on his bid of $1,447.60. Only one other bid was filed by J. R. Wadsworth for $2,925.

The board passed a resolution requesting the state road department survey and designate route of federal route 19 north of Avon Park and requesting location of route between Sbring and Avon Park. The resolution stated the county would furnish the right of way on either side of Lake Jackson.

In the afternoon, State Road Board member, J. F. Townsend, Major L. H. Rodieck, Joe D. Kinsey, and W. V. Higgins appeared before the board to discuss the problem of maintaining the access road to the government reservation.

During the discussion it developed that there was a misunderstanding as to who would maintain the road from DeSoto City to the air field after it was put in shape by the state with the help of the county when the work was first started on the air port.

The result of the discussion is that the county is supposed to maintain the road but neither the state nor county has funds to maintain it or put in the needed improvements.

It is believed that the Federal Bureau of Roads may help in the emergency and in the meantime, the county will bend every effort to keep the present access road open.

R. R. Porterfield Injured in Accident

The many friend of R. R. Porterfield, who with Mrs. Porterfield, is spending some time in Mundelein, Illinois, will regret to learn that he was injured in a recent unusual accident. As he was returning home from the village where he had gone to get a paper, and was just entering the private driveway to his home, a storm that had been threatening broke, and during a sudden flash of lightning, a branch from a tree fell through the car window, striking Mr. Porterfield causing him to lose control of his car, which went down a 25 foot ravine, rendering him unconscious. He later managed to climb up the embankment, and was able to reach his home, where at first his injuries seemed confined to cuts and bruises. However, it has developed there was some injury to one of his knees, which will confine him to his bed for five or six weeks.

Delinquent Taxes Must Be Collected Comptroller Says

Jacksonville, Sept. 4 (Special)—County Commissioners must anticipate the collection of at least 75 percent of tax delinquencies accumulating since the Murphy Act and both county-wide and school board millage levies must reflect these anticipations with comparable reductions in millage over and above other possibilities under the new statutes, Comptroller J. M. Lee announced following his session with the Duval county budget board and board of county commissioners here.

The rule means that after the county budgetary authorities decide the amounts needed they must deduct the amount of anticipated delinquent tax collections required and levy millage only for the balance—so that every dollar collected on delinquent taxes reduces by $1 the amount to be collected the coming year.

"Collections and millage levies are fully as important as assessments," Comptroller Lee stated. "Levies made and never collected amount to nothing.

"If delinquent taxes cannot be collected it is high time that all taxpayers definitely know it. But the truth of the matter is:

"Delinquent taxes can—I'm telling you, MUST be collected. Therefore, budget making boards must anticipate at least 75 percent of delinquent real estate taxes; their millage levies must clearly reflect same to the benefit of taxpayers; and they must follow through with a diligent collection campaign to the end that the money needed be provided.

"To do otherwise would mean the newly increased assessment values would fade into delinquent certificates at an added cost to those who consistently pay and render the entire program under the new tax revision laws a worthless and expensive experiment.

"Tax collectors are now clearing personal property rolls of delinquents in strict compliance with the law. If they can collect personal taxes—and they are doing so—a like vigorous campaign for collecting delinquent realty taxes by clerks of the circuit court, who are charged with this duty, would produce the same result.

"It has worked in counties that have treid it and results have proven that enormous delinquencies accumulate only as a result of lack of vigorous effort by courageous officials.

"My observation is that too many officials don't want to approach tax delinquents in an effort to collect because they fear the deliquents will become offended and not vote "right" in the next primary. But this is fallacy—generally and widely disproven in recent years. Failure to do the job is what voters are going to remember at the next primary.

"It is highly important to immediately initiate an aggressive drive to collect dilinquent taxes—for unless prompt and effective collection programs are applied to delinquencies while we still remember how it happened—the new increases in valuation will tend to lend color to the common excuse always used by tax delinquents that assessments and levies are too high and for that reason should be written off."

During 1940, there were in operation 37,943 miles of domestic air mail routes over which 59,190,838 miles were flown.



AMERICA ON GUARD!

Above is a reproduction of the Treasury Department's Defense Savings Poster, showing an exact duplication of the original "Minute Man" statue by famed sculptor Daniel Chester French. Defense Bonds and Stamps, on sale at your bank or post office, are a vital part of America's defense preparations.

Enrollment of 615 Pupils On Opening School

Attendance Is About Same As Last Year

Avon Park schools opened Thursday with an enrollment of 615 students, according to announcement today by Dr. Stanley N. Reeves, supervising principal. Of this number 309 are in the grammar school; 183 in junior high, and 123 in senior high. This registration is practically the same as that of last year, Dr. Reeves said.

Approximately 2,000 books were checked out Thursday and Friday by Assistant Harold Rowe, in charge of the book room.

There are eight new teachers in the faculty this year, James E. Crosby and Mr. Williams are in charge of the Vocational department; James A. Davis has been selected to teach English and History, and will also teach first year Spanish; R. T. Wood is a member of the high school faculty; Mrs. Freed Peden is in charge of the commercial department; Mrs. Phillip Boardman will teach 6th grade in place of Mrs. Sue Yates; Mrs. J. H. Singletary will teach fourth grade; and Mrs. Will Drawdy, second grade.

Girls working under the N. Y. A. Program will assist with the office work this year. Heretofore, there has been a paid secretary in the office, but as a measure of economy, there were no appointments, either here or in Sebring, for this position this year.

Lodwick Inn Is Being Renovated To House Cadets

Lodwick Inn, formerly the Highland Lakes Hotel, is undergoing extensive improvements to get it in readiness for the cadets of the Lodwick Aviation Military Academy who will be housed there. A crew of painters and decorators have been at work the past two weeks doing over the interiors. The dining room and the lobby are being finished in white and cream. The furniture is being refinished, and the entire hotel is being brightened up.

The kitchen is being furnished throughout, with new ranges, refrigeration, shelving and the latest of other equipment. H. K. Pettit, former manager of the Jacaranda Grill, has been employed as chef and will have charge of feeding the 200 cadets of the flying school. He took charge on September 1, and is overseeing the installation of new kitchen equipment.

Cal Pidgeon, director of academics is here. He will be in charge of the ground school. Byron Rice, who has been caretaker of the hotel property, has been retained by Lodwick and will be in charge of maintenance. He is now looking after the clearing of lots adjoining the property.

Announcement was made in Lakeland several days ago that Lodwick had purchased Darr's interest in the Lakeland School of Aeronautics, and is now sole owner of the school, which is now training British flyers. Darr has schools at Albany and Augusta, Ga.

SELECTEES LEAVE MONDAY

One volunteer and four selectees will report to the court house Monday afternoon, to go to Camp Blanding. The volunteer is Neil Robbins, 20, Lorida. Selectees are Marcus James Franklin, 22; Conklyn Wells Meriwether, 23, Avon Park; Edgar Lee Greene, Jr., 26, Sebring; and Samuel Joseph Hillhouse, 25, Sebring.

"GRANDPA" STRAUBEL COMES HOME

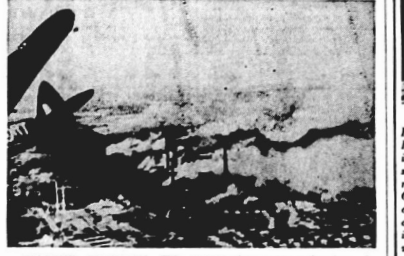
C. A. "Grandpa" Straubel, who has spent the summer at his former home in Green Bay, Wis., returned to Avon Park Thursday. Mr. Straubel celebrated his 100th birthday anniversary last May. He was accompanied home by Mrs. Florence Harsh.

WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS By Edward C. Wayne

British-Russian Forces Invade Iran In Drive to Foil Alleged Nazi Coup; Navy Takes Over Shipbuilding Plant; Fierce Battle Marks Russo-Nazi War

(EDITOR'S NOTE—When opinions are expressed in these columns, they are those of the news analyst and not necessarily of this newspaper.)

(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)



COLOGNE, GERMANY.—This picture gives a dramatic view of a recent sensational daylight air raid by the British Royal Air force on a huge power station in the vicinity of Cologne. The bombers flew at a height of less than 100 feet at times. Much of the smoke was caused by air raid missiles and many direct hits were scored. The planes then swept lower still to get photographs like this.

PRODUCE:
Or Else

While President Roosevelt struck out at critics who said that production was lagging, quoting chapter and verse, also war department figures to show Senator Byrd of Virginia that he had been misinformed, he also put the Kearny, N. J., shipyard back into production by ordering the navy to take over the plant.

Secretary Knox sent one of his admirals to take charge, and history, made when the army took over the North American Aviation plant, was repeated.

Yet there was said to be a difference in this latest plant seizure, in that the navy would not plan to relinquish it to the private owners after putting it in operation, but continue to operate it as a navy yard.

Thus the eventuality oddly enough sought by men and employer as well in this instance, was brought into being, an eventuality which the state authorities of New Jersey sought vainly and bitterly to prevent.

Sixteen thousand workers were affected, and the work on two cruisers, one almost ready for launching, six destroyers, three tankers and two freighters was halted, contracts adding up to $493,00,000, and awarded by the navy and the maritime commission.

The union was the International Union of Marine and Shipbuilding Workers of the C.I.O.

IRAN:
And Britain

The British demand on Iran that she expel all Nazi agents from her borders, and the Iranian refusal to obey, turned eyes again to the Middle East and Near East, and showed that Britain, conquerors of Syria with the aid of the Free French, realized the need of strengthening the position of her forces in that part of the world.

Few doubted the ability of the British, with the possible aid of the Russians, to take over little Persia, and present to the Nazis coming down from the Ukraine, or wishing to, a firmer front. It also would extend the common frontier with Turkey, and allow Ankara to have an excuse for maintaining a stronger pro-British neutrality.

Iran's fears were realized when British troops under the command of Gen. Archibald Wavell crossed into southern Iran and at the same time Soviet Russian forces moved into northern Iran from the Caucasus. There was resistance encountered, according to the early reports from the fighting fronts. London sources indicated that the movement into Iran came to foil a Nazi coup. The move was seen as a direct action to the refusal of the Iran to give a satisfactory reply to the British and Russian request that Germans be expelled from the country.

Iran was powerless militarily, though with an army technically measured at 120,000, to halt a British invasion in similar force to that which moved in on well-defended Syria, but she was in an important position geographically for Britain's Middle Eastern defense, believed one of the next tactical moves of the war, as the weather in northern Russia was about to lighten into winter temperatures and snows.

TRIPOLI:

The lengthening range of R.A.F. bombers was bringing the harbor of Tripoli, chief Mediterranean base for Nazi-Fascist operations in North Africa, more easily within reach.

Ports of the character of Tripoli being rare in northern Africa, the latest of these bombings, during which 25 tons of explosive were dropped, were said to show that the British are putting into effect a plan they believe utterly necessary—the preparation for the switching of a major Nazi offensive to Africa.

JAPAN:
'Not So Wide'?

The statement by Ambassador Nomura of Japan in Washington that the bridge between Japanese and American policy was not so wide that it could not be spanned was viewed as perhaps a sign of the weakening of Nippon.

It was recognized in both Britain and the United States that the far eastern menace of Japan was largely a war of nerves and a battle of bluff.

The Indo-China move both these nations could laugh off as a good joke provided it did not develop into one of two things—an invasion of Thailand, or a move against the Burma road.

Either of these eventualities, it was understood, could reasonably set fire to the powder magazine in the East, yet Japan made no such move, only issuing statements which were more and more bitter. Now Nomura was saying, after a 20-minute conference with Secretary Hull:

"He outlined the position of your government. I outlined the position of mine. No conclusions were reached.

"I believe the gap between the two can be bridged. It would be folly to do otherwise. I have a very strong conviction that it will be done, but I don't just know how."

And that, at least the "folly" part of it, was exactly what America and Britain had been preaching to Japan for weeks, since the start of the move into Indo-China. It offered room for hope that Japan might yet decline to be the Axis tool.

DEFENSE:
Of Leningrad

The defense of Leningrad, which apparently was to be undertaken by the Russians despite the belief of most observers that a military involvement of the city could only end in its total destruction, drew the eyes of the world, heralded by the dramatic announcements of Soviet leaders preparing everyone for the imminence of battle.

There was only one way to read this situation, and that was to understand that the Russian army resistance on the Finnish front and against the pincers attack from Latvia and the south was crumbling, that the soldiers were fighting rearguard actions and falling back on the Soviet's second city, and that the civilian population was being armed to fight it out.

Such a battle had been fought only once before in recent world history, and that was in Warsaw, and the pages of that battle were filled with stories of the glorious heroism of the defenders, and of the ruthless destruction of the city and thousands of its inhabitants in the course of the battle.

The story was to be even more bitter and terrible in Leningrad, not only, believed most observers, because of its greater size and population, but because of the fact that the German invaders undoubtedly were not so "hot" as they were before Warsaw, and the Leningraders were better prepared.

It seemed that the army retreating toward Leningrad was not, like the ill-fated Polish army; a rabble in a rout, but an orderly group whose losses might have been heavy, but which was moving backward slowly.

In fact, as the northern forces, under Voroshilov himself, were falling back, the Russian communiques told of encounters in the Smolensk area, although they had admitted the loss of the city days before, and some thought this might mean that the Reds were driving the Nazis back in the center.

On the southern front the Germans were consolidating their gains, and the battle of Odessa, sort of a foretaste of the battle-to-be at Leningrad, was admitted by the Germans to have been a hand-to-hand encounter of the bitterest sort.

Country Invaded



This is Shah Mirza Riza Pahlavi, 63-year-old ruler of Iran, whose country has been invaded by British and Russian troops. These countries moved in, they say, to prevent Germany from taking over the country. Also, Iran has rich oil fields that would prove of immense benefit to the Nazi war machine.

UNREST:
Growing in Europe

The picture of the growing unrest in Nazi-conquered Europe continued to be sketched in, with the reports ranging from the outbreaks in Vichy and Paris to the article written for the American Mercury by Otto Strasser, the "Black Front" leader, who declared there was more than a possibility of revolution within Germany during the coming winter.

Dramatic was the broadcast picked up from England in French to the people of France in which the British urged the saboteurs and revolters to hold back their chief revolt until a signal from Britain, and then to come out in force against the Nazis.

Their cue at present, the broadcast stated, was to continue to harass the war machine in small, secret ways, not in open, widespread revolt.

Yet the report was that the revolts were continuing, that Petain had set up courts-martial for saboteurs, and that opposition elements were being arrested by the thousands by Nazi soldiers and a corps of 16,000 French police.

Lieut. Gen. Von Schamburg, Paris commander, having taken thousands of civilians into custody as hostages, ordered that the prisoners be shot in numbers to correspond with the gravity of any offenses against the Nazi invaders.

Petain's courts-martial were invested with the right to give the death penalty, and the order was that the sentences be carried out immediately and without appeal rights for the prisoner involved.

Observers held that the severity of these measures was the true mark of the seriousness of the revolt. The Vichy courts were continuing to convict and sentence to death DeGaullists, although they were still at liberty, and fighting on one front or another.

GASOLINE:
Rations

Most stations in the East were beginning to ration their gasoline customers in odd sorts of ways, so that the driver who wanted gasoline badly enough could get it, if only at the rate of five gallons here and five more there.

But New York surveyors of the field reported that even the 7 p. m. to 7 a. m. curfew was working pretty well, with 100 key stations reporting a 19.4 per cent reduction in sales.

The second method was also cutting sales, though how much remained a mystery. It was believed probable that the better method would be to enlist the co-operation of the bigger users of gasoline, such as the delivery truckers, bus operators, etc., and also to force some political jobholders to stop using their state and city-owned cars for pleasure driving.

KENT:
A Junket

The duke of Kent, the king o. England's younger brother, having been the Atlantic, having flown from coast to coast over Canada, inspecting war work and training in the dominion, dropped in on President Roosevelt at Hyde Park, and then made a rapid trip over American defense centers.

His schedule brought him to New York, Hyde Park, Norfolk, Va., Washington, D. C., and Baltimore, Md., within a few days, and he reported himself vastly impressed with what he saw.

In the latter city, assembled and nearly ready for its test was a navy bomber so big that it made flying fortresses look like tugboats alongside an ocean liner.

Just as a pursuit ship could nestle under the wing of a medium two-motored bomber, the latter could sail under the wing of this new monster of the air, with a wing-spread about a block long, and an ability to fly when and where it pleased, perhaps to fight its way successfully through a squadron of enemy fighters and come through still flying.

Study New Plan For Interstate Trade Barriers

WASHINGTON—Interstate trade barriers are being lowered. Many state legislatures this year prevented the raising of new economic barriers to trade between the states, and some legislatures pulled down old barriers. Action was principally in the South, where Kentucky is now the only state having a maximum trucking load limit of only 18,000 pounds, gross weight. Elsewhere the load limit has been raised to 30,000 pounds or more.

Texas had a law requiring that the net loads on trucks could not exceed 7,000 pounds if the truck was to go past a railroad station. The load could be 14,000 pounds if the truck was going only to the nearest railroad. This law has been repealed, and the load limit raised to 38,000 pounds, gross weight . . . Alabama raised the load limit from 20,000 to 30,000 pounds.

Tennessee had a 10 cent tax on margarine. Now the tax applies only to margarine made of foreign oils . . . Mississippi has repealed its tax on retailers of margarine in that state . . . In New England, the states have initiated uniform rules on the movement of cattle with respect to Bang's disease . . . The story everywhere reveals a trend against trade barriers since the U. S. department of agriculture began its campaign against these barriers two years ago.

A special report issued by the bureau of agricultural economics in 1939—Barriers to Internal Trade in Farm Products—called attention to the rapid growth of discriminatory laws and regulations which have the effect of interstate tariffs and embargoes. The report showed that such laws and regulations are interfering seriously with the free movement and sale of farm products, raising the cost of marketing, increasing prices of food and clothing for the consumer, and lowering the consumption of these products.

Serious Trade Barriers.

Studies by a number of federal and state agencies have confirmed the bureau's findings, and have brought to light the existence of many serious trade barriers which were not covered in the bureau's report. At the 1939 sessions of the state legislatures many proposed additions to state barriers were adopted. The year—in 1941—when more than 40 state legislatures met, additional barriers were blocked or torn down.

"The removal of interstate trade barriers has become an important national issue," according to F. V. Waugh of the bureau of agricultural economics. "Farmers, dealers and consumers throughout the country want to see our marketing laws and regulations overhauled in such a way as to permit free trade without sacrificing any of the legitimate purposes of regulations. These legitimate purposes include the protection of public health, the prevention of the spread of insect pests and diseases, and the protection of highways from excessive damage."

Threaten Defense Program.

Mr. Waugh says, "There are some practical possibilities for eliminating the worst of the trade barriers in a given year. State commissioners of agriculture with whom some of these possibilities were discussed last December were very interested. Many of the state commissioners of agriculture believe that if federal and state officials could agree on a program there would be a real possibility of getting the necessary federal and state legislation this year. Also, that inasmuch as trade barriers represent an obvious threat to our defense program, now is an opportune time to push legislation for freer interstate trade."

Until about 25 years ago, nonuniform grades for farm products presented many serious trade barrier problems. For example, wheat which had been inspected and certified as to grade in the producing state might not be acceptable in markets outside the state. Potatoes rated as No. 1 grade in one market might be called No. 2 in another market and sold there at a discount. During the past 25 years this situation has been improved greatly through a program developed and carried out jointly by the federal and state departments of agriculture.

This program has accomplished two things: (1) It has brought about gradually more and more uniformity in the standards and grades used throughout the country; (2) it has provided an inspection service whose certificates of quality are accepted as passports in interstate commerce. A certificate showing that a carload of potatoes has been inspected and is up to the U. S. No. 1 standard is now accepted in any part of the country as an indication of the actual quality.

This standardization and certification service has virtually eliminated trade barriers that once existed because of differences in grading requirements and in inspection techniques for some of the principal agricultural products. Mr. Waugh suggests a similar program of federal-state co-operation to deal with other aspects of trade barriers.

Federal studies have shown that sanitary laws and regulations have set up a number of monopolistic and discriminatory trade barriers which restrict milk and cream sheds, raise prices to consumers, raise costs to producers, and arbitrarily deny many dairymen the opportunity to sell their products in the most profitable market. There seem to be two basic troubles with milk inspection at the present time: (1) Lack of uniformity in sanitary requirements; (2) the refusal of cities and states to accept outside inspections. These are the same problems which have been met rather successfully in the case of grading.

Mr. Waugh says that "greater uniformity is needed in sanitary requirements," is likewise important as an occupation, and as a source of food supply.

Although 50 per cent of the Japanese people still earn their livelihood from the soil, Japan has become a highly industrialized country. Abundant available water power is utilized to operate hydro - electric plants. The cotton textile, silk, rayon, woolen, metal, machinery, shipbuilding, chemical, electrical, and pottery industries of Japan rank high among those of the great manufacturing nations of the world.

Foreign Trade.

Only in a few products, such as silk, aquatic goods, camphor, does Japan occupy a unique position as a world supplier. For the most part, Japan has risen as an export nation and as an industrial power by the fabrication of goods from foreign supplies of raw materials. Raw cotton from the United States, British India, Egypt and other sources, carried to Japan, has been re-exported as cotton piece goods. Wood pulp imports make possible Japan's rayon industry. Wool from Australia, and rubber from British Malaya and Netherlands East Indies also are essential raw material imports for Japanese industries.

Since July, 1937, no detailed data have been published in Japan on imports of mineral oils, ores and metals, fire arms, automobiles, explosives, certain chemicals, and certain classes of machinery. Since September, 1940, the publication of all detailed trade figures in Japan has been discontinued. For the first nine months of 1940 principal Japanese imports by value were: raw cotton, 386,487,000 yen; oils, fats, waxes, and manufactures thereof (principally mineral oils), 237,306,000 yen; beans and peas, 86,490,000 yen; coal, 85,543,000 yen; sheep's wool, 85,320,000 yen; salt, 42,057,000 yen; and pulp for artificial silk, 41,421,000 yen.

Japanese War-Birds Wing Towards China



The Nippponese bombers in the air, as shown in the above picture, location not given, are outward bound on a raid over Chinese positions, held by troops of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, according to Japanese military authorities. Hundreds of ships similar to the ones shown in this fleet are reported being flown into new bases, by the Japs, for possible use in French Indo-China territory. Here, it is believed, is the section the little brown men will use as a springboard for possible attack on Singapore and the Dutch East Indies.

Japanese Empire Exports Little—Imports Heavily

The Japanese empire comprises four principal islands, the combined area of which, 147,701 square miles, is less than that of California. The northern-most, Hokkaido, is about the same size as Maine. The main island, Honshu, is larger in square miles than Minnesota. The southern-most island of the main group, Kyushu, is somewhat larger than the combined areas of Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut. Shikoku, which encloses the Inland sea, is not as large as New Jersey.

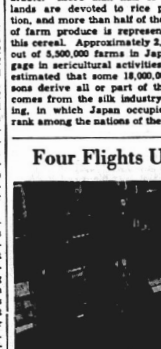
Including Taiwan (Formosa), Chosen (Korea), Kwantung Leased Territory, Bokoto (Pescadores) and the Mandated islands, the Japanese empire occupies an area of 260,704 square miles, slightly smaller than the state of Texas.

Population of the Japanese empire in 1940 numbered 105,226,101 persons, of which 73,114,308 persons were inhabitants of Japan Proper. Largest centers of population are on the main island, Honshu. The capital, Tokyo, which is also the business and financial center of the country, is second to New York as the world's largest city, with a population in 1940 of 6,778,804 persons. (Prior to the exodus during the war, London's estimated population was in excess of 8,000,000 however.

Second largest city in Japan is the commercial and industrial city of Osaka, with a population of 3,252,340 persons. Nagoya is the third largest city with a population of 1,328,084 persons. Kyoto, the capital of Japan prior to 1868, has a population of 1,089,729, and the port cities of Kobe and Yokohama have 967,234 and 968,091 persons respectively.

Japan is mountainous, with most of the land suitable only for forestry. Only about 16 per cent of the total area of Japan Proper is arable. More than half of arable lands are devoted to rice production, and more than half of the value of farm produce is represented by this cereal. Approximately 2,000,000 out of 5,500,000 farms in Japan engage in horticultural activities. It is estimated that some 18,000,000 persons derive all or part of their income from the silk industry. Fishing, in which Japan occupies first rank among the nations of the world,

Four Flights Up



Rex, the cat, shown in the upper right section, has reached the top of a four-story clothes pole, and appears more comfortable than the ASPCA man who is trying to rescue the feline, while the neighborhood gives vocal encouragement. The incident, which took place in New York city, had a happy ending. Rex was saved by a special mooring gadget in the hands of the ASPCA official and still has all his nine lives.

Farm Lands Sell Briskly as War Creates Demand

MINNEAPOLIS.—Farms are selling faster than at any time since the depression—selling to tenant farmers who can't find satisfactory land available for rent; selling to factory workers who want to raise part of their food; selling to inflationminded business men and harried investors; and to city families who want a cushiony retirement spot in case of personal or national economic troubles.

Few present farmer-owners are adding to their acreage now because the combination of the draft and industrial labor demand is making it difficult for them to get enough help to operate the acres they already own. Therefore unimproved farm land generally has not shown the run-up in sales enjoyed by farms complete with buildings, according to this study by the Northwestern National Life Insurance company.

Improvement in sales of farms is nation-wide; over three-fourths of the farm realty agencies reporting in the survey, with sales offices in 33 agricultural states, report sales definitely increased compared with preceding years, with more all-cash deals, with adequate down payments easier to get, and with dealings active in the better class farms, instead of being largely confined to distress properties as in past years, the study finds.

Says the vice president of a New York farm realty company with sales agencies from coast to coast:

"April, May, June and July of this year gave us the largest number of sales we have had during any like period in the past nine years. Approximately 90 per cent of the sales we are making are cash on delivery of deed.

"A great many people want to purchase fairly good properties that may be operated by a tenant or manager, with the idea that later on they may use this farm property as a so-called 'security home.'" The realty concern states, "We note that many city people who never thought of owning a farm are becoming interested."

From a Baltimore real estate firm: "We are literally flooded with inquiries for small farms and small country properties, and we find the supply to be scarce."

★ MOROLINE HAIR TONIC
NON-SKID. NON-SLIP BOTTLE - 10¢

Thinking and Feeling

With most of us feeling dulls into thinking as we progress along the road, and woe to that man who has never learned to think, for if he lives into old age he will be a plague to himself and a nuisance alike to those who think, or feel.

Nervous Restless Girls! Cranky? Restless? Can't sleep? Tire easily? Because of distress of monthly functional disturbances? Then try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Pinkham's Compound is famous for relieving pain of irregular periods and cranky nervousness due to such disturbances. One of the most effective medicines you can buy today for this purpose—made especially for women. WORTH TRYING!

Independence of Opinion

It is easy in the world to live after the world's opinion; it is easy in solitude to live after our own; but the great man is he who in the midst of the crowd keeps with perfect sweetness the independence of solitude.—Emerson.

TO CHECK MALARIA IN 7 DAYS take 666

As We Look

It was John Ruskin who said it long ago, but it is still true that the man who looks for the crooked things will see the crooked things, and the man who looks for the straight will see the straight.

That Nagging Backache

May Warn of Disordered Kidney Action

Modern life with its hurry and worry, irregular habits, improper eating and drinking—its risk of exposure and infection—throws a heavy extra load on the work of the kidneys. They are apt to become over-taxed and fail to filter waste and other impurities from the life-giving blood.

You may suffer nagging backache, headache, dizziness, getting up nights, leg pains, swelling—feel constantly tired, nervous, all worn out. Any of these may be signs that the kidneys need help.

Try Doan's Pills. Doan's help the kidneys in cases of kidney dysfunction. They have had more than half a century of public approval. Are recommended by grateful users everywhere. Ask your neighbor!

DOAN'S PILLS

Despised Danger

Danger comes the sooner when it is despised.—Syrus.

Preferred by SOUTHERNERS in New York City

More and more Southerners are making the Collingwood their home in New York. They like its convenient location just off Fifth Avenue, and the cheerfully furnished rooms each with radio and shower.

SINGLES from $2.50
Double from $3.50

Special weekly and monthly rates
TWO DELMONTICO RESTAURANTS
Under Hotel Management
HOTEL COLLINGWOOD
J. ROBERT GRACEY Manager
Collingwood
on west 55th st. NEW YORK

WNU—7 36—41

We Can All Be EXPERT BUYERS

● In bringing us buying information, as to prices that are being asked for what we intend to buy, and as to the quality we may expect, the advertising columns of this newspaper perform a worth while service which saves us many dollars a year.

● It is a good habit to form, the habit of consulting the advertisements every time we make a purchase, even if we have already decided just what we want and where we are going to buy it. It gives us the most satisfaction living in the world: the feeling of being adequately prepared.

● When we go into a store, prepared beforehand with knowledge of what is offered and of what price, we go as an expert buyer, filled with self-confidence. It is a pleasant feeling to have, the feeling of adequacy. Most of the unhappiness in the world can be traced to a lack of this feeling. This advertising shows another of its manifold facets—shows itself as an aid toward making all our business relationships more secure and pleasant.

SEP 6 - 1941

Hearing Sense May Guide Blind

Unusual Ability to Avoid Obstacles Is Subject of Experimentation.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—Dr. Karl M. Dallenbach, psychology professor at Cornell university, believes the so-called "sixth sense" that enables the blind to avoid obstacles in their paths is in reality the sense of hearing.

In an interview, aided by Michael Supa, a blind graduate student in psychology who serves as his assistant, Dr. Dallenbach said that in experiments conducted by them at Cornell it was found a blind person becomes aware of an object before he touches it.

"After an investigation involving more than 1,700 experiments," Dallenbach said, "we have come to the conclusion that what has been called the 'sixth sense,' 'telesthesia,' the 'warning sense,' the 'obstacle sense'—to mention but a few of the catch phrases—is in reality the sense of hearing.

Sight vs. Blindness.

On one occasion the Cornell psychologist experimented with four people—two totally blind and two possessing normal vision but serving blindfolded. Previous to the experiment, the blind subjects asserted that they were able to distinguish the presence of obstacles. In fact, both of them maintained they used this ability every day as a matter of necessity. The sighted subjects, on the other hand, doubted at the outset that they would be able to note the presence of obstacles in their paths.

"In that experiment," Supa said, "we had to devise a measurement whereby we could determine the accuracy with which the subject perceived objects and whereby we could compare the performances from trial to trial, and from individual to individual. To establish such a measurement we had the subject walk toward a movable wall, the position of which was varied from trial to trial."

Each subject was instructed to walk toward the wall until he first perceived its presence, the assistant said. The distance between the place where the subject stopped and the wall was noted, and the subject was then told to move forward until he was as close to the wall as possible without coming in contact with it. The first distance divided by the second distance yielded the ratio that was used as a standard of measurement.

Ratio Worked Out.

Such a ratio was a good measurement because at the outset the sighted subjects, fearful lest they run into the wall, would sometimes stop 20 feet from the object and then move up a foot or two. This would give an exceedingly low ratio when compared with the results of those who stopped first nine feet, and then walked up to within three inches of the wall.

When the subjects were asked how they were able to perceive the wall some said they were able to detect it only when there were sounds of some sort present. Others asserted that they "felt" the wall.

The possibility of pressure sensations reaching the face were eliminated by a veil of heavy felt. The veil was constructed to cover the entire face without coming into contact with it. The subjects as a group, however, were able to detect the wall almost as accurately as before.

Silkless Stockings



The girls above show what Miss America may wear in the future in lieu of silk hosiery. Their limbs are clad in the new Tabarin cotton stockings. Since the U. S. froze all silk stocks for defense needs and halted trade with Japan, hosiery manufacturers have been striving to find a substitute. Mr. Roy E. Stiles, president of a hosiery company believes he has found one answer as shown by these models.

Smoky Stories by Thornton W. Burgess

MRS. GROUSE AND JUMPER HOLD THEIR BREATH

Hold your breath and hold it hard,
As Mrs. Grouse and Jumper did,
And learn how close the hunter came
To where a-shake with fear they hid.

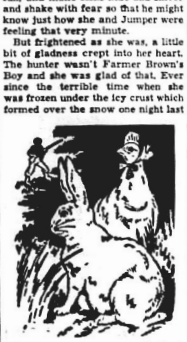
IT WAS very trying. My, my, my, I should say so! It was very trying indeed. Peeping out from under a thick low growing branch of a hemlock tree Mrs. Grouse and Jumper the Hare watched a man with a terrible gun coming nearer and nearer. Now if it had been Reddy Fox or Old Man Coyote coming Mrs. Grouse would have felt sure that she could trust to her strong wings to take her out of danger and Jumper the Hare that he could depend upon his long legs in case they were discovered. But a man with a terrible gun was a very different matter. Shot from that terrible gun could go so much faster than Mrs. Grouse could fly or Jumper could run that they would have very little chance of getting away unhurt, and they knew it.

Jumper had whispered to Mrs. Grouse to sit perfectly still, and this she was the very best thing they could do. The hunter didn't know that they were there and if he didn't happen to look under that hemlock branch he might go right past without ever knowing that they were anywhere near. So in sitting perfectly still they were doing the very wisest and best thing.

But it was hard work, the very hardest kind of hard work. With every approaching step of the hunter it became harder. Mrs. Grouse set herself to spring into the air if they should be discovered, shut her mouth tightly and held her breath. Jumper the Hare set his long hind-legs under him ready for a sudden jump, laid his long ears back and held his breath.

Nearer and nearer came the hunter, his terrible gun across the hollow of one arm. He looked this way and that way and the other way. He was looking for Mrs. Grouse and she knew it. It seemed to her as if he must hear the thumping of her heart. Her bright eyes grew dark with fear as she watched him. It seemed to her she must, simply MUST fly. She couldn't understand how it was possible for that great man to look so happy, for he did look happy, when he was filling others with such awful fear. She almost wished that a great giant would come hunting HIM just for fun, and make HIM hide and shiver and shake with fear so that he might know just how she and Jumper were feeling that very minute.

But frightened as she was, a little bit of gladness crept into her heart. The hunter wasn't Farmer Brown's Boy and she was glad of that. Ever since the terrible time when she was frozen under the icy crust which formed over the snow one night last winter and Farmer Brown's Boy had found her and fed her and been good to her, she had a kindly feeling for him, and somehow, no matter what others said, she had a feeling way down in her heart that never again would he hunt her with his terrible gun as he once had done.



Nearer and nearer came the hunter, his terrible gun across the hollow of one arm.

The hunter was so close now that he actually brushed the tip of the hemlock branch under which they were hiding. Would he look under? Mrs. Grouse held her breath and Jumper held his breath and both felt as if they must scream. He was half turning now. Would he look under? If he did, would he be able to kill both of them? Why didn't he go on? But he didn't. He stood still right in front of their hiding-place with his back to them and rested the butt of his terrible gun on the ground.

"I certainly ought to find that grouse somewhere around here," said the man, talking aloud to himself.

(Associated Newspapers—WNU Service.)

Minute Make-Ups

By V. V.



Remember that after your tan begins to fade, your summer suntan powder isn't going to match your face. Keep adding lighter powder to it, a little each week, till your skin is back to its natural creamy tone. Then, of course, it will be time to shop for a flattering new powder.

(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

Railroad Watchdog Dies in Line of Duty

SYRACUSE.—A yellow mongrel dog is dead after five years of warning motorists of approaching trains at a crossing.

Immediately, on hearing an approaching train, the animal would run into the highway and herd motorists back.

It was killed by an automobile, while chasing another dog.

New Liquid Coal Adds to Ship's Cruising Range

STATE COLLEGE, PA.—A new method of making liquid coal, by which coal is dissolved more completely than ever before, was reported at Pennsylvania State college. The new fluid, when 40 per cent of it is mixed with oil, makes a hotter fire than either coal or oil alone.

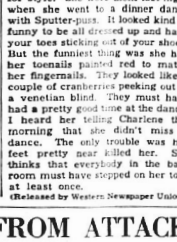
The process was discovered by Dr. Walter M. Fuchs, professor of fuel technology. A United States patent has been assigned by him to the Pennsylvania research corporation, an affiliate of the college.

The liquid coal-oil fuel promises to increase the cruising range of ships. Although heat from coal generally is cheaper than from oil, it is possible to carry more of the liquid fuel on shipboard because it permits better use of bunker space. The coal-oil mixture can be stored under a water seal, thus reducing fire risks, and in event of fire, extinguishing by water is possible.

To make the liquid, bituminous coal is treated with acids. These extract what chemists sometimes call the coal substance, which is a complex mixture of hundreds of chemicals. The extraction gets rid of mineral matter and ash. In final form the coal substance is dissolved in furfural, an inexpensive chemical available from agricultural wastes such as oat hulls, and bran.

Chester the Pup

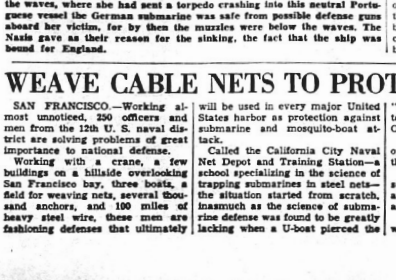
By GEORGE O'HALLORAN



CLARA bought a new pair of shoes yesterday and I thought she got cheated. They didn't have any toes in them but it seems to be anything for style. She wore them last night when she went to a dinner dance with Sputter-puss. It looked kind of funny to be all dressed up and have your toes sticking out of your shoes. But the funniest thing was she had her toenails painted red to match her fingernails. They looked like a couple of cranberries peeking out of a venetian blind. They must have had a pretty good time at the dance. I heard her telling Charlene this morning that she didn't miss a dance. The only trouble was her feet pretty near killed her. She thinks that everybody in the ballroom must have stepped on her toes at least once.

(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

One Ship Arises as Another Goes Down



The "steel fish" shown above is rescuing survivors of the ship she has just sent to the bottom of the Atlantic. Popping up from beneath the waves, where she had sent a torpedo crashing into this neutral Portuguese vessel the German submarine was safe from possible defense guns aboard her victim, for by then the muzzles were below the waves. The Nazis gave as their reason for the sinking, the fact that the ship was bound for England.

Scott Field Selectee Reports; He's 'Colonel'

BELLEVILLE, ILL.—The receiving officer at Scott Field glanced up at the young man who appeared before him and said crisply:

"Name?"

"I'm Colonel Yates," the man replied.

The officer got to his feet quickly, then said suspiciously:

"Aren't you a little young to be a colonel, sir?"

Yates grinned and handed him an identification form, and answered, "Yes, sir. Colonel is my first name."

The officer looked at the form and read: "Colonel Yates, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Yates, West Salem, Ill. Selectee transferred from Camp Grant."

'Seeing Eye' Cat

George H. Spicer of Hollywood owns a "seeing eye" cat, reveals the American magazine. It is a black Persian named Sammy. The cat acts as a guide for his master's blind pekingese dog.

WEAVE CABLE NETS TO PROTECT PORTS FROM ATTACK

SAN FRANCISCO.—Working almost unnoticed, 250 officers and men from the 12th U. S. naval district are solving problems of great importance to national defense.

Working with a crane, a few buildings on a hillside overlooking San Francisco bay, three boats, a field for weaving nets, several thousand anchors, and 100 miles of heavy steel wire, these men are fashioning defenses that ultimately will be used in every major United States harbor as protection against submarine and mosquito-boat attack.

Called the California City Naval Net Depot and Training Station—a school specializing in the science of trapping submarines in steel nets—the situation started from scratch, inasmuch as the science of submarine defense was found to be greatly lacking when a U-boat pierced the "wonderful" Scapa Flow defenses to sink the British battleship Royal Oak.

New type nets are being developed, so are new systems of laying them and keeping them in position.

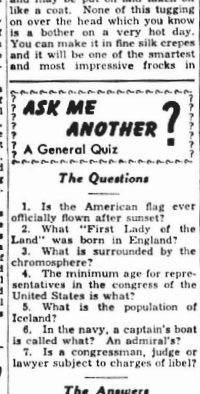
The nets are weaved by cables in sections and are stored. When they are to be put to use, the sections are joined by a large clamp.

A crane lifts them out to the water's edge and anchors are attached to pull them down to the proper depths. Floats hold the nets while they are being towed to their positions and later serve as markers.

The defense against the mosquito fleet — torpedo boats — consists of floating rafts, similar to log booms, a system first used in this country during the American Revolution. It is expected to be sufficient protection.

PATTERNS SEWING CIRCLE





1435-B

THIS is a dress you'll love for summer wear, because it buttons all the way down the front and may be put on and taken off like a coat. None of this tugging on over the head which you know is a bother on a very hot day. You can make it in fine silk crepes and it will be one of the smartest and most impressive frocks in your entire wardrobe. For this style is dignified by a very pretty collar arrangement — a ruffled edge collar to be worn under the dress revers, so that just the ruffling shows. Send for Pattern No. 1435-B at once, and make it your next new dress.

Make this dress in any pastel or dark colored crepe, or in a pin dot cotton or silk crepe. Then the contrast of a white ruffle around the collar will stand out prettily. If the dress is to be of a printed crepe the ruffle might be of Irish crochet or Valenciennes lace; if it is a plain color the ruffle may be of organdy or net.

* * *

Barbara Bell Pattern No. 1435-B is in sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48. Size 36 takes 4⅞ yards 39-inch material, ⅛ yard organdy to trim. Send your order to:

SEWING CIRCLE PATTERN DEPT.
Room 1324
311 W. Wacker Dr. Chicago
Enclose 15 cents in coins for
Pattern No. ..... Size .....
Name .....
Address .....

What Foch Told General Who Couldn't Hold Line

There is a fine story being told of Marshal Foch.

One day during the last war when the position of things was critical and further retreat would have endangered the whole line, one of his divisional generals sent him a message saying that he could not continue to hold a certain line of trenches which had become untenable.

In reply, the marshal sent him this message:

"If you cannot hold on, you must advance."

It is a great motto for life, and the power to advance in such circumstances is where the great test comes.

ASK ME ANOTHER?

A General Quiz

The Questions

1. Is the American flag ever officially flown after sunset?
2. What "First Lady of the Land" was born in England?
3. What is surrounded by the chromosphere?
4. The minimum age for representatives in the congress of the United States is what?
5. What is the population of Iceland?
6. In the navy, a captain's boat is called what? An admiral's?
7. Is a congressman, judge or lawyer subject to charges of libel?

The Answers

1. Yes, but only on the Capitol, the House and Senate Office buildings, in Washington.
2. Mrs. John Quincy Adams was born in London of an American father.
3. The sun (a mass of incandescent gases).
4. U. S. representatives must be 25 years of age.
5. The last census (December 31, 1938) gave 118,868.
6. A gig. A barge.
7. While performing official duties, a congressman, judge, or lawyer may say or write malicious and untrue things about a person without being subject to charges of libel.

BEAT HEAT

Dust with cooling Mexican Heat Powder. Dust in shoes. Relieves and eases ache, and sunburn. Great for heat rash. Get Mexican Heat Powder.

Need of Enthusiasm

Nothing great was ever achieved without enthusiasm.—Emerson.

GET THIS BIBLE FREE!

For over 70 years, grateful users have preferred Wintersmith's Tonic for Malaria. We want YOU to try Wintersmith's—therefore offer you this complete 761-page Holy Bible, FREE, if you'll send us two small Wintersmith cartons tops (or 1 large carton top). Just mail to Wintersmith Chemical Co., Inc., 650 Hill Street, Louisville, Kentucky.



WINTERSMITH'S TONIC for Malaria

Easing the Load

That load becomes light which is cheerfully borne.—Old.

FAMOUS ALL-BRAN MUFFINS. EASY TO MAKE. DELICIOUS!

They really are the most delicious muffins that ever melted a pat of butter! Made with crisp, toasted shreds of KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN, they have a texture and flavor that have made them famous all over America.

KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN MUFFINS

2 tablespoons shortening	¼ cup milk
¼ cup sugar	1 cup flour
1 egg	½ teaspoon salt
1 cup All-Bran	2½ teaspoons baking powder

Cream shortening and sugar, add egg and beat well. Stir in All-Bran and milk; let soak until most of moisture is taken up. Sift flour with salt and baking powder; add to first mixture and stir only until flour disappears. Fill greased muffin pans two-thirds full and bake in moderately hot oven (400°F.) about 30 minutes. Yield: 6 large muffins, 3 inches in diameter, or 12 small muffins, 2¼ inches in diameter.

Try these delicious muffins for dinner tonight or for tomorrow morning's breakfast. They're not only good to eat, they're mighty good for you as well. For several of these muffins will add materially to your daily supply of what physicians call "bulk" in the diet, and thus help combat the common kind of constipation that is due to lack of this dietary essential. Eat ALL-BRAN every day (either as a cereal or in muffins), drink plenty of water, and see if you don't forget all about constipation due to lack of "bulk." ALL-BRAN is made by Kellogg's in Battle Creek.

Once Begun—

Dignity increases more easily than it begins.—Seneca.



Spare Moments

The art of wisely using the spare five minutes, the casual vacancies or intervals of life, is one of the most valuable we can acquire.—W. E. Lecky.



THE SMOKE OF SLOWER-BURNING CAMELS CONTAINS

28% LESS NICOTINE

than the average of the 4 other largest-selling cigarettes tested—less than any of them—according to independent scientific tests of the smoke itself

CAMEL—THE CIGARETTE OF COSTLIER TOBACCOS

Folks You Know . .

Mrs. Mary Holcomb had as her guest over the holiday week end, Miss Isabel Miles of Bartow.

Mrs. J. E. Crosby, accompanied by Mrs. Ed Barker of Sebring spent Wednesday in Lakeland.

Miss Elizabeth Hetherington is spending the week end with friends in Orlando.

Mrs. M. V. Pitcher and daughter, Miss Madge Pitcher, and son, Johnnie, returned home Saturday from Otero, N. C., where they have spent the past several weeks on a pleasant vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Davis spent the holiday week end in Daytona Beach.

Harry Norton of Bartow is the guest of his sister, Mrs. J. A. Johnson and family.

Mrs. H. H. Shepherd spent yesterday and today in Bartow, with her sister, Mrs. M. T. Suggs.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Zipperer of Lake Wales were guests for the week end of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Shepherd.

Mrs. Neal Trent and son, Neal Trent, Jr., of Jacksonville, who formerly resided here visited friends over the week end.

Miss Jane Coogler returned to her home in Brooksville last week end, after visiting Miss Jane Clement, for several days.

Miss Ruth Wild will leave Monday for Tallahassee to continue her studies at Florida Woman's College.

Bobby Rouse, son of Mrs. Nan Rouse left yesterday for Gainesville, Ga., to enter Riverside Military Academy for the fall term.

Mrs. E. B. Vann and daughter and son, Ann and Edward retured home last Saturday from a visit with relatives in Raleigh, N. C.

Charles Sherman is leaving today for Gainesville to enter the University of Florida for his senior year.

Miss Dot Hughs will leave Sunday night for Tallahassee, where she will enter Florida State College for Women for her senior year.

Mrs. W. S. Martin and son, Walter, returned home Saturday from a two weeks visit with relatives in Atlanta and Marietta, Ga.

Miss Julia Norfleet, high school teacher, arrived this week from her home in Bradenton, and will again reside at the Jacaranda hotel this season.

Mrs. Ola L. Head, who has been visiting in Washington, D. C., has gone to Cambridge, Ohio, where she will spend the winter with relatives.

Miss Josephine Brown returned to her home in Lakeland Wednesday, after spending the past two weeks here, as the guest of Miss Helen Jarrett.

Mrs. Frank Bates and daughter, Miss Ann Endora Bates of Arcadia, former Avon Park residents, were guests of the L. D. McGiboneys on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Wood and baby have rented the J. H. McClelland home, and moved there last week to reside. Mr. Wood is a member of the high school faculty.

Miss Jane Hartt returned home Tuesday from a delightful visit, since last Friday, with Mr and Mrs. Fred Keune at their home in Miami.

William Hauptmann left Thursday for Asheville, N. C., to spent about ten days with Mrs. Hauptmann, who is enjoying a vacation at the Hotel Asheville.

Misses Dorothy and Irene Selph of Sarasota, who have been the house guests of the Mark Smith family, returned home on Sunday. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Smith, their daughters, Misses Louise and Margaret Smith and Miss Ophelia Dean, who spent the day in Sarasota at their home.

Mrs. W. F. Groover, who has been staying with her daughter, Mrs. Lawrence Ford, left last week end for a visit with relatives in Heflin, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward G. Touchton, who have spent the past month in Avon Park, will leave next week for their home in Memphis, Tenn.

Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Elliott, who have enjoyed a month's vacation in Bristol, Va. with their son and daughter in law, Mr. and Mrs. Douglass Elliott, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Walker and Miss Lulah Wright who have been vacationing at Byrd Lodge, Avon Park, expect to return to Bartow Monday.—Tuesday's Bartow Record.

Mrs. D. S. Waters and son, D. S. Waters, Jr., Mrs. George Fugate and daughter, Joan of Alachua, were the guests Sunday and Monday of Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Kinsey.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Longbottom and two children, Lynn and Sammy returned home the latter part of last week from a vacation of three weeks, which they spent in Ridgecrest, N. C.

Miss Martha Loy Watts and Miss Margaret Irby of Haines City returned to their homes on Thursday, after spending several days here, as guests of Mrs. H. R. Douberley.

Mrs. W. H. Yates, who has spent the past several months on an enjoyable vacation in Washington, D. C., where she was the house guest of her friend, Mrs. G. B. Huss, returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Ruth Dout and two children, Bill and Ruth of Orlando, were house guests of Mrs. Nan Rouse and family last week end. Mrs. Rouse accompanied them back to Orlando Sunday night, and returned home on Tuesday.

Miss Iva Phillips, who has spent the summer in Milton, and at points in Alabama, has returned here to resume her duties as a member of the grammar school faculty. Miss Phillips will make her home at the Lakeview apartments.

Mr. and Mrs. A J.. Turner and small son, Bobby will leave next Saturday for their home in Fort Worth, Texas, after a pleasant visit with Mrs. Turner's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Lockett and her sister, Mrs. Milford Dilley and family.

Mrs. C. T. Glisson, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Peeples at the Mid-State hotel for the past two weeks left for Tampa on Tuesday, where she took an Eastern Airlines plane for Baltimore, Md., to join her husband, who has accepted a position there.

Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Kinsey had as their guests the latter part of last week, Mrs. Kinsey's brother and sister in law, Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Clemons of Miami, and her sister, Mrs. Clyde M. Saucer and son, Clyde Saucer, Jr., of Jacksonville.

Mrs. B. F. Martin, C. B. Martin and Mrs. Devon Reddick and her son, Dickie, spent the Labor Day holidays with Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Smith and family at their home in Tampa. They were joined in Lakeland by Mrs. Julius O. Blake.

Miss Elizabeth Green of Port Orange, member of the grammar school faculty, arrived this week and will stay at the Jacaranda hotel. Miss Green has visited in Atlanta and Brunswick, Ga., during the summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Wright and daughter, Sylvia Louise have rented the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Peden, where they formerly resided before moving into their new home on West Main street. Mr. Wright is project engineer for the State Road Department.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Welch will leave Monday for a visit with relatives in West Virginia, Tennessee, and Kentucky. They will be accompanied as far as Jacksonville by Mrs. Nellie White, who, after a visit there, will continue on to Illinois and Kentucky to visit relatives for several months.

Misses Barbara and Nancy Betts, students at Brenau College, Gainesville, Ga., left yesterday to visit friends for several days, before entering school next Thursday. Miss Betts will be the guest of Mrs. S. M. Gower in Toccoa, Ga., and Miss Nancy Betts will visit Miss Phyllis Yates in Chelvy, N. C. Miss Betts will enter Brenau for her senior year, and Miss Nancy Betts will be a sophomore.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Dorminey of Fort Lauderdale spent the Labor Day holidays here with friends. They left Tuesday for a visit with relatives in Alabama, and were accompanied by their daughter, Miss Sujette Dorminey, who has been the guest of friends here for the past two weeks.

Miss Julia Norfleet of Bradenton has returned to Avon Park to continue as a teacher in the library department of the school. Miss Norfleet has enjoyed a visit to Havana, Cuba during her summer vacation. She will stay at the Jacaranda hotel this winter.

Miss Janet Cook of Winter Haven, a member of the high school faculty, has returned here to assume her duties at the opening of the fall term. Miss Cook has been attending the summer session of Columbia University, N. Y. She will be located at the Jacaranda hotel this winter.

Miss Sarah Browning, who attended summer school at the University of Washington in Seattle, has returned to Avon Park to resume her work in the school as Home Economics instructor. Miss Browning also visited in Houston, Texas and in Columbus, Ga. She will stay at the Jacarada this winter.

Miss Alma Harrell, a member of the grammar school faculty, returned to Avon Park the first of the week. She has spent the summer in Quitman and Atlanta, Ga., and at Daytona Beach and Lakeland. Miss Harrell will again be located for the school term at the Jacaranda hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. English and daughters, Misses Frances and Sarah English and son, David of Cocoanut Grove, Mr. and Mrs. Bill Lacey of Miami, and Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Lockett and daughter, Miss Dorothy Lockett of Cocoa were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Lockett and Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dilley and family for the week end.

Harry Elwell, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. McKee Elwell, who has spent the past several weeks in Pitsburgh and DuBoris, Pa., and at points in Ohio and New York, returned home Thursday. He was accompanied home by his cousin, Miss Betty Thompson of DuBois, who will spend the winter at the Elwell home. Miss Thompson spent last season here, and made many friends, who are pleased that she will again make Avon Park her home for several months.

Mrs. Grafton Freeman and attractive little daughter, Valerie, of New London, Conn., and Mrs. W. H. Champion of Greensboro, Ga., were the guests Wednesday night of Mrs. L. D. McGiboney and family. Mrs. Freeman and daughter were enroute to Key West to join Mr. Freeman, who is stationed there with the U. S. Marines.

Mrs. Roger Williams of Miami is the guest this week of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Coen, Jr., and other relatives here. Mr. Williams will join her for a week end visit, and they will be accompanied home by Mrs. Williams' sister, Miss Gail Coen, who will spend several days with them at their home in Miami.

A communication from Mrs. Fred Stevens, who has been vacationing this summer in Indiana, Kentucky, Illinois, and is now with relatives in Frazeysburg, Ohio, asks that she be remembered to all her Avon Park friends. Mrs. Stevens says that The Sun has been a "newsy weekly letter from dear old Avon Park, and it has followed her all along the way." She will return to Avon Park early in December.

GARDEN CLUB TO MEET FRIDAY

The Garden Club will meet next Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. C. E. Lanier. All members are urged to attend.

Notice of Application for Tax Deed (Senate Bill No. 162)

Notice is hereby given that Highlands Hammock Co., Sebring, Florida, holder of Tax Certificate Nos. 1079, 1080, 1081, issued the 4th day of July, 1927 and Tax Certificate Nos. 806, 806 issued the 6th day of August, 1928 and Tax Certificate No. 615, issued the 3rd day of August 1931, has filed same in my office and has made application for a tax deed to be issued thereon.

Said certificates embraces the following property in the County of Highlands, State of Florida, to-wit:

Cert. No. 1079 of 1927 covers SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 4, Twp. 34 S., Rge 28 E.

Cert. No. 1080 of 1927 covers SE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 4, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 E.

Cert. No. 1081 of 1927 covers NW¼ & W½ of SW¼ & NE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 4, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 E.

Cert. No. 805 of 1928 covers E½ of SE¼ & SE¼ of NE¼, Sec 4, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 East.

Cert. No. 806 of 1928 covers W½ of NE¼ & NE¼ of NE¼, Sec 4, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 E.

Cert. No. 615 of 1931 covers SW¼ of SW¼, Sec 23, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 E.

The assessment of the said property under the said certificates issued was in the name of Unknown.

Unless said certificates shall be redeemed according to law, the property described therein will be sold to the highest bidder at the court house door 11:00 a. m. on the first Monday in the month of October, 1941, which is the 6th day of October, 1941.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1941.

H. T. PIETY
(SEAL) Clerk of Circuit Court of Highlands County, Florida.
By D. G. YOUNG, Deputy Clerk.
Sept. 6, 13, 20, 27

Free Theatre Tickets

Find Your Name In The Ads

If your name appears in one of the ads appearing in this issue of The Sun, you will receive a free ticket to the

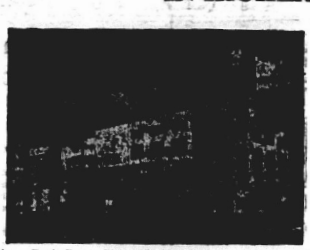
Park Theatre
Good for Either Next
Sunday or Monday

Clip ad in which your name appears and take it to the box office and see

HIT NO. 1
Gene Autry
— IN —
'Sunset in Wyoming'
HIT NO. 2
Jane Withers
— IN —
'A Very Young Lady'

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

A REPORT TO OUR CUSTOMERS IN HIGHLANDS COUNTY



Avon Park Power Plant, Florida Public Service Company

A $46,000 PAYROLL

The Florida Public Service Company employs 31 persons in the county. Payroll for this district amounted to $46,047.53 for the year ending July 31, 1941.

These employees with their families total 104 people, citizens - residents - consumers, in the county.

The size of the payroll is largely due to the location of one of the company's power plants at Avon Park. Electric power from this plant is transmitted throughout the company's system.

TAXES

This Company is one of the larger taxpayers in the City of Avon Park and County of Highlands. Our tax contributions help to support local government and materially reduce the burden on other local taxpayers.

REDUCED RATES

In the face of increased costs, the company has adhered to its policy of reducing rates wherever and whenever it is economically feasible. Domestic electric rates were again simplified in 1940 bringing a reduction to a great many of our customers.

Low utility rates are an attraction to any community. Florida Public Service Company's electric rates are among the lowest in the state.

SINCE AVON PARK and Highlands County are, with fine civic spirit, forging ahead to new prosperity, and since it is the policy of the Florida Public Service Company to keep its customers informed of company operations as they effect the public interest, it is particularly appropriate for the company to publish a report to its customers in Avon Park and Highlands County at this time.

CONSTRUCTION WORK

Extensive improvements have been made on the company's lines in Highlands County during the past year. This meant considerable sums were spent in the county to improve your service. Transmission and distribution circuits were overhauled and revamped. Improvements to the power plant and to the Avon Park Water System were also accomplished.

DEFENSE

THIS COMPANY is supplying electric service for U. S. Army needs on its system. In addition, the company's interconnections with the lines of other power companies enable it to transmit power to areas in other states where needed for defense industries. In June alone 5,679, 300 kilowatt-hours of power were sent to such areas.

Fourteen of the company's employees have been called to service in the armed forces, two of these from Avon Park.

This report is necessarily brief and limited in scope. We will be glad to receive criticisms or suggestions and to answer questions concerning the activities or policies of the Company.

Our wish, as yours, is for the increasing growth and prosperity of Avon Park and Highlands County.

Respectfully submitted,

Vice President & General Manager
Florida Public Service Company

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR (Senate Bill No. 162)

Notice is hereby given that Ruby Bass, holder of Tax Certificate No. 739, issued the 3rd day of July, A. D. 1925, has filed same in my office and has made application for a tax deed to be issued thereon.

Said certificate embraces the following described property in the County of Highlands, State of Florida, to-wit:

Lots 4 & 5, Sub of Lots 1-2, Sec 26, Twp 34, Range 29.

The assessment of the said property under the said certificate issued was in the name of Unknown.

Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law the property described therein will be sold to the highest bidder at the Court House Door in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, at 11:00 o'clock, on the first Monday in the month of October, 1941, which is the 6th day of October, 1941.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1941.

H. T. PIETY, as Clerk of Circuit Court of Highlands County, Florida.
(SEAL)
By D. G. YOUNG, Deputy Clerk
Sept. 6, 13, 20, 27

Notice of Application for Tax Deed (Senate Bill No. 162)

Notice is hereby given that John W. Watson, holder of Tax Certificate No. 4916, issued the 4th day of September, A. D. 1925, has filed same in my office and has made application for a tax deed to be issued thereon.

Said certificate embraces the following described property in the County of Highlands, State of Florida, to-wit:

NW¼ of NE¼ & NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 7, Twp. 35, Range 29.

The assessment of the said property under the said certificate issued was in the name of Unknown.

Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, the property described therein will be sold to the highest bidder at the court house door 11:00 a. m. on the first Monday in the month of October, 1941, which is the 6th day of October, 1941.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1941.

H. T. PIETY
(SEAL) Clerk of Circuit Court of Highlands County, Florida.
By D. G. YOUNG, Deputy Clerk.
Sept. 6, 13, 20, 27

THE SUN
Published every Saturday at Sun Court, Avon Park, Florida

GILBERT FREEMAN
Publisher

W. M. HETHERINGTON
Managing Editor

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POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR MAYOR

I wish to anounce to the voters of Avon Park that I am a candidate for reselection as Mayor of the city. You are familiar with my service in the past, and if it is satisfactory, I will greatly appreciate your continued support and your vote in the city election, September 9.

M. E. COVINGTON

FOR COUNCILMAN

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for city councilman of Avon Park at the city election to be held September 9. I am not aligned with any political faction, and am running as an independent. If elected, I will give the duties of the office my best attention, and will appreciate your vote and support.

BERT FRIZZELL

FOR COUNCILMAN

To the voters of Avon Park, I wish to announce that I have entered the race for City Councilman with the intention, of giving the business of the city as careful attention as I would my own, I appreciate the importance of municipal business, and would trust it as it deserves. I solict your vote and support in the election September 9.

CHAS. H. LEWISTON.

FOR COUNCILMAN

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for re-election to the city council, subject to the will of the voters in the city election September 9. For the past two years it has been my earnest desire to give conscientious service to the people of Avon Park. I will appreciate your vote and support in the coming election.

MATTIE W. TOMPKINS

FOR COUNCILMAN

I hereby announce my candidacy for councilman of the City of Avon Park, subject to the voters on September 9, 1941. If elected, I promise to deal fairly and impartially with every citizen in town to the best of my ability. Your vote and support will be appreciated.

S. E. BOOTH

FOR COUNCILMAN

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for city councilman, subject to the city election September 9. Having seen previous service on the council, I feel that I have the experience necessary, and it will be my earnest desire to serve the people of Avon Park to the best of my ability. I am an independent candidate, and will appreciate the vote and support of all voters.

E. A. DELANEY

For City Council

RE-ELECT—

C. P. ANDERSON - E. H. WARE
DR. G. S. McKNIGHT - MAX WILD

Subject to City election, September 9

Your vote and continued support appreciated.

(PAID POLITICAL ADV.)

Clubs and Parties . . .

By HETTIE H. HETHERINGTON — Phone 54

Methodist Society Met on Tuesday

Mrs. T. H. Maxwell, president of the Woman's Society of Christian Service of the First Methodist Church, presided at the regular business and program meeting of the organization held at the church on Tuesday afternoon. At this time, plans were made for the week of prayer on October 27-31.

Announcement was made of the study leaders class to be held Friday, September 1 in Lakeland. This class is called by the district secretary. Those who will attend from here are Mrs. Maxwell; Mrs. W. S. Rawlings and Mrs. R. A. Gerrard, co-chairmen of Christian social relations and local church activities; Mrs. L. M. Orr, chairman of spiritual life; and Mrs. Harry Jackson, acting superintendent of missionary education.

Mrs. Orville Wyckoff was leader of the program and meditation for the afternoon. She discussed in an informative manner this month's program under the topic for the quarter, "Proof Sheets of Power."

Those present were Mrs. J. D. Raab, Mrs. Orville Wyckoff, Mrs. D. L. Griffin, Miss Edna Earle Griffin, Mrs. Etta Walters, Mrs. L. M. Orr, Mrs. G. B. Hall, Mrs. M. L. Rogers, Mrs. Harry Jackson, Mrs. I. L. Hall, Mrs. Floyd Hougaboom, Mrs. C. H. Pardee, Mrs. A. McKee, Elwell, Mrs. C. H. Harris and Mrs. T. H. Maxwell.

Dickie Reddick Has Birthday Party

Dickie Reddick, young son of Mr. and Mrs. Devon Reddick, was host to a number of his friends at a most delightful party on Saturday afternoon, given at the home of his grandmother, Mrs. H. W. Reddick. Dickie's other grandmother, Mrs. B. F. Martin, assisted in entertaining.

Many enjoyable children's games were played during the afternoon and pictures were taken of the happy group. A pleasant feature of the party was opening of the birthday gifts by Dickie, and each remembrance was duly admired and appreciated.

Later, the children were invited into the dining room, where the refreshment table was a vision of loveliness. Covered with a lace cloth, the table had for a centerpiece, the two tiered birthday cake, iced in white and decorated in pink and green to emphasize the chosen color motif. Four pink candles burned in green holders atop the cake, and the plates, cups and napking were also in pink and green, embossed with a "Happy Birthday" greeting. A scatter arrangement of pink vine and fern surrounded the centerpiece, and similar bouquets were placed at points of vantage about the party rooms. Ice cream and the birthday cake were served, and favors were miniature horns.

Young friends present to share the occasion with Dickie were Jimmie Rowe, Bobby and Mary Jim Davis, Thomas and Jane Maxwell, Pagey Martin, Eileen Sachsenmaier, Jackie and Sylvia Dalton, Mary Ruth Mathis, Patricia Pollock, Dow and Gale Geiger, Clement McFarland, Frank England III, Betty Childers, and Lawler Wells.

GUILD TO MEET WEDNESDAY

St. Margaret's Guild will meet with Mrs. Bus Gregory at Lake Byrd Lodge on Wednesday, Sept. 10 at 11:30 A. M. Members will enjoy a covered dish luncheon at noon.

ROUTE MAN WANTED: Nearby route open. Should average $25 to $50 weekly. Want man 25-55 years old with car. Write immediately to J. C. Lewis, care J. R. Watkins Co., Memphis, Tenn.

Notice of Application for Tax Deed
(Senate Bill No. 163)

Notice is hereby given that J. T. Taylor, Lake Placid, Florida, holder of Tax Certificate No. 744, issued the 6th day of June, A. D. 1938, has filed same in my office and has made application for a tax deed to be issued thereon.

Said certificate embraces the following described property in the County of Highlands, State of Florida, to-wit:

NE 182 ft of Tract 1, Lake Pearl Estates, Sec. 4, Twp 37, Rg 30 E.

The assessment of the said property on the said certificate issued was in the name of Unknown.

Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, the property described therein will be sold to the highest bidder at the court house door at 11:00 a.m. on the first Monday in the month of October, 1941, which is the 6th day of October, 1941.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1941.

H. T. PIETY
(SEAL) Clerk of Circuit Court of Highlands County, Florida.
By D. G. YOUNG, Deputy Clerk.
Sept. 6, 13, 20, 27

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE COURT OF COUNTY JUDGE, HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA, IN PROBATE.

Re Estate of
Gottlieb M. Stengel
Deceased.

TO ALL CREDITORS, LEGATEES, DISTRIBUTEES AND ALL OTHER PERSONS HAVING ANY CLAIM OR DEMAND AGAINST SAID ESTATE:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified, required and directed to present any claim or demand of any nature whatsoever, against the estate of Gottlieb M. Stengel, deceased, late of Baltimore County, Maryland, to the Hon. Thos. A. McMullen, County Judge of Highlands County, Florida, at his Office in the Court House in Sebring, in said County and State, within eight (8) calendar months from the date of the first publication hereof.

You are further notified that such claim or demand must be presented in writing, contain the place of residence and Post Office address of the Claimant and be sworn to by the Claimant, his Agent or Attorney.

EDITH STENGEL,
As Executrix of said Estate.
P. T. HASKINS,
As Attorney for said Executrix.
Aug 30, Sept 6, 13, 20.

Raymond Dilleys Are Club Hosts

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Dilley entertained their bridge club and additional friends at a delightful party at their home on Lake Letta Thursday evening. Mixed garden flowers in vivid hues decorated the party to reflect a patriotic color scheme of red, white and blue.

High score club prize for the evening was won by Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hood; second high, by Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Armstrong; Mrs. Armstrong received the floating prize; and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Rowe were awarded the guest high score prize. A dainty salad course with iced tea was served after the games.

Those enjoying the party were Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hood, Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dilley, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Roberts, Mrs. J. Lawler Wells, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Ginn, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Harold Rowe, and Mr. and Mrs. Jack Heed.

Baptist Class Has Picnic Friday

The Young People's class of the Baptist Sunday School, with their teacher, Mrs. R. H. Lawhon, enjoyed a delightful picnic at Lake Byrd on Friday morning. After a swim in the cooling waters of the lake, a tasty picnic supper consisting of sandwiches, salad, potato chips, pickles, cookies and cold drinks was served.

Members present were Misses Margaret and Louise Smith, Misses Dorothy and Irene Selph, Miss Ophelia Dean, Miss Grace McConnell, Chandler Wingfield, Francis Skipper, Earl Crosby and Warren McFarland.

Betty Jo Wells Has Weiner Roast

Betty Jo Wells entertained several friends at a delightful weiner roast and scavenger hunt at her home on Friday evening. The boy's group were successful in the hunt and received a box of mints as the prize. Other games were enjoyed, after which weiners and marshmallows were roasted, and served with rolls, pickles, cake and iced tea.

Those enjoying the affair were: Yvonne Head, Nancy Asher, May Porter Locke, Betty Jo Wells, Glenn Whitcomb, John Garber, and E. C. Wever.

Baptist WMU Has Business Meeting

The W. M. U. of the First Baptist church met Monday afternoon for the regular business meeting. The president, Mrs. W. W. McFarland, presided, and led the devotional and opening prayer. Interesting reports were heard from officers and committee chairmen.

Those present were Mrs. W. W. McFarland, Mrs. J. E. Crosby, Mrs. J. D. Sherman, Mrs. J. P. Dalton, Mrs. Ernest Spencer, Mrs. C. W. Pabor, Mrs. C. R. Wingfield, Mrs. R. H. Lawhon, and Mrs. Anna Lawhon.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Crosby and daughter, Delores spent the week end in Tampa. While there, Mr. Crosby attended a clinic held by the State Department of Education for welding instructors in the state. Instructors attending the clinic visited the Tampa shipyards, where they were shown welders at work on ships under construction.

Miss Millie Pearson returned the first of the week to Avon Park from her home in Bailey, N. C., and assumed her duties Thursday, as a member of the high school faculty. Miss Pearson attended summer school at Atlantic Christian College in Wilson, N. C., and later visited in Williamsburg, W. Va., and Rideecrest, N. C. She will again make her home at the Jacaranda hotel.

A card from Mrs. Harold Guerndt in Detroit, states that she and her son, Freddie are leaving for Rantoul, Ill., to join Mr. Guerndt, who is working there on an airbase. Freddie recently had his tonsils removed at Grace Memorial hospital in Detroit, while he and his mother were visiting her sister in Detroit. Incidentally, they are keeping up with the "home folks" through The Sun.

Mrs. Virginia Cloud, who has been vacationing this summer in Atlanta, and Savannah, Ga., and Asheville, N. C., has returned home to begin her duties as a member of the grammar school faculty. Mrs. Cloud attended the summer session at Florida Southern College, Lakeland in the early part of the summer. She was accompanied home by her daughter, Miss Frances Cloud of Orlando, who was her guest until Monday evening. Bob Peacock of Orlando spent Monday in Avon Park, and Miss Cloud returned with him. Mrs. Cloud will be located at the Avolon hotel.

CHURCHES OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

"Man" is the subject of the Lesson-Sermon which will be read in Churches of Christ, Scientist, throughout the world on Sunday, September 7.

The Golden Text is: "Behold, what manner of love the Father hath bestowed upon us, that we should be called the sons of God" (I John 3:1).

Among the citations which comprise the Lesson-Sermon is the following from the Bible: "The Spirit itself beareth witness with our spirit, that we are the children of God: And if children, then heirs; heirs of God, and joint-heirs with Christ; (Rom. 8:16, 17 (to second);

The Lesson-Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science Textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" by Mary Baker Eddy: "Immortal man was and is God's image or idea, even the infinite expression of infinite Mind, and immortal man is coexistent and coeternal with that Mind. The spiritual man's consciousness and individuality are reflections of God. They are the emanations of Him who is Life, Truth and Love. Immortal man is not and never was material, but always spiritual, and eternal." (p. 336:9-12, 14-18).

UNION CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Dr. Alfred C. Elliott, Pastor

Sunday, September 7: Sunday School at 10:00 a. m., with classes to suit all ages. Come, and bring your children. Start the week with by the study of the Bible. "The entrance of Thy Word giveth light," wrote the Psalmist, and John Robinson, the pastor of the Pilgrim Fathers in Holland, said, "There is yet more light to break forth out of Thy Holy word!" Let us study the problems of life together in the light of God's Word.

Morning service of worship at 11:00 o'clock, when Dr. Elliott will speak on: "The Final Church." Miss Clio Metcalfe will sing a solo. All members of the Church are urged to be present at this service to welcome Dr. and Mrs. Elliott home from their vacation.

The public is cordially invited to attend the services of this friendly church and enjoy the inspiration of good fellowship, hearty singing and reverent and uplifting worship.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH SERVICES

Holy Communion, 7:30 a. m.
Sunday School 9:30 a. m.
Holy Communion and Sermon, 11:00 a. m.
RICHARD I. BROWN, vicar.

NOTICE

Highlands County, State of Florida, September 2, 1941.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Section 9, Chapter 18296, Laws of Florida, Acts of 1927, known as the Murphy Act, the following described land in Highlands County, Florida, will be offered for sale at public out-cry for the highest and best cash bid, subject to the right of the Trustees of the Internal Improvement Fund to reject any and all bids, at the Court House beginning at 10:00 o'clock a. m., on the 6th day of October, 1941. Easement for road right of way 200 ft. wide will be reserved from any parcel through which there is an existing state road.

South half of NW quarter of NW quarter, less S. 5 acres, Sec 23, Twp 33, Range 29 E.

TRUSTEES OF THE INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT FUND OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA.
By H. T. PIETY, Agent Trustees
I. I. Fund, Highlands County.
D. G. YOUNG, Deputy Clerk.
(SEAL)
Sept 6

Notice of Application for Tax Deed
(Senate Bill No. 163)

Notice is hereby given that Byron D. Kuth, Cleveland, Ohio, holder of Tax Certificate Nos. 1646, 1646, 1761, issued the 5th day of August, A. D. 1929, has filed same in my office and has made application for a tax deed to be issued thereon.

Said certificate embrace the following described property in the County of Highlands, State of Florida, to-wit:

No. 1664 covers Lots 21, Blk 278, Lake Sebring, Sheet 4, per Plat Book 2, page 15. Certificate No. 1656 covers Lot 24, Blk 278, Lake Sebring, Sheet 4, per plat book 2, page 15 and Certificate No. 1761 covers Lots 9 N'ly of NE¼, Lake Shore Park, Lake Jackson Home and Grove Co., Sec 13, Twp 34, Range 28.

The assessment of the said property under the said certificates issued was in the name of Unknown.

Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, the property described therein will be sold to the highest bidder at the court house door at 11:00 a. m. on the first Monday in the month of October, 1941, which is the 6th day of October, 1941.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1941.

H. T. PIETY
(SEAL) Clerk of Circuit Court of Highlands County, Florida.
By D. G. YOUNG, Deputy Clerk
Sept. 6, 13, 20, 27

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR ADOPTION OF EDNA EARL BROOKEN.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

You are hereby notified that it is the intention of the undersigned Henry Lee Bowman and Nettie Sloan Bowman, his wife, to apply to the Circuit Court of Highlands County, Florida, immediately upon the expiration of four weeks notice in the Scenic Highlands sun, a newspaper published in Highlands County, Florida, for the legal adoption of Edna Earl Brooden and likewise to change the name of the said Edna Earl to Sheila Christina Bowman.

HENRY LEE BOWMAN
NETTIE SLOAN BOWMAN

S. Colquitt Pardee, Solicitor
Bella Building
Sept 6, 13, 20, 27, Oct 4

GO TO THE NEW
PARK THEATRE
AVON PARK, FLORIDA
"HOME OF THE BIG PICTURES"

Week Beginning Sept. 5

FRIDAY-SATURDAY
10c and 15c ALL DAY
Wallace Beery
—in—
"Barnacle Bill"
— Also —
JUNGLE GIRL NO. 13
—Plus—
GENE KRUPA AND HIS ORCHESTRA

SUNDAY-MONDAY
10c — 20c
GENE AUTRY
—in—
"Sunset in Wyoming"
Plus
"A Very Young Lady"
with
Jane Withers
Mrs. Cyril Baldwin

TUES., WED., THURS.
10c — 20c
"Sleepers West"
— With —
Lloyd Nolan
—Plus—
"Dawn Patrol"
WITH
Errol Flynn

MATINEE DAILY 3 *p.m.*
Continuous from 2:00 Saturday and Sunday

W. M. RECK
REGISTERED BROKER
REAL ESTATE IN ALL LINES
Rentals, Property Management
15 Jacaranda Arcade
Avon Park, Fla.

WOMEN!
Modern facts
+
61 years of use
speak for
CARDUI

℞ "SAFETY" ℞
Is Insured by your local Druggists in the JACARANDA DRUG STORE
They carry out your Doctors orders as specified.
And they fill ANY Doctors PRESCRIPTION.
S. S. THAYER, Pharmacist
Geraldine Connell

You Will Find Our Shoe Repair Service Second to None
—AT NO HIGHER COST
Orthopedic Shoe Correction
Stewart's

WALTER S. **BETTS**
REAL ESTATE
REGISTERED
BROKER
LISTINGS SOLICITED
AVON PARK, FLORIDA
Grace McConnell

BALLARD'S
Obelisk Flour
20 lb. bag 97c
10 lbs. bag 51c
PLAIN OR SELF RISING
Carter's Groceteria
Barbara Jean Bridges

CLEARWATER BEACH HOTEL



Enjoy a vacation of perfect days and the pleasure of cool tropical nights at Clearwater Beach Hotel. Located directly on the Gulf of Mexico—there's a private white sand beach and facilities for swimming, fishing, boating, golfing, dancing and all forms of recreation—at this delightful resort. Clearwater Beach Hotel is famous for excellent food tastefully prepared and temptingly served. Low summer rates. European or American Plan. Write or wire for information or reservations—

Preston Beatty, Manager
Clearwater, Florida

Deluxe THROUGH *Buses* TO TAMPA AND WEST FLORIDA *Via* FLORIDA MOTOR LINES



Ride in AIR CONDITIONED *Comfort*
Dependable Service
Low Fares

Travel via Florida Motor Lines MAIN LINE to all Florida and the North.

Northbound		
Lv. AVON PARK	7:15 AM	3:05 PM
Ar. TAMPA	10:10 AM	6:55 PM
Ar. LAKELAND	9:10 AM	5:50 PM
Ar. ORLANDO	10:50 AM	7:45 PM
Ar. JACKSONVILLE	2:15 PM	11:40 PM
Ar. TALLAHASSEE	5:45 PM	12:59 AM
Ar. LAKE CITY	2:25 PM	1:10 AM
Lv. AVON PARK	7:15 AM	3:10 PM
Ar. JACKSONVILLE	3:45 AM	9:15 AM

DIRECT CONNECTONS AT JACKSONVILLE, TALLAHASSEE and LAKE CITY With GREYHOUND LINES FOR ALL POINTS NORTH AND WEST

Southbound—Going		
Lv. AVON PARK	3:05 PM	9:10 PM
Ar. MIAMI	8:50 PM	2:30 AM
Returning		
Lv. MIAMI	10:00 AM	2:00 AM
Ar. AVON PARK	3:45 PM	7:15 AM

Costs Less than Driving

	One Way	Round Trip
MIAMI	$ 3.90	$ 6.80
JACKSONVILLE	3.60	6.30
TAMPA	1.45	2.60
LAKELAND	1.00	1.80
ORLANDO	1.60	2.80
TALLAHASSEE	4.75	8.80
LAKE CITY	3.45	6.20
ATLANTA	6.00	14.40
MACON	6.50	11.70
VALDOSTA	4.45	8.00
BIRMINGHAM	8.60	15.50
NEW ORLEANS	10.30	18.55
CHICAGO	17.25	31.05
N. Y. CITY	15.20	27.35

JACARANDA DRUG CO.
S. S. THAYER, AGENT PHONE 218



FLORIDA MOTOR LINES



Ladies on the Defense Front



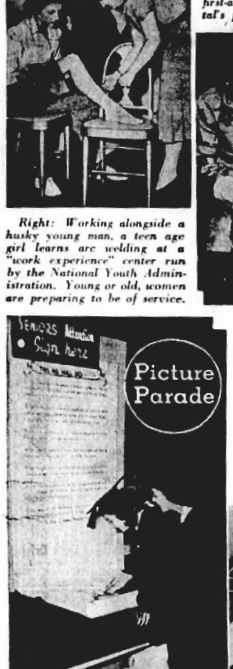
Following the example of 11 million British women who are engaged in war effort, Uncle Sam's nieces are rushing to volunteer. A Gallup poll reports 27,500,000 women are eager to devote at least an hour a day to defense effort. Women are at work in defense industries. Here is one operating a shaper-machine in a munition factory.



Above: Members of an aircraft warning corps scan maps. Left: A trio of Washington officials' wives learn Red Cross first-aid procedure in the capital's preparedness program.

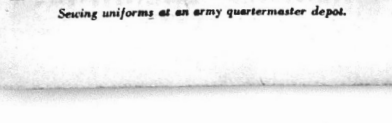


Right: Working alongside a husky young man, a teen age girl learns arc welding at a "work experience" center run by the National Youth Administration. Young or old, women are preparing to be of service.



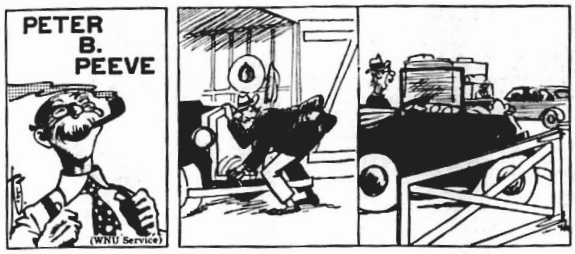
More than 10,000 persons have signed this 7-point pledge (left) to fight for democracy even "if such a step means war." It was signed by 600 seniors at Stephens college, Columbia, Mo., whose curriculum emphasizes educating women for citizenship's responsibilities. Below: Girls are learning to fly to relieve male pilots.





Sewing uniforms at an army quartermaster depot.

OUR COMIC SECTION

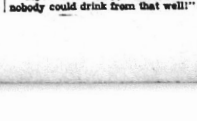








WELL—WHAT?



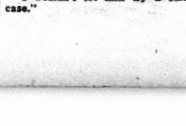
"My! What dirty, black water, nobody could drink from that well!"

Mathematical

A mother was very much put out because the teacher insisted on a written excuse explaining her son's absence from school following a severe snow storm. Whereupon the mother sat down and dashed off the following note to the persistent school teacher:

"Dear Miss Kitty: Little Eddie's legs are 14 inches long; the snow was 18 inches deep. Very truly yours, Mrs. Franklin Sylvester Johnson."

JUDGING



"What do you think of Moseby as a lawyer?"

"I wouldn't let him try a suitcase."

JUST JESTING

One Too Many

Young Alec was watching a house painter at work. Presently he asked:

"How many coats of paint do you give a door?"

"Two, my boy," was the reply.

"Then if you give it three coats," said the lad brightly, "it would be an over-coat?"

"No, my lad," retorted the painter grimly, "it would be a waste coat."

SOMETHING ELSE



Pop—So your engagement to that rich deb is off. I thought you said she doted on you?

Son—She did; but her father proved to be an antidote.

While Iron Is Hot

"I hear your new lodger is a very impetuous fellow. Does everything in the heat of the moment."

"Yes, it's his job. He is a blacksmith."

Why Tell It?

It was a very wet night when Jones knocked at the door of his friend Watts.

"Hallo!" exclaimed Watts. "I'm glad to see you. Come in."

"I don't think I dare," Jones protested. "My feet are very dirty."

"That doesn't matter. Just keep your boots on."

No Sale

Lawyer—That'll be $10, please.
Client—What for?
"My advice!"
"But I'm not taking it."

1ST CHOICE OF MILLIONS ★ ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN

Good Breeding

The first word of the law of good breeding, as the last, is kindness. The Golden Rule contains the last word on manners, as it does on most other laws of living.—Thomas Nelson Page.

YOU BUY INOCULATION ON FAITH

Field tests have shown a big difference in the quality of inoculator brands on the market. You cannot see the legume bacteria you purchase. Immediate demonstration is impossible. What is the reputation you buy?

- NITRAGIN is the ORIGINAL LEGUME INOCULATOR, having served the farmers for over forty years. It won a GOLD MEDAL at the World's Fair, St. Louis, 1904.
- NITRAGIN is made in the most complete and modern laboratory of its kind in the world.
- NITRAGIN is the leader in its field by a big margin. NITRAGIN demand in the South has rapidly increased year after year. During the fall of 1940 the business of NITRAGIN were for more than 25 million pounds of VETCH and WINTER PEAS. This large demand is due to many field tests carried on year after year. We prove by these tests that NITRAGIN is a good product.

Send for our booklet "Plant Legumes to Prosper," showing pictures of field tests and how NITRAGIN is made. The booklet also gives you valuable information regarding the inoculation of legumes.

If your dealer does not have NITRAGIN in stock, have him get it for you. Insist on NITRAGIN inoculation.

Accept no substitute

NITRAGIN
THE NITRAGIN COMPANY, Inc.
3750 Bn. Both St. Milwaukee, Wis.

Happiness to Others

Happiness is watching others drink from springs which we have caused to rise in the desert.—B. H. Melson.

"In any kind of weather it's the Self-Starter Breakfast for me!"

says ROBERT CURRIE, American Airlines Meteorologist.



Using Our Abilities

The art of being able to make a good use of modern abilities wins esteem, and often confers more reputation than greater real merit.—Rochefoucould.

It's A GOOD AMERICAN CUSTOM

THE HUSKING BEE

with the right to kiss any girl you choose when you find a red ear of corn has been a harvest-time custom since Colonial days.

RELAXING with a good King Edward cigar is a pleasant custom enjoyed by millions of smokers all over America. Try King Edward today and learn why it's the nation's most popular cigar.

2 for 5¢

KING EDWARD Cigars
WORLD'S LARGEST SELLER

BEACONS OF SAFETY

Like a beacon light on the height—the advertisements in newspapers direct you to newer, better and easier ways of providing the things needed or desired. It shines, this beacon of newspaper advertising—and it will be to your advantage to follow it whenever you make a purchase.

SEP 6 - 1941

Handmade Rainbows

By Mrs. Harry Pugh Smith

© Mc Clure W.N.U. Service

INSTALLMENT FIFTEEN—The Story So Far

Laura Maguire is wife of happy-go-lucky Mike, editor and mayor of Covington, whom banker Mayo is seeking to rule for criticism of his banking methods. She is the mother of four children:

Tom, whose real estate job in a bigger city peters out in the depression, and who separates from his wife, Mary Ella, secretary to a big shot, when she refuses to give up her job and go with him to the smaller town.

Alec, who can't get a job and runs around with a divorcee, but lately has become interested in Lou Knight, the town drunk's daughter whom he has taken on to his mother's home when her father died rescuing a crippled boy in a fire.

Shirley, whose marriage to Jaird Newsum at length takes place when they scrape up enough money to buy a hamburger stand, though Ma Newsum wanted him to marry Connie Mays, the banker's daughter.

Kathleen, who despite herself, is becoming interested in Ritchie Graham, a newcomer, also a newspaperman. Kath's been does not approve her father and Ritchie's fighting with Mays. She's a very unhappy girl.

Ritchie Graham was the fishbone in Kathleen's throat.

Ruth Yates, "dear Ruthie," had him in low. They had come to Marigold Gardens with three other couples and were apparently having a splendid evening. Kathleen thought she had never seen anything so disgustingly blah as Ruth. But Ritchie appeared to have a sweet tooth. Every time he smiled at Ruth, Kathleen felt like clawing. And she couldn't even flatter herself that he was doing it deliberately to annoy her. He didn't seem to know Kathleen was on earth. Once when Gene Mays danced her quite close, Kathleen sang out something impudent about what a small world it is after all. But Ritchie only looked at her as if he had a vague recollection of having seen her somewhere before and turned back to Ruth with every evidence of eagerness. It was then Kathleen ground her teeth.

"I never dreamed I could be this way about a girl," said Gene Mays in a strange hoarse voice.

Kathleen's pulses stirred. After all, he was Eugene Mays. The town prize! The guy girls had tried and tried to land. Only to get the old ax for their pains.

"If it's any news to you," he said resentfully, "you've got me standing on my ear."

Kathleen smiled. "You look awfully cunning on an ear."

"Have a heart," he groaned. "It may be fun for you, but it's hell on



"You're dancing this with me."

me. The way you throw me for a fall every time I open my mouth."

"Do I?" she queried innocently.

"You know damned well you do." She laughed. "Maybe I'm bad dope for you," she suggested. "Perhaps you'd better leave me lie."

"Listen," he said fiercely. "I'll make you take me seriously if I have to break a tooth or something."

Kathleen smothered a yawn. "You're dancing this with me," said a voice at Kathleen's elbow.

"Is so?" growled Gene Mays. Ritchie did not even look at him. "Aren't you taking a lot for granted?" she asked thickly.

"I don't think so," murmured Ritchie and held out his arms.

She had the perverse desire to hurt him the way he was always hurting her without even trying. She wondered why he mattered so much. It had no rhyme or reason. But he did. Throat tightening, Kathleen slipped into Ritchie's arms while Hot Shot Mays stared after them with a scowl.

"I didn't suppose you could tear yourself away from the syrup pitcher," she remarked.

Ritchie looked down at her with lazy, sardonic gray eyes and Kathleen's heart ran up and down a wild chromatic scale.

"You don't want me, but you hate to think someone else might," he remarked.

She colored furiously. "So I'm a dog in the manger, along with a bad-tempered brat and a mercenary little beast," she summarized with bitterness.

"Yes," agreed Ritchie and laughed. She could have slapped him.

To her horror Kathleen found her eyes threatened with tears. She looked hastily away. But Ritchie must have seen, for his arms suddenly tightened about her and a thrill cut her heart in two.

"Come outside, Kathleen," he said in a low voice. "There should be a moon if there isn't—and I've something to say to you."

It Is Not Too Late

Begin this fine story today. There is still time.

CHAPTER XXI—Continued

It was just ten when she heard Alec's step. He was whistling as he came down the street. Laura's heart caught. Alec hadn't arrived home with a whistle for months.

"Hi, Mom, how's tricks and where's everybody?" was his greeting.

"Where have you been all day?" Laura demanded. "After all—"

"Working," interrupted Alec. "Don't drop dead," he went on, "but I've got a job. What a job!"

He laughed, but Laura noticed that his black eyes gleamed. "Yes?" she prompted.

"Behind in me," he announced with a swagger. "Grocer Kenneday's hired hand."

"Alec!"

"Sure. I'm the grocer boy now at ten dollars a week, delivering lettuce and cabbage and what not at the back doors of all the best houses in town. If you don't believe me order a flock of goods tomorrow and watch me do my stuff."

Laura laughed hysterically. Alec of all people clerking in a cheap grocery store! Alec who had dreamed of doing tremendous things in a huge way.

"Darling," she gasped between gurgles, "please excuse it. But this is so sudden."

He grinned. "You ought to see me in a white apron slicing liverwurst."

Laura choked. And then suddenly she realized that Alec was not laughing any more. His young face was set and a little white.

"I've been an awful fool," he said huskily. "Whining because I couldn't tackle mountains. Pitying myself and running you crazy, I guess. Going to the devil because the world refused to let me set it afire. But I'm through with all that, see? Going to be a man if I can—and I think I can."

Laura's heart leaped.

"I'm paying Lou's board, Mother."

"You don't need to do that, Alec."

"I know, but I want to. God knows why, but she thinks I'm the best cut. So I've sort of got to try to be, haven't I?"

Laura swallowed hard. "Yes, Alec."

"And I drew five dollars of my salary in advance. Get her some decent shoes, Mother. Next week maybe I can manage enough for a dress."

Laura's breath caught. "I think I can fix up some of Kathleen's for her."

"Gee, will you, Mother?" Alec's face was radiant.

Laura sat very still. But a pulse throbbed in her throat. And inside she breathed a little grateful prayer to the God who watches over the sons of mothers.

CHAPTER XXII

"Where's Lou?" Alec stood in the doorway.

"She went up to her room and I've an idea she's crying her eyes out," said Laura. "But you might see for yourself."

Alec went almost shyly up the stairs.

"It's Alec, Lou," he said. His voice held a note Laura had never heard before. "I came to say goodnight."

"Gee, you've been crying," said Alec. "I'm sorry."

Lou's wan little face quivered. "You needn't stay away all day tomorrow," she whispered, "just because you can't bear to have me around. I don't want to run you out of your own house. I'll leave, honest, right away."

"You've got me wrong, Lou," said Alec. "I don't feel like that about you. I like you. Better than any girl I ever knew."

He heard her catch her breath. "You're not just saying that—because you're sorry for me?"

Somehow he had her small trembling hand. "Look at me, Lou."

Her eyes lifted to his.

"You're so sweet," he whispered and stooped and kissed her.

"Oh!"

Lou's little face flooded with burning color.

"Some day," said Alec, "maybe I'll be some of the things you think me. But in the meanwhile—oh, Lou, go on believing in me."

"I couldn't not believe in you, Alec," she whispered, "because you're you."

And then she closed the door and Alec went off to his own room to crawl into bed beside Tom. But Alec did not go to sleep at once.

"Probably everybody will laugh," he told himself. "But I'll beat the face off the first ape who sneers at her."

* * * * * * *

Kathleen was dancing with Gene Mays and pretending to be breathlessly absorbed by his determined efforts to flatter her off her feet. Actually she was not absorbed at all either in him or his compliments.

Walter Winchell



While Walter Winchell is on temporary active duty with the U. S. navy his column is being conducted by guest columnists. This week's column is written

By JAMES R. YOUNG

I. N. S. Correspondent 13 Years in Japan and Author, "Behind the Rising Sun."

UNFINISHED STORIES

What has become of the Emperor's brother, Prince Chichibu? His failure to appear at the Empire's 2600th mythological anniversary of the founding of the Sun Goddess' country aroused queries. What will become of Japan's puppet Emperor of Manchuria, Henry Pu Yi, who rides a bicycle and plays tennis under "protection"? Not having an heir, the Japanese somehow will put the skids under him to favor his Manchu brother, whom militarists married off to a Japanese girl. How will the Japanese handle their puppet Wang Ching Wei at Nanking? Japanese guards surround him for two purposes: Keep enemy hand grenades from being tossed at him and keep him from running away. His wife, notorious in Chinese politics, stays in Shanghai selling government jobs and opium licenses.

• • • –

The President's freezing order of Japanese business means: NO MORE lily bulbs for Easter, goldfish by the tankfuls for five and dime stores, oyster bed seedlings, camphor for methol products or pyretheum seeds for bug powder.

• • • –

Japan faces economic ruin. Her Manchurian market depended on soy bean cake exports to Europe. That business is finished. No more silk market means Japan's second great agriculture upset and farm problem—rice and its shortage is No 1. Next problem is shortage of fish which is Japan's staple. Mining the island kingdom's waters to keep out Russian submarines from Vladivostok will restrict tens of thousands of tiny fishing junks.

• • • –

The Japanese are always kidding themselves and their people. One inventor claims sardines will produce an oil convertible to gasoline. But first they need the sardines. In quantities prohibitive. Another Japanese announced Tokyo is protected from air attacks by the use of fishing nets strung over the city, suspended by balloons—the net catches the blitz bombs. Actually, Tokyo has but one bomb proof shelter, for the emperor and his family.

• • • –

The Nipponese think they can overcome the acute shortage of scrap and iron ore which months ago stopped their entire heavy industry output. By salvaging old ships. Salvage available from four ships, including the President Hoover, would be sufficient for a locomotive and a string of cars.

• • • –

Bob Bueun, Richmond, Ind., helped build China's railways with Japanese ties—years ago he logged nearly a million ties a year. Now the Japanese army runs its trains over those ties.

• • • –

E. W. Fraser, the oldest American Japan had, now resides in New York. He introduced to Japan the first automobile, the first phonograph, the first locomotive. He'd been in Japan nearly 70 years—just a few short of the days when Commodore Perry opened Japan to foreign trade.

• • • –

Air-conditioning which became popular, has closed down. Insufficient water, milk rations, which were cut 50 per cent a year ago, have been reduced another 50 per cent—no more cows or dairy fodder. Ditto on eggs and potatoes.

• • • –

QUESTION:

Lieut. Commander Walter Winchell, you are in the navy now on reserve service. If you have time, check with fellow officers why the State Department forced the navy's hand and permitted two Japanese spies to be released and why others remain here with diplomatic immunity, including one who is in hiding in Washington? How many American missionaries remain in Japanese prisons in Korea? Why not trade them for Japanese spies in this country?

• • • –

IT'S A LAUGH

The State Department permits the Japanese Government news agency, Domei, to operate here without registering. Why? The Japanese reply is that it is not a propaganda organ! The agency is financed by the Foreign Office, the army, the navy and the Communications Ministry for an annual propaganda deficit of near 2,000,000 Japanese yen.

• • • –

Japan lacks precision tool machine oil. Only a few companies in the world make this special oil. If we had stopped shipments two years ago it would have wrecked her great armaments production.

• • • –

The week Acting Secretary of State Welles condemned Japan for her seizure of Indo-China, which the Japanese planned several years back but which the silk hats refused to believe, you read of 55 transports, 30 warships, three aircraft carriers speeding south.

He walked away without a word.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Lovely Scarf Has Many Uses



Pattern 7038.

ADD loveliness to your home with this easily crocheted scarf to be made in various sizes. Done in fine cotton, its pineapple design matches that of the lovely doily, Pattern 6821.

• • •

Pattern 7038 contains instructions for making scarf; illustrations of it and stitches; photograph of scarf; materials needed. To obtain this pattern, send your order to:

Sewing Circle Needlecraft Dept.
82 Eighth Ave. New York

Enclose 15 cents in coins for Pattern No.....

Name.....

Address.....

Standard Time Zones

Officials of the large railroads in the United States met in 1883 to discover some method of establishing a time-system that could be universally adopted by all American railroads. Previously, all roads had used different systems.

The railroad men adopted a system based on the idea that 24 standard meridians should be established 15 degrees apart in longitude, starting from the meridian of Greenwich, England, and extending around the globe. An international conference on standard time, meeting in Washington in 1884, made the same recommendation to the countries represented. Since that time, the four time zones, Eastern, Central, Mountain and Pacific, have been used in this country.

A HIT for stuffy head colds' misery PENETRO NOSE DROPS

AT 5 AND 10 STORES

Why Suffer! MENELL'S MAGIC REMEDY Brings Blessed Relief RHEUMATISM NEURITIS LUMBAGO

RAZOR BLADES

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THE OUTSTANDING BLADE VALUE

KENT BLADES Double Edge 10 for 10c Single Edge 7 for 10c

"TAKING THE COUNTRY BY STORM" KNOWN FROM COAST TO COAST

CUPPLES COMPANY • ST. LOUIS, MO.

It's the Verdict

A good speech is a good thing, but the verdict is the thing.—Daniel O'Connell.

Our Course

Live pure, speak truth, right wrong; else wherefore born.—Tennyson.

Upward Look

A man cannot aspire if he looks down. Look upward, live upward.



UNION MADE PLAIN OR CORK TIPS

...you'll get a better cigarette

Raleighs are a blend of 31 selected grades of choice Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—made from the more expensive, more golden-colored leaves that bring top prices at the great tobacco sales.

...and valuable premiums FREE!

Yes—that coupon on the back of every pack is good in the U. S. A. for your choice of many handsome, practical gifts. Switch to popular-priced Raleigh today and get this smoking dividend. For premium catalog, write Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp., Box 599, Louisville, Ky.

Lamp with white porcelain base. Maple trim. Shade of parchment. . . 400 coupons.

Table Clock guaranteed by Hammond. Rare wood panel. 115-v. AC only. 450 coupons.

Bath Set of fine, heavy chenille. Rug: 24' x 18'. Fast colors. . . 225 coupons.



Military Brush Set. Backs of English tan leather. 7-inch comb. . . 150 coupons.



Door Chime with melodious double signal for front and rear doors. . . . 475 coupons.



Remington Double-Header for non-irritating shaves. 115-v. AC . . . . . 1000 coupons.



Oneida Community Par Plate Silverware. 26 pieces and Walnut chest. 800 coupons.



Walnut Serving Tray with colorful inlay. 13⅜" x 19". Beverage-proof. 225 coupons.



FREE! New catalog. . . No. 19. Full-color illustrations and complete descriptions.

B & W coupons also packed with Kool Cigarettes and Big Ben Smoking Tobacco

TUNE IN *"College Humor" every Tuesday night, NBC Red network*

SEP 6 - 1941

The Cost of a City Attorney

in Avon Park, Fla.

Do the people of Avon Park know what a City Attorney has cost this city during the past 10 years. The following figures are a summary of payments and credits to former city attorneys. They were taken from the books at the City Hall and can be verified by any tax payer.

For The Year Ended Sept. 30	Salary	Tax Collection Fees	Foreclosure Fees and Costs	Special Legal Fees	Total Fees And Costs
1932	375.00	1,658.16	4,970.33	50.00	7,053.49
1933	300.00	1,400.00	660.96	1,213.00	3,573.96
1934	300.00	1,400.00	69.85	75.00	1,844.85
1935	300.00	1,400.00	8,538.96	83.98	10,322.94
1936	300.00	1,400.00	1,094.54	242.50	3,037.04
1937	300.00	1,400.00	1,430.68	218.23	3,348.91
1938			1,424.96	3,450.00	4,874.96
1938	450.00			200.00	650.00
1939	600.00			678.45	1,278.45
1940	600.00	1,223.44	243.60	685.30	2,752.34
1941	600.00	1,343.37	1,405.95	6.15	3,355.47
Totals	4,125.00	11,224.97*	19,839.83	6,902.61	42,092.41

* Tax collection's fees estimated years 1933 thru 1937, based on other years' collections.

The present council realised the uselessness of these excessive costs, took "the bull by the horns" and dispensed with the services of a city attorney.

This made possible a great saving to the tax payers and on this one thing alone the present Council should be RE-ELECTED.

The present Council has worked for the advancement of Avon Park in numerous ways. They have spent much time and effort and should be given another term to complete the good works they have begun.

(This Advertisement Paid for by Avon Park Citizens)

SEP 13 1941

Gas Tax Money Should Be Used to Build New Roads

THE SCENIC HIGHLANDS SUN

Eat More Citrus For Your Health's Sake

VOLUME XVII—NUMBER 44 AVON PARK, FLORIDA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1941 SINGLE COPY; FIVE CENTS

City Approves Extension of Water Line

Will Furnish Fire Protection To Airport

The city council approved extension of the water mains to the city airport at a meeting Thursday morning, and passed an ordinance authorizing the mayor and city clerk to enter into a contract to pay $2230.19, half of the cost of extension, to the Florida Public Service Co.

Under the agreement the Florida Public Service company will stand half and the city half of the cost of extending the mains. The utility company is cooperating with the city by making an advance payment of taxes sufficient to cover the city's portion of the contract.

The job call, for laying 3600 feet of 8 inch universal pipe, the installation of four fire hydrants at the airport to furnish fire protection for the hangars and planes, and a service line for the buildings. The Lodwick Aviation Military Academy will use 50 government training planes in the flying school, and the contract calls for fire protection for them. Lodwick has agreed to pay the cost of rental on the fire hydrants.

A temporary pipe line has been installed from the end of the Mall to the airport to furnish water for the foundations for hangars so that work will not be delayed.

Hangars have been shipped from Oklahoma City and are expected here next week. There are eleven carloads in the shipment. Work will be started immediately upon arrival.

Cattle Should Be Assessed On Cost To Owner

Tampa, Sept. 11 — "Florida cattle, large numbers of which have never been on the tax rolls before, should be assessed for taxes on 100 per cent basis of the total cost to the owner," says a statement by the Florida Taxpayers' Association.

"Press notices indicate recent sales average $23.50 per head, and some counties announce that assessments will be based on $20 per head. But in fairness to the cattlemen, they should certainly not be assessed on the sale price, which includes their profit and expense in improving their stock. In the personal property tax laws, merchants are directed to give in for assessment at full cash value, their stock, and that would be what the goods cost, or inventoried. They are not expected to value for assessment at the retail price—neither should cattle be so valued."

The Taxpayers' Association statement, released by George S. Lenfestey, vice president, and Robert L. Newman, secretary, said that "it is important that all assessments be fair in order to check any action which, deliberately or inefficiently, might harm the new tax program under which faithful taxpayers can be given long-needed relief."

The State Marketing Bureau reports that in 1939 there were 1,331,800 head of cattle in Florida valued at $31,448,000. Yet the tax assessors' figures for 1935 showed only 312,246 head valued for taxes at only $1,553,584; (the 1929 reports showed 864,435 head.)

"Florida's total livestock including calves, hogs, sheep and goats, for 1939 is 2,232,521 head valued at $35,515,900—a big increase over 1929 total of 1,475,435 head valued at $22,725,100.

"Thus while the industry was paying only about $10,000 a year to the state in taxes, the State has been spending hundreds of thousands—$284,000 through the Livestock Sanitary Board alone — for the benefit of the industry. This has amounted to a vast subsidy.

But now, with the industry representing an investment of more than $175,000,000, including stock, pastures, fences, lands, marketing and packing facilities, cattlemen can proudly take their fair place in contributing to democratic governmental expenses with the assurance of our state administration that there will be no unjust or unequal taxation on any groups."



Florida's Beauty Shown in Technicolor in "Moon Over Miami"

Cypress Gardens, Fla.—The technicolor feature "Moon Over Miami" will be striking advertising for the state and above is shown one of the scenes made in Cypress Gardens where Robert Cummings and Betty Grable slide up on shore after an outboard steeple chase in which they try to escape from Don Ameche.

Garden Club Has Program Meeting Friday Morning

The Garden club met Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. C. E. Lanier for the monthly business and program meeting. Mrs. J. A. Johnson, chairman, presided.

Mrs. Stanley N. Reeves was named chairman of a committee to cooperate with the Rotary club in a clean up week, the date to be announced.

Mrs. Nan Rouse was elected secretary-treasurer of the organization.

A splendid program was given, opening with a lovely vocal selection by Miss Marjorie Wells. Miss Betty Touchton was her piano accompanist.

Mrs. M. V. Pilcher gave a most informative talk on "Culinary Herbs," that brought out many unusual and interesting points.

Mrs. Harold Worden, in her own charming manner, gave a collection of poems from the book "Scandal in the Garden."

During an informal hour, the hostess served an iced drink, and an open forum on matters pertaining to gardens and plants formed a delightful part of the meeting.

Those present were Mrs. Margery Church, Mrs. Walter S. Betts, Mrs. E. G. Todd, Mrs. Harold Worden, Mrs. Jack Head, Mrs. C. E. Crabtree, Mrs. C. Parke Anderson, Mrs. Nan Rouse, Mrs. S. S. Thayer, Mrs. G. P. Thayer, Mrs. Chas. F. Kenney, Mrs. J. A. Johnson, Mrs. Paul L. Rampsa, Mrs. C. Pic Turner, Mrs. M. V. Pilcher, Mrs. Stanley N. Reeves, Mrs. George Voorhees, and Mrs. C. E. Lanier.

County May Have Money Coming From Gas Tax Surplus

The status of Highlands county as regards the division of the gas tax surplus under the law passed by the last session of the state legislature is being determined by three auditors sent here by the State Road Board for that purpose.

The auditors, F. B. Warren, Fred A. Durrance and Kenneth Uptergraft are auditing the county records of funds received from the gas tax which may result in the county being allotted a considerable sum for road construction in the county by the state.

If the audit shows the county is entitled to a share of the surplus it will be spent in the county when and where the state deems to the best advantage.

AWARDED TEACHER CERTIFICATES

Tallahassee, Sept. 11— State Superintendent Colin English said today that Mrs. Madge Coker, of Sebring, and Mrs. Ruth Cook Drawdy, of Avon Park, have been awarded Florida teaching certificates based on four years of college training.

Mrs. Georgie B. Swank, of Sebring, has been granted a certificate based on two years of college preparation.

Ministers of City Form Association; Dalton President

On Friday afternoon, September 5, the following pastors of their respective churches met in the study of Rev. J. P. Dalton to formulate plans and to organize the Avon Park Ministerial Association; Rev. R. I. Brown, Rev. Alfred C. Elliott, Rev. G. S. Roberts, Rev. W. D. Croft and Rev. J. P. Dalton.

Rev. Dalton was elected president with Rev. Elliott as vice president, and Rev. Croft secretary. Each first Monday was designated as the time for the regular monthly meetings, the hour of meeting set at 10 a. m. All other pastors, and duly authorized ministers are invited to affiliate.

The October meeting of the association is to be held in the home of Rev. Elliott, pastor of the Congregational church.

Merchants Here Support Defense Savings Campaign

Avon Park retailers have adopted a program here to make it convenient for customers to buy Defense Savings Stamps. They will keep savings stamps on hand and their clerical force will wait on you just the same as if you were buying their regular merchandise.

Savings Stamps and Bonds give you an opportunity to invest in the Government—not only in the interest of national defese, but in the interest of thrift. They provide an opportunity to lay up something for a rainy day. Make it a habit to buy a ten, twenty-five or fifty cent stamp every week. Buy a part in America. Be an American. Prove your patriotism to your country by taking a regular part in its saving program. Encourage your neighbor to buy stamps and bonds. It is a fine way to save and at the same time prepare yourself for the next depression.

"Our concern over America should come first, last and always," said County Defense Chairman Ben Stewart. "We should arise to action quickly and enthusiastically in the interest of our country. Any American who is really an American can find it easy to make regular weekly investments in Uncle Sam's Savings Stamps."

Dr. Dame Will Speak at PTA Meeting Tuesday

Dr. L. H. Dame, county health doctor, will be guest speaker at the first regular meeting of the Parent-Teachers' association next Tuesday afternoon at 3:15 o'clock at the auditorium. The meeting was postponed from Thursday of this week, on account of the funeral services of I. C. M. Ellenberger, former principal of the school. Every school patron, and anyone interested in the welfare of the schools, is cordially invited to attend the meeting.

Funeral Services For Dr. Eide Are Held Here Tuesday

Dr. A. T. Eide, 56, prominent Lake Placid physician and former Representative in the Legislature from Highlands county, passed away at Bay Pines hospital, near St. Petersburg, Sunday, September 7, following an illness of several months. Heart trouble from which he had suffered for a long time, caused his death. He was taken to the veterans' hospital early last week.

Funeral services were held Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock at the Episcopal church, with the Rev. Richard I. Brown, officiating, assisted by the Rev. S. A. Boyce, pastor of the Methodist church at Lake Placid. The remains were shipped to Chicago for interment.

Active casket bearers were Fletcher Payne, Bascomb Alderman, L. V. Renfroe, Cleve Poole, F. W. Williams, and Frank Yusko, all of Lake Placid. Honorary bearers were A. L. Hall, W. F. Roberts, F. A. Baldus, James B. Barry, J. E. Sims, L. L. Henderson, J. T. Taylor, O. A. Sapp, L. C. Crews, Tom Bozeman, Ivey Futch, Alexander Blair, Bill Smoak, John Smoak, Irving Cobb, R. H. Porter, Russell Hendry, and B. F. Williams.

Dr. Eide was born in Morris, Ill. He served as Captain of the Medical Corps in the U. S. Army during the World War. He was a member of the American Legion, Masons and Eastern Star. He was state representative from this district in 1937. He has been a resident physician and surgeon in Lake Placid for the past fifteen years or more.

Survivors are his widow, two daughters, Misses Elaine and Marian Eide; two sons, Alfred Jr., and Howard; his mother, one brother, Dr. I. O. Eide and two sisters, Dr. Bertha C. Eide and Miss Violet Eide, all of Chicago, Ill.

Band Rehearsal And Picnic Held Thursday Afternoon

The Avon Park high school band, Lake Placid band, and fourteen members of the Sebring band met at the music room in the auditorium Thursday afternoon at 3 three o'clock for a combined rehearsal, followed later in the afternoon by a picnic at the E. G. Todd home, and a continuation of rehearsals in the evening.

The purpose of the rehearsals was to review class C music on the national list, from which is picked the state required number to be played at the state contest. The Sebring band members brought certain instruments needed to fill out the defferent sections, Band Director E. L. Roberts said.

Chaperones at the picnic were Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Roberts, John E. Phay, director of the Lake Placid band and Mrs. Phay, Mrs. E. G. Todd, and Mrs. J. Paul Garber.

New Law Requires Fictitious or Trade Names Registered

The fictitious name statute passed by the 1941 legislature and now in force is reproduced here for information of the public:

CHAPTER 20953 (No. 745)

House Bill No. 1175

An Act requiring all persons engaged in business or professions in the State of Florida, except corporations, using other than their own proper names, to register the trade name or whatever name they are doing business under and the extent of interest of all persons concerned, with the clerk of the circuit court of the county where the principal place of business is, as part of the public records, and the penalty for non-compliance, and providing for intention to so register to be advertised.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This is to be known as the "Fictitious Name Statute."

Section 2. Definitions: Persons shall include every individual, whether natural or artificial, firm or group or combination of individuals or partnerships, whether natural or representative, except corporations.

Fictitious names shall include any trade name, whether a single name or group of names, other than the proper name or known called names of those persons engaged in such business or professions.

Business shall include all enterprises or adventures wherein persons either sell, buy, exchange, barter or deal, or any of these things, or represent the dealing in anything or article of value, or rendering services for compensation.

Section 3. On or before thirty days from the time this law shall be enacted, it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, as defined herein, to engage in business as herein defined, under a fictitious name as herein defined, without and unless said fictitious name shall be registered with the clerk of the circuit court of the county where the principal place of business is, which registration shall consist of filing with the clerk aforesaid an affidavit signed by all interested persons, stating under oath the names of all those interested in the business enterprise, the extent of the interest of each, and the fictitious name under which said business is carried on. Said registration may not be made until the person or persons desiring to engage in business under a fictitious name shall have advertised his or their intention to register said fictitious name at least once a week for four consecutive weeks in some newspaper as defined by law in the county where said registration is to be made, and said registration shall not be accepted by the clerk of the circuit court except upon receiving proof of such publication.

Section 4. The clerk of the circuit court shall receive a fee of $1 for receiving and filing said registration, to be paid by the person or persons engaged in doing business under a fictitious name, as herein defined.

Section 5. The penalty for failure to comply with this law shall be that neither the business nor the members nor those interested in doing such business may defend or maintain suit in any court of this state, either as plaintiff or defendant, until this law is complied with, and further that any persons violating this law may have information filed against him by anyone aggrieved or believed to be aggrieved, before the proper court and charged with a misdemeaner, and upon conviction therefor be fined the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25), or sentenced to jail for 60 days, or both, in the discretion of the judge of the court who is trying the said case.

Section 6. Any portion of this law declared or held invalid shall not invalidate the rest of the law, and the enactment of this law repeals any and all laws in conflict herewith.

Section 7. This Act shall take effect within 30 days after it becomes a law.

Approved by the Governor, June 13, 1941.

Filed in the office Secretary of State, June 14, 1941.

The purpose of the law is to acquaint the public with the names of those responsible in case of suit when a business is otherwise operated fictitiously.

The Sun will be pleased to assist firms in the publication of necessary notice and will provide further information if desired.

Funeral Services Held Thursday for I. C. M. Ellenberger

Funeral services for I. C. M. Ellenberger, 77, who passed away Tuesday at a Sebring hospital, following a prolonged illness, were held Thursday afternoon at four o'clock at the family residence, Tulane Circle. The Rev. G. S. Roberts, pastor of the First Methodist church, officiated.

Pallbearers were Francis Shockley, C. R. Ginn, Jr., Vernon Lanier, S. C. Pardee, Jr., Raymond Dilley, Freed Peden, Harold Worden, and A. McKay Elwell. Interment followed in Bougainvillae cemetery. Stephenson Funeral home was in charge of arrangements.

Mr. Ellenberger was born in Gatesburg, Pa., October 30, 1863. He received his education in Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, Pa., and Penn State college at State College, Pa., graduating from there with the class of '90, which recently celebrated its 50th reunion. He was a member of Phi Kappa Sigma fraternity. After his graduation, he went to Bremen, Ky., where he became president of Perryman Institute He and Mrs. Ellenberger were married in Bremen on Dec. 25, 1894. Later, he was superintendent of city schools at Tyron and Sunray, Ky. The Ellenbergers came to Florida September 1919, and located in Avon Park.

He was principal of Avon Park schools for six years, retiring from public life in 1926. During his term as principal, the school enrollment increased from 200 pupils to 589 with 23 teachers employed in 1926. The outstanding achievement of the school, under Mr. Ellenberger's leadership was placing the school on the accredited list of the Southern Association of Secondary Schools. The first parent's organization was also formed under his administration, and known as "Mothers' Congress."

Mr. Ellenberger was a gentleman of the old school and a brilliant scholar. During the time he was school principal, he commanded the love and respect of the students for his kindly disposition and understanding manner. He was beloved by a wide circle of friends.

Surviving relatives include his widow, Mrs. Mary Ellenberger; three daughters, Mrs. H. S. Bowen, Sunbury, Pa., Mrs. Chas. A. Dissinger, Washington, D. C., Mrs. John C. Sullivan, Rochester, N. Y., and one son, Hugh Ellenberger.

Drivers' Licenses and Registrations At Wells Motor Co.

Drivers' licenses are on sale at Wells Motor Company service station, in charge of Mrs. Roland Droit. All drivers are urged to get their licenses before October first, if they want to avoid the necessity of standing the drivers' test.

Registration books for the three Avon Park precincts are also on hand in charge of Mrs. Droit, for the convenience of voters. The three Avon Park precincts are: No. 1, North of Main street and east of the SAL railroad; No. 1A, South of Main street, and east of the SAL railroad; No. 1B, all west of the SAL railroad. The books will be here until October 1.

Iron Lung Fund Drive Begins Sat., Sponsored By Elks

Contributions for the Iron Lung Fund drive which began last Saturday has brought in $73.00 from Highlands county patrons.

Pecuniary gifts may be made to Elks Club members and many local business men including restaurants and drug stores. Posters will be placed in business houses which will receive contributions. The cost of the iron lung which the Elks desire to purchase for aid of county people is $1600.00.

To assist in the present drive there will be entertainments and dances sponsored by local groups.

ATTEND SCOUT MEETING

Dr. M. E. Jordon, M. V. Pilcher, S. F. Longbottom and Francis Shockley, Avon Park members of the Highlands District committee, Boy Scouts of America, met with group leaders from Sebring and Lake Placid Tuesday evening at the Santa Rosa hotel in Sebring. Scout work was discussed, and future activities were planned.

Three Old, Two New Elected On Council

Mayor Covington Is Re-elected By Large Vote

Avon Park voters retained three members of the old council and elected two new members in the municipal election Tuesday.

E. A. Delaney and S. E. Booth are the new councilmen, and Earl H. Ware, president of the council, Miss Mattie Tompkins and C. Parke Anderson were re-elected.

Delaney led the ticket, as was freely predicted he would, with a vote of 757. Booth ran second receiving 537. Ware placed third, with 469, Tompkins fourth, with 467, and Anderson was fifth with 457 votes. Other results were: G. S. McKnight, 449; B. A. Frizzell, 432; C. H. Lewiston, 429; and Max Wild, 412.

Mayor M. E. Covington was re-elected for his sixth term, defeating James E. Luxton. The vote was Covington, 508; Luxton, 311.

The councilmanic race was run strictly on factional lines, and the number of straight ballots showed the influence of this type of campaigning. Four members of the present council, Ware, Anderson, McKnight and Wild ran as the administration group for re-election. Miss Tompkins joined in with the opposition, and ran with Booth, Delaney, Lewinton and Frizzell, receiving the backing of the Pardee faction.

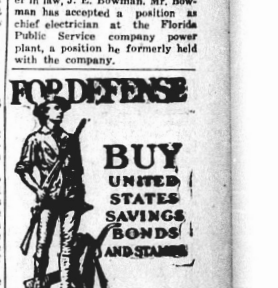
Actual tally of the ballots as they were called showed that the Pardee-backed faction polled 296 straight ballots. The administration ticket polled 282 straight ballots. In addition, there were 337 split ballots, according to this check, and allowing for a few ballots thrown out, or some few which were marked for only one or two candidates. There were 931 ballots cast, out of a possible 1100 or more qualified voters.

Delaney's high vote showed he received votes from both factions and many of the split ballots. Booth also benefitted from support from both tickets. According to the Sun's tally, the Pardee ticket polled only 14 more straight tickets than did the administration faction, indicating that the split ballots, cast by independent voters, actually decided the result.

Both factions held free suppers for their supporters in rallies Monday night. The Pardee faction had a fish fry at Lake Vigo club house and the administration group put on a free barbecue in Donaldson park, where each of the administration candidates spoke briefly. A group of string band artists furnished music for the occasion, and later for a street dance at the Jacaranda hotel intersection.

EARL GREEN PUROL DISTRIBUTOR

Earl A. Green has taken over the Purol agency, formerly operated in this territory by his brother in law, J. E. Bowman. Mr. Bowman has accepted a position as chief electrician at the Florida Public Service company power plant, a position he formerly held with the company.



AMERICA ON GUARD!

Above is a reproduction of the Treasury Department's Defense Savings Poster, showing an exact duplication of the original "Minute Man" statue by famed sculptor Daniel Chester French. Defense Bonds and Stamps, on sale at your bank or post office, are a vital part of America's defense preparations.

SEP 13 1941

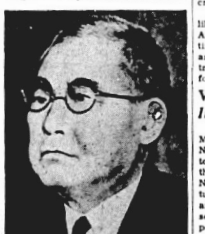
WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS By Edward C. Wayne

Roosevelt Asserts Positive Stand Against Appeasement as Lindbergh Sees Trouble With Great Britain; Diplomats Try Their Hand in Far East

(EDITOR'S NOTE—When opinions are expressed in these columns, they are those of the news analyst and not necessarily of this newspaper.)
(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

PEOPLE:
And Realization

President Roosevelt, realizing that he was faced with a determined anti-intervention bloc, both in press and congress, which was taking as its theme "pooh-pooh, there's no danger," had been making strides in his effort to bring about in the American public a realization of what he considered to be the real seriousness of the international situation. Coupled with this was an effort he was making to have Americans also make a more realistic evaluation of their own blessings. In recent utterances, particularly in one from Hyde Park, he quoted at length from a personal letter to him



SEES PRESIDENT

Ambassador Nomura recently delivered a personal message to President Roosevelt from Prince Konoye, Japanese premier. This started rumors of "peace" negotiations for the Pacific.

from an unnamed mother, in which she said, in part:

"It is terrifying, coming from Europe, to realize that many of these people (in America) in their unruffled existence, seem to have no idea of what hangs over their heads today.

"They put themselves in a posture where they cannot squawk about what they don't see.

"They go about their 'daily dozens' ignoring the threatening heel of human beings who want to destroy the freedom, the normal life to which they have been accustomed.

"In Europe there is not a nation of those who have suffered abuse whose people are not aware of what America stands for. They pray daily that America will save itself by helping greatly to defeat Hitlerism."

The President, echoing her sentiments, said:

"That is a thought we all feel. We want to keep America so that in all the years to come, long after all of us here are gone, someone will be able to meet as we are doing, as we hope to meet next year."

And, later, in a message particularly to labor, along the line of urging America to consider its own blessings, he said:

"Only in a democracy could there be a day set aside for millions of workers, free men and women in a free country.

"Only in a democracy could they spend the day in free worship, enjoying the right to speak their minds, to read uncensored news and to hear uncensored radio programs.

"Today we in America are faced with the great task of preserving that democracy and we, too, will offer our utmost in labor and sacrifice just as our fathers and our fathers' fathers did." His Labor day talk declared unequivocally for the defeat of Hitlerism and his refusal to become "a Benedict Arnold" by accepting appeasement and "crumbs" from Hitler's "peace" table.

LINDBERGH:
Sees New Menace

Charles A. Lindbergh, chief administration critic, enlivened the discussion of extended aid to Britain and Russia by turning on England, and warning the American people in an address that if we banked too much on the British, we might find ourselves in the same company with Finland and France.

Pointing out that these two nations, like this country, started out in their participation of the war as allies of Britain, and now were finding themselves at least technically enemies of the British, Lindbergh's speech was headlined in many newspapers as "Lindbergh Says British May Fight U. S.," and given prominent position.

At about the same time Representative Cox of Georgia, bitterly denouncing the presidential shakeup of the defense production group, declared that the White House was letting the "left-wingers" take control of industry, and that the new alignment would "tie the hands" of William S. Knudsen, and "kick Stettinius out of the picture."

Yet on the same day Mr. Knudsen himself was quoted as saying:

"I feel that the new arrangement will achieve splendid results in increasing the rate of production."

It was a succession of incidents like these which enlivened the American war effort at the same time confusing newspaper readers as to the thought of leaders on controversial subjects of how the effort should be conducted.

VICHY:
In Limelight

The shooting of Pierre Laval and Marcel Deat by Paul Collette, a Norman youthful assassin who had to join the French Legion to fight the Soviet in order to get close to the Nazi collaborator with his pistol, turned eyes suddenly toward Vichy, and the double assassination attempt seemed confirmatory of previous reports of serious unrest.

At almost the same time that stories were coming across the wires telling of the sudden appeal of sympathy for Collette, a New York newspaper writer uncovered a story about the operations in the United States of a clique of Vichy agents, working under the direct control of Gaston Henry-Haye, French ambassador to the United States.

It was a romantic yarn, telling how advance plans of General De-Gaulle's ill-fated expedition against



SHOT

The shooting of former Premier Pierre Laval, Nazi collaborator, is believed to be but one instance of widespread opposition in France to the Petain-Hitler program.

Dakar were smuggled into the U. S. in the gasoline tank of an automobile shipped to Hoboken from London and on a Greek steamer.

The plans presumably were turned over to the Vichy government by agents here. The story, evidently the result of long and careful investigation by the writer for his newspaper, named more than a dozen names, including that of the ambassador himself, and created a profound sensation, certain to bring repercussions.

It was charged, among other things, that a secret French police agent had been sent here and had established the undercover organization.

At the same time that Laval and Deat were near death from their wounds as a sort of culmination of French unrest and sabotage against the pro-Nazis, it was reported from Stockholm, mine of information about conditions in Norway, that Quisling himself had tried suicide by taking sleeping pills.

The report stated that the nervous puppet Nazi leader in conquered Norway had been found unconscious and that prompt medical attention saved his life.

The Swedish sources stated in passing that their country, as well as Switzerland and Portugal, the only three European nations not engaged in the struggle one way or another, were being strongly propagandized by Germany on taking sides, with considerable "advice" as to which side to take.

JAPAN:
And Roosevelt

A long conference between Ambassador Nomura and President Roosevelt, followed by the announcement from the White House that the President personally would attempt a peaceful solution of the Japanese-United States impasse brought hopes up high that the outcome might be the freeing of the Pacific fleet or a portion of it to aid in the battle of the Atlantic.

Nomura's attitude, following the conference, had been:

"The gap between the policy of our two nations are not so great but that they can be bridged peacefully."

Almost immediately Prince Konoye, Japanese premier, issued a statement of aims in which two points stood out—a desire to "dispose of the Chinese affair"—and a wish "for lasting peace and prosperity in the Pacific."

Those were broad aims with which the United States had no quarrel. Yet a recent speech of Churchill was taken by some to mean that America was about to appease Japan by tossing China overboard. This the President swiftly denied and said it should not be read into the Churchill speech.

However, that remained a chief issue. For few could reconcile with President Roosevelt's general foreign policy the throwing over of a democratic oppressed nation to appease a nation already labeled by this country as "aggressor."

Even a bigger obstacle, and one requiring most delicate handling was the question of lease-lend aid to Russia. Again, unless the President was to make a most drastic appeasement move, nothing or no aid would be going to the Soviet through Vladivostok, a pill Japan so far had announced itself unable to swallow.

Some observers saw these two items as inseparable obstacles to any rapprochement between the Japanese and Americans, and believed the Nomura statement and the Konoye message were simply further Japanese "stalling" and "bluffing" to avoid becoming embroiled in any further warfare.

The Nazi announcements (and many believed the Japanese government was taking its dictation from Berlin) gave Japan no choice if it wanted to follow German leadership, stated flatly that they opposed oil shipping into Vladivostok, not only on their own part but on that of Japan, and sharply criticized President Roosevelt and Churchill in these words:

"The abyss separating the real future of our (Japan's and Germany's) common destiny from the propagandistic verbosity of Churchill and Roosevelt is clearly visible."

The Vladivostok plan was denounced as "plans to bring in foreign influences through such back doors to keep Bolshevism alive."

TAX BILL:
Still Unsolved

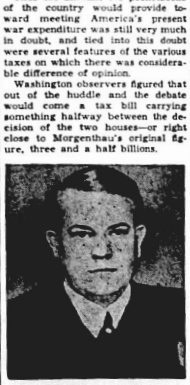
As the senate made ready to act on the new tax, the situation was:

The house had pared about $300,000,000 from what Secretary Morgenthau had asked for—about three and a half billions. The house thought $3,200,000,000 enough.

The senate finance committee, on the other hand, said the American tax bill at $3,672,000,000, or about $172,000,000 more than Secretary Morgenthau had asked in the first place.

Thus the amount the pocketbooks of the country would provide toward meeting America's present war expenditure was still very much in doubt, and tied into this doubt were several features of the various taxes on which there was considerable difference of opinion.

Washington observers figured that out of the huddle and the debate would come a tax bill carrying something halfway between the decision of the two houses—or right close to Morgenthau's original figure, three and a half billions.



TAKES POISON

Quisling has become a word synonymous with treachery. Quisling, Nazi intriguer, was put in charge of his native Norway when Hitler conquered it. Quisling was reported last week to have taken an overdose of sleeping pills—deliberately. Opposition to Hitlerism has been growing in Norway.

AMERICAN LEGION:
Serious Note

On Milwaukee in mid-September will converge an estimated 150,000 American Legionnaires, families and friends, but this year's national conclave will bear a more serious atmosphere than ever before. Announced recently by National Commander Milo Warner was a roster of speakers indicating that fun-loving Legionnaires will get down to brass tacks on subjects like national defense, American participation in the war and Pan-Americanism.

Here Is President Roosevelt's Own Story; Tells of Fight for Supreme Court Reform



The nine justices that constituted the Supreme court at the time (Feb. 5, 1937) President Roosevelt first made his proposals for changing the high tribunal's organization. They are: left to right front row: Louis D. Brandeis, Willis Van Devanter, Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes, James C. McReynolds and George Sutherland. Back row, left to right: Owen J. Roberts, Pierce Butler, Harlan F. Stone and Benjamin N. Cardozo.

By special arrangement with Collier's Weekly and Western Newspaper Union this newspaper presents in condensed form a series of four articles by President Roosevelt currently appearing in that magazine. The articles are taken from the President's newly written introductions to forthcoming volumes of his state papers. The first, condensed below, contains the President's own story of the fight for Supreme court reform.

THE FIGHT GOES ON
"The Constitution Prevails"

By Franklin D. Roosevelt

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THIS was the year of the famous Supreme court fight—1937. This was the year which marked a definite turning point in the history of the United States. For, this was the year which was to determine whether the kind of government which the people of the United States had voted for in 1932, 1934, and 1936 was to be permitted by the Supreme court to function.

If it had not been permitted to function as a democracy, it is my reasoned opinion that there would have been great danger that it might have been ultimately compelled to give way to some alien type of government—in the vain hope that the new form of government might be able to give the average men and women the protection and co-operative assistance which they had the right to expect.

For that reason I regard the effort initiated by the message on the Federal Judiciary of February 5, 1937, and the immediate results of it, as among the most important domestic achievements of my first two terms in office.

For two decades the Supreme court of the United States had been successfully thwarting the common will of the overwhelming majority of the American people; and had been diverting the functions and philosophy of government into channels which ran counter to the thought and objectives of progressive opinions throughout the modern civilized world . . .

The big choice before the American people in 1932 had been to determine whether they should continue the old type of administration or install a new one—definitely committed to the proposition that the federal government had not only the power, but the duty, to step in to meet with bold action the economic forces at play. The people had made their choice in 1932, and had emphasized it in 1934.

By the time of the election of 1936, however, it had become clear that this new conception of government and of its relation to economic and social problems was in danger of complete frustration. And the road ahead, for further, or even different, effective action to meet these problems, seemed to be completely blocked.

For a dead hand was being laid upon this whole program of progress—to stay it. It was the hand of the Supreme Court of the United States.

The executive and legislative branches of the government had gone into action immediately in 1933. But they soon found that, athwart the path of progress along which they were moving, a majority of the Supreme Court of the United States was erecting a barrier which it was impossible to climb over, under or around. True, not everything had been destroyed by judicial fiat. But the whole question of the power of the federal government to handle these problems in an effective, decisive way had been placed not only in doubt, but in positive jeopardy.

In the struggle between the political power of the people as expressed by their representatives and the economic power of private property, the Supreme court, in the generation preceding the spring of 1937, seemed almost invariably to lean toward the latter.

NOTABLE EVENT

A series of articles by the President of the United States is a notable event in journalism. Seldom has any newspaper had an opportunity to publish anything under the name of any President. While the present series of articles is of historical rather than of current moment, it is a notable contribution both to history and journalism. This newspaper publishes the articles without bias as to the opinions contained in them.

And the judicial process was being more and more frequently exercised by the court, to lay low the efforts of government to meet the pressing needs of the times in which it was functioning. In the first 70 years of our constitutional history, the court invalidated only two acts of the congress; in the next 70 years it nullified 58. Between 1920 and 1930 it declared 19 federal statutes unconstitutional. To climax this growth, the court in the three years beginning in October, 1933, set aside 12 statutes, five of which occurred in a single court year, October, 1935.

I have already discussed in the Introduction to the 1935 volume, the more important Supreme court cases involving New Deal legislation. Recapitulation will show how hopeless it looked, by the time I started the so-called Supreme court fight on February 5, 1937, that any really effective legislative program could withstand the assaults being made by the judicial branch of the government.

The first major blow had come in January, 1935. Our efforts to remove chaos from the third largest industry in the country—petroleum—were struck down. The oil-producing states had been unable individually to meet that problem which came from overproduction of oil, wasteful competition, and consequent bankruptcy prices. Only the national government could save the industry. It proceeded to try to do it. Pursuant to congressional statute, it prescribed quotas of oil for each oil-producing state, and permitted each state to prescribe fair quotas for each well within its boundaries. It then prohibited any interstate shipments of "hot oil," that is, oil produced in excess of these quotas. The states alone could themselves never have prevented these interstate shipments. The decision of the court, however, was that the statute was unconstitutional as a delegation of legislative power to the President.

This was the first time that a federal statute had ever been nullified on such a ground. But, unfortunately, it was not to be the last. This new doctrine—nowhere specifically mentioned in the Constitution—added much doubt and perplexity to framing all future legislation. Some delegation is, of course, necessary if government is to function at all. But neither from the words of the Constitution, nor from the mouth of the court, came any standards to fix the amount of delegation permissible.

The next decisions were on the question of the government's power to abrogate gold clauses in private and public contracts. These decisions, therefore, involved the entire control by the congress of the currency of the United States, and the whole gold and silver policy of the duly elected government. This policy was, to a great extent, the basis of the recovery program—the means used to bring order out of chaos in foreign exchange and domestic currency, and to remake the unfair debt structure then in existence. It can well be said that, in these decisions, the court was passing on the validity of the whole American economy, which had been accepted by the business and financial world almost universally since the enactment of the statute a year and a half earlier, and which was then in process of adaptation to the changing world economy.

The congressional action was sustained as to private contracts—but only by a five to four vote. It was held invalid as to public obligations; but by technical legalistic reasoning, the disastrous results of such a holding were avoided by a conclusion that no actual damage had been proved. Even as to this conclusion, four of the nine justices disagreed.

By the slim margin of one human being, this very foundation of our recovery had been upheld. What a slim thread on which to hang the fate of a nation!

Then came, all in one day, May 27, 1935, a unanimous decision that the Frazier-Lemke act, designed to help farm mortgagors, was unconstitutional; a unanimous decision that the President could not remove a federal trade commissioner, although in an earlier case in 1926, the court had stated that the Executive could remove any officer he could appoint, even one with quasi-judicial powers; and a unanimous decision that the National Industrial Recovery act was unconstitutional.

This last decision was the most far-reaching. It again invoked the shadowy doctrine of unlawful delegation of powers to the Executive. If the court had stopped here, its job would have been done, and the damage would not have been wholly irreparable. But it went farther, and held that the statute and the code-making power under it were not a valid exercise of the power of the congress to regulate interstate commerce. This broad, sweeping assertion immediately cast a long shadow of doubt over everything which we had been doing, and were expecting to do, for the benefit of U. S. citizens, through the federal control of interstate commerce.

This shadow of doubt became more definite and certain when the court, on January 6, 1936, by a vote of six to three, invalidated the agricultural adjustment program. The statute thus set aside had been enacted in 1933, and had been absolutely essential to the survival of agriculture in the panic of that year. The states alone were powerless by themselves to cope with the reduced farm income, with the prevailing bankruptcy prices for farm products, with the burdensome surpluses and overproduction of farm commodities. If one state tried by itself, the adjoining state could nullify its efforts. Only the federal government could help—and in 1933 it did, almost immediately. The widespread, beneficial results of our farm program enacted to meet the agricultural crisis of 1933 are well-known now. Its benefits extended not alone to the farmer; they spread to all sections and to all groups throughout the land, by furnishing the farmers with purchasing power with which they could buy industrial products and manufactures of all kinds.

But all this effort was destroyed. The basis on which it was destroyed was even more disastrous in its implications than the immediate decision itself. It was apparently set aside on the chief ground, among others, that overproduction of farm commodities and all the dire results of such overproduction were not matters of general welfare but purely a local condition, of purely local concern to the respective states.

To remedy this condition, it was held, the congress could not pay farmers for voluntary crop limitation, under the general welfare clause of the Constitution—which by its terms would seem clearly to give the congress power to tax and spend for the general welfare. The three dissenting justices characterized the majority opinion as a "tortured construction of the Constitution," and indicated how far reaching would be the effects of this kind of decision—a decision which was not based upon legal reasoning at all, but upon political and economic bias.

HIGHLIGHTS . . . *in the news*

REHOBOTH.—This Delaware summer resort town had a blackout of several hours and an airplane caused it. The plane, carrying a man and woman, crashed to a forced landing through electric power lines and burst into flames. Although the pair escaped instant death, the town was thrown into darkness for several hours. There was annoyance but no casualties.

NEW YORK.—Having confessed 10 murders of women, Jarvis R. Catoe, 36, was held in jail as a score or more cities on the eastern seaboard asked detectives to question him about still other unsolved murders of women.

WASHINGTON.—A further cue is forecast in oil supplies from producers to dealers during the remainder of September.

Army Wives May 'Blitzkrieg' Sea Base Home Builders

WASHINGTON. — Army authorities here fidget nervously as they await first reports on how Mildred, meaning the Colonel's lady, takes to life in the garrisons of newly acquired Atlantic bases. Their flap pockets bulge with horseshoes, rabbit's foots, and other charm pieces and they piously cross their fingers and hope for the best.

Due to the fact that much standardization is essential and time a precious element, they have good grounds for apprehension, as it was impossible to consult with the wives of the officers before the O.K. was given to the architects to proceed. Officers responsible for the base construction work are bracing for the shock, when the women learn they will have no opportunity to comment on room arrangements, closets, decorating and other items so dear to their hearts.

Flowers as Emblems

Flowers form the national emblems of many countries. There is the rose of England, the thistle of Scotland and the shamrock of Eire. The lotus blossom belongs to both Egypt and India, the fleur-de-lis to France, while Japan claims the chrysanthemum and Spain the pomegranate.

The maple leaf of Canada was adopted because her soldiers used branches from this tree to camouflage their uniforms when fighting the War of 1812.

Comfort that runny nose. Follow directions. PERETRO ROSE DROPS

Beauty in Modesty

How beautiful is modesty! It winneth upon all beholders; but a word or a glance may destroy the pure love that hath been for thee. —Tupper.

YOU BUY INOCULATION ON FAITH

Field tests have shown a big difference in the quality of inoculating brands on the market. You cannot see the legume bacteria, you cannot feel them. Proper demonstration impossible. What is the reputation and experience behind the inoculation you buy?

● NITRAGIN is the ORIGINAL LEGUME INOCULATOR, having served the farmer for forty-two years. It won a GOLD MEDAL at the World's Fair, St. Louis, 1904.

● NITRAGIN is made in the most complete and modern laboratory of its kind in the world.

● NITRAGIN is the leader in its field by a big margin. NITRAGIN demand in the South has rapidly increased year after year. During the fall of 1940 the Southern shipments of NITRAGIN were far more than 48 million pounds, of VETCH and WINTER PEAS. This large demand is due to many field tests carried on year after year. We prove by these tests that NITRAGIN is a good product.

Send for our booklet "Plant Legumes to Prosper" shown at left. It tells of field tests and how NITRAGIN is made. The booklet also gives you valuable information regarding the inoculation of legumes.

If your dealer does not have NITRAGIN in stock, have him get it for you. Insist on NITRAGIN inoculation.

Accept no substitute

NITRAGIN

THE NITRAGIN COMPANY, Inc.
3780 So. Booth St. Milwaukee, Wis.

Your Value

Your worth consists in what you are not in what you have; what you are will show in what you do. —Thomas Davidson.

INDIGESTION
what Doctors do for it

Doctors know that gas trapped in the stomach or gastric hyperacidity often causes pain, indigestion, heartburn, sour stomach, nausea, dizziness. Get the same medicine Dr. Peter Fahrney used in his private practice for 25 years. Ask for Dr. Peter Fahrney's Home Treatment Test—one bottle; return bottle to us and receive DOUBLE money back. 30c. at all drug stores.

Slaves Who Fear

They are slaves who fear to speak for the fallen and the weak.

"MIDDLE-AGE" WOMEN 38-52 yrs. old NEED THIS ADVICE!!



Thousands of women who are troubled during this distress period because of "change of life" by this period in life, may find Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—famous for over 60 years—a wonderful Compound—made especially for women—to help relieve such symptoms as feel weak, nervous feelings due to this functional disturbance. Try it!

Sleep Repairs

Sleep knits up the ravelled sleeve of care.—Shakespeare.

Black Leaf 40 KILLS LICE

JUST A DASH IN FEATHERS... OR SPREAD ON ROOSTS

Our Waterloo

Every man meets his Waterloo at last.—Wendell Phillips.

TRUTH

Today's popularity of Doan's Pills, after 50 years of world-wide use, surely must be based on a record of satisfactory use. Doan's favorable public opinion supports that of the skilled physician who has for 50 years known Doan's under ongoing tests of time and change.

These physicians, too, approve every word of advertising you read. The sole aim of which is only to recommend Doan's Pills to a good, deserving public in cases of the kidney function and for relief of the pain and suffering of backache.

If more people were aware of how the kidneys, when they fail to function as they should, cause many to suffer nagging backache, persistent headaches, attacks of dizziness, getting up nights, swelling, puffiness, under the eyes—feel weak, nervous, all played out.

Use Doan's Pills. It is better to rely on a medicine that has won world-wide confidence than on something less favorably known. Ask your neighbor!

DOAN'S PILLS

SEP 13 1941

Payment of Indian Claims Sought

Mississippi Files a Petition Charging Government With Broken Faith.

JACKSON, MISS. — Some pale-faces high in the government of Mississippi have taken action in Washington to claim $4,000,000 for the state's Choctaw Indians.

Rep. Ross Collins and Attorney General Greek L. Rice say that amount is due the Indians from the federal government for the breaking of treaty obligations and "the gross wrongs of a century ago."

Representative Collins drafted a bill which would confer juridiction of the court of claims to determine the claims. The attorney general has filed a brief in behalf of the bill.

Some of the claims are to compensate for the government's failure to grant the Choctaws the lands to which they were entitled by the Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek, signed on September 27, 1830. Other claims involve the scrip and interest in property of the Choctaw nation said to be due the Indians under several acts of congress and treaties between the United States and the Choctaw nation.

Broken Pledges Alleged.

Full of bitter and authenticated reports of broken pledges, the attorney general's brief charges officials with betrayals of these "illiterate and trustful people" who "depended largely upon the white man for a guidance in their relation to each other.

Repeatedly—the brief charges—the Choctaws were assured in formal treaties they would never again be asked to give up more of their lands, that they could govern themselves without molestation from the state. The treaty signed at Doak's Stand (which contained such promises) pledged that "the agreement will endure as long as the waters run, the trees grow and the sun shines."

Historical documents are quoted in the brief to show coercion of the Choctaws into signing the Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek in Noxubee county and subsequent violation of the pact by the whites.

One of the treaty's clauses provided that the United States would supervise removal of the Indians to their new homes.

The brief quotes eyewitness accounts of suffering, starvation and death among the Choctaws trying to reach their new western homes. It charges the government with "shameful negligence" in its obligation to transport the Indians from Mississippi.

Who would get the claim money if the action is successful? It would go to the "Choctaws of the State of Mississippi," who are defined by the bill to include "reserves under the Treaty of September 27, 1830 (Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek), and their descendants; those persons who on July 1, 1902, were residents in Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana, having not less than one-eighth Choctaw Indian blood, and their descendants, and such persons as were hereafter identified on any approved roll of Mississippi Choctaws and their descendants, and shall not include any persons who were enrolled on the final citizenship rolls of the Choctaw nation in Oklahoma."

Referring to legal technicalities advanced by the U. S. attorney general, the brief said, "This is a subject in which cold, legal rule and definitions of rights, according to American legal standards, should not prevail, but it is the high moral duty imposed upon the United States government to do justice to these Choctaw Indians."

Minute Make-Ups

By V. V.



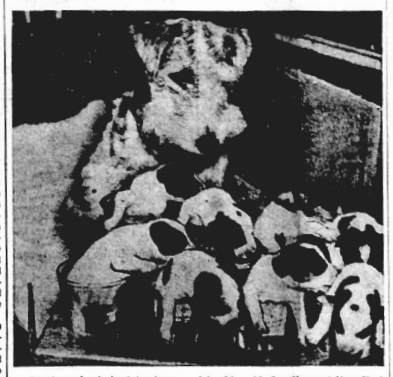
THIS harmless bleach will help you fade your freckles—if the sun has made them stick. Mix one part glycerine with two parts fresh lemon juice. Apply regularly and let it dry on. Don't expect it to REMOVE the freckles. But they'll be pale enough to be attractive. (Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

Heavy Rains Cause Street Accident



PITTSBURGH, PA.—This is how the long, long, trailer wound up after taking a dive into a street cave-in caused by heavy rains. The back part of the truck fell into the hole, dragging the rest with it. The driver suffered cuts and bruises and had to be treated at a hospital. The truck was carrying a heavy load of slag.

Eight 'Setups' With Good Heads



Spunky, wire-haired terrier owned by Mrs. M. Landberg of New York city, assumes a proud, maternal look as she views her record litter of eight pups. They were sired by champion Whryhie Gala Lad, who captured three ribbons last year. Spunky's previous contribution to the frisky wirehairs' dog world was seven, in 1940.

Bedtime Story

by Thornton W. Burgess

MRS. GROUSE SAVES JUMPER THE HARE

JUMPER THE HARE says that Mrs. Grouse was very brave, but Mrs. Grouse says that she wasn't brave at all. But whether she was brave or wasn't brave matters very little, for either way she certainly saved Jumper's life. Yes, sir, that is just what Mrs. Grouse did, and Jumper is so grateful that he has been all through the Green Forest telling his friends about it.

"You see, it was this way," he explained to his cousin, Peter Rabbit. "There we sat under that thick hemlock branch holding our breath while that hunter with his terrible gun came nearer and nearer until he was so near that I could almost touch him. Then he stopped and stood with his back to us and we wondered if he would go on or look under that branch and see us."

"My, that must have been exciting!" exclaimed Peter.

Jumper paid no attention to the interruption, but went right on with his story. "It was all right until he said something right out loud. I suppose he was talking to himself. Anyway the sound of his voice was so unexpected that it startled me, and I moved ever so little. But that was enough. In fact it was too much. You see I had rustled some dry leaves, and that hunter heard me. He turned and began to pull aside that hemlock branch. I guess you know about how I felt then."

Peter nodded, his big eyes wide with excitement. "What did you do then?" he demanded.

"I was quite sure he didn't see us yet," continued Jumper, "and so I kept still. But all of a sudden he saw me. I knew it by the look in his face and the way he threw up his terrible gun to shoot. Then I jumped and ran. Looking back I saw him point his terrible gun straight at me, and I didn't have a bit of hope left. Just as I expected to hear the dreadful bang of the gun there was a great whirr. You know what it was."

Once more Peter nodded. "It was Mrs. Grouse," said he.

"Yes, sir, it was Mrs. Grouse," replied Jumper. "She flew up almost in that hunter's very face, and I guess the whirr of her wings made him jump. Anyway, he didn't shoot at me, but whirled around and pointed his gun at her. But by that



"My, that must have been exciting!" exclaimed Peter.

time she had dodged behind a tree. You know it is wonderful how quickly she can do that. 'Bang!' 'Bang!' went the gun, but I guess he couldn't see her very well, for I knew by the way she went sailing up over a tree top that she wasn't hurt. By that time I was safe, for the terrible gun was empty, and by the time he could load it again I was where he couldn't have found me if he had tried. Wasn't it a perfectly splendid thing for Mrs. Grouse to do? I surely would have been shot if she hadn't done just what she did just the way she did."

"It wasn't splendid at all," said Mrs. Grouse, who had come up while Jumper was talking. "I did what I did because I had to do something, and I was too frightened to do anything else. So there wasn't anything splendid about it."

"But you saved Cousin Jumper's life, didn't you?" asked Peter.

"I suppose I did in a way," replied Mrs. Grouse.

"Then that is all there is to it. It was a perfectly splendid thing," retorted Peter.

And to this day he and Jumper insist that this was so, and no one can make them believe differently. (Associated Newspapers—WNU Service.)

Colorado Points Proudly To 49 14,000-Ft. Peaks

DENVER.—With Switzerland becoming inaccessible to tourists Colorado enthusiasts are quick to point out that the Rocky mountain state has more high peaks than the European country, anyway.

Switzerland has eight peaks above the 14,000-foot mark—Colorado has six times as many, 49.

In area Colorado is seven times larger than Switzerland.

Although Pikes peak, elevation 14,100, is Colorado's most famous mountaintop, the state has 26 other peaks that tower above it.

Oldest Wells Again to Yield Oil for Defense

BRADFORD, PA. — The world's oldest oil field is booming again because of the national defense emergency.

The Pennsylvania sands field in the northwestern part of the state has come back to life. Rigs once more are lined up along the highways and hundreds of old wells are being cleaned for emergency duty.

The reason for the increased activity here is the tanker shortage, which has resulted in smaller shipments of western crude and refined products and as a consequent comparative scarcity of petroleum products on the eastern seaboard.

Old wells, small producers that formerly were unprofitable to operate under the low prices prevailing previously, are being put back in use with the prospect of better financial returns and the need for their products in the East.

Many of the pumpers who are cleaning and working the renovated wells are old-timers who are returning to the drillings because of the shortage of younger men.

The fields in this district are considered the oldest in the world but virtually were abandoned due to competition from more productive drillings in other parts of the country.

Chester the Pup

By GEORGE O'HALLORAN



WE HAD company for dinner tonight. It was a Mr. Smith, one of Brittlebrain's customers from Chicago. He was a big, crabby looking fellow with a derby hat, and a face like the missing piece of a jigsaw puzzle. Brittlebrain expected a big order from this visit and he knew just what he was going to say at the supper table. But he never got a chance. Clara's Uncle Sedgewick did all the talking. Can you imagine that old billy goat trying to tell us that he once tracked a black polar bear (the only one ever heard of, and therefore worth a fortune). Well, he tracked that bear for seven years and when he finally caught up with him the bear had turned gray from old age. That was too much for me so I went in the parlor and chewed the top out of the guy's derby. By the time dinner was over, Mr. Smith was kind of fed up on uncle's hot air. And finding his hat on the parlor floor without a top was no tonic either. He finally left without leaving an order, but he told Brittlebrain that he thought the frost must have crept through a crack in uncle's skull.

(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

Walter Winchell

While Walter Winchell is on temporary active duty with the U. S. navy his column is being conducted by guest columnists. This week's column is written:

By KATE SMITH

'We're All Americans'

As a singer and commentator I have had my say via radio to millions of Americans both at home and abroad. From time to time I receive gracious invitations from editors to express myself as a reporter on topics of the day. I always welcome such opportunities and more so now, for I feel that not enough is being said on behalf of America for Americans.

Not so long ago I introduced a new song of America titled "We're All Americans" which your editor thought should be the title of this column. The lyrics of this song which I made recently for Columbia Records, reads:

'We're all Americans,
We're proud to bear the name;
Our nation's fathers wove a flag
By the light of freedom's flame.
Now waving bravely overhead,
It tells us what to do;
We're all Americans,
All true blue.

*Permission by Cobbett Corp.

It is that flag which gave us our birthright. It is that spirit which gave us our courage. It is that freedom which made our land a great democracy. It is that something—faith perhaps—which is found in the following stories:

Youthful America

I'm thinking of a child, a little girl of 11. An average American girl, her name is Mary Esther Wheatley, from Hamburg, N. Y. . . . Mary's daddy was an aviator. His was a hazardous job for he flew the untried planes — he was a test pilot. Making aviation safe for America was his vocation. One day, not long ago, he made his last flight for his ship crashed in San Diego bay. The broken heart in the world was Mary's, but slowly she recaptured the faith which had always made her brave and understanding. She wrote the following lines:

They say my father died . . . he did not die,
Why just tonight I heard him fly—
above my roof . . .
They say he folded his wings at sea . . . but daddy would have wanted me
To doubt these things. You can't fold wings
That for a lifetime have been spread to fly above a first child's head!

Tonight when all the world is still,
I'll lean upon my window sill,
And listen for you, Daddy Bill.
And though the whole world fails to note
A fast-approaching dying boat, with ghostly motors in his throat,
I'll hear it come, and I shall be
Proud . . . proud that you flew east to me . . .
On wings . . . that no one else can see!

Americans at Home

Everyone is talking these days about our national defense effort; and hundreds of thousands of loyal Americans are figuring out ways, great and small, to help. Knoxville, Tenn., as it has figured out one that seems to be a very substantial contribution. For several years, Knoxville was the first major city in the Tennessee valley to use electricity generated by the TVA. But now, instead of an unlimited use of electric lighting, the city has resorted again to flickering oil lights.

The Aluminum company's plants at Alcoa can't get the power they can get. It is TVA power. Since somebody has to conserve it, Knoxville has taken the lead in setting an example. Merchants are turning off their window display lights and signs at night. One store in the downtown section substituted oil lanterns in its display windows; and strung them around the store's marquee. A florist has resorted to candles to light his windows. A cafeteria also uses candles to light the restaurant for Its Family Night.

Under the impetus of these public demonstrations of power savings, more and more ideas for curtailing power have been originated. A 25 per cent curtailment of consumption is the goal.

A Foreigner Abroad in America

Last month hearts of all Americans were touched with great sorrow at the passing of Ignace Jan Paderewski. A magnificent pianist, a supreme master of music, his technical skill was enhanced by his warm personality and generous nature.

Polish by birth and loyally working all his life for that land he loved, still Paderewski was an internationalist . . . a citizen of the world. Even when he was ill and weak, even when he no longer played the beautiful music that has delighted millions through the years, he gave his remaining strength toward the rehabilitation of his countrymen. Always he was a leader among men. And yet he was a simple man . . . speaking a simple language.

It is fitting that we here in America honor this man.

PATTERNS

SEWING CIRCLE



A NEW-FOUND smartness for junior girls is presented in this basque dress. Gay with the colorful charm of the old-world peasant frock, this youthful style provides a refreshing fashion change which you, too, will find becoming. Learn for yourself, when you make this easy-to-sew frock, what a curving basque bodice, a low square neckline, a taut wide waistband and a swirling skirt will do for the feminine figure! The basque silhouette is entirely new, different, quaint.

Another feature of the basque fashion which you'll appreciate is that it may be as brilliant in coloring and trimming as you care to make it. Pattern No. 1447-B is one you may make up in a bright plaid, a sprigged challis, a vivid tone on plain material. Then add the true peasant touches in the braid around the neckline and around the top of the hem.

Barbara Bell Pattern No. 1447-B is designed for sizes 11, 13, 15, 17 and 19. Corresponding bust measurements 29, 31, 33, 35 and 37. Size 13 requires 3¼ yards 36-inch fabric without nap. Send your order to:

SEWING CIRCLE PATTERN DEPT.
Room 1324
211 W. Wacker Dr. Chicago

Enclose 15 cents in coins for
Pattern No. ..... Size .....
Name .....
Address .....

Large Convoys

Although there are fewer than 40 vessels in most convoys, some such groups, when carrying important people and valuable cargoes through dangerous zones, have been known to comprise as many as 80 naval ships and armed merchantmen, says Collier's. These giant convoys require an area of about 25 square miles, usually travel at only 10 knots and may be discovered by their smoke at a distance of 50 miles.

The men in the service themselves have solved the problem of what they want in the way of gifts from the folks back home. First hand information from enlisted men on shipboard, in camps and barracks indicate that tobacco is first choice in the gift line-up. Actual sales figures from service stores show that the favorite cigarette with men in the Army, Navy, Marines and Coast Guard is Camel. Prince Albert Smoking Tobacco is another special favorite. Local dealers feature Camels by the carton and Prince Albert in the pound tins as doubly welcome gifts to the men in the service from the folks back home.—Adv.

MOROLINE
MILLS MENTHOLATUM
SOOTHES SUNBURN
WORLD'S LARGEST SELLER at 5¢

Integrity

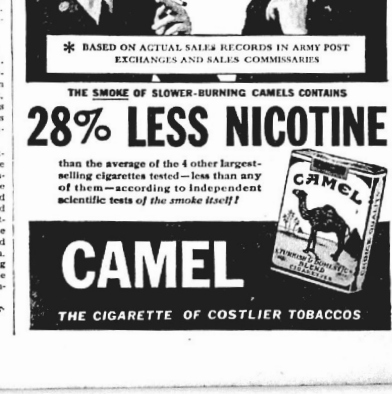
Integrity of Life is fame's best friend which nobly, beyond death, shall crown the end.—John Webster.

Don't say Pork and Beans
SAY
Van Camp's
PORK and BEANS
Feast-for-the-Least

Disadvantageous Tales

A man should be careful never to tell tales of himself to his own disadvantage; people may be amused, and laugh at the time, but they will be remembered, and brought up against him upon some subsequent occasion.—Johnson.

FIRST WITH MEN IN THE ARMY*..CAMELS!



* BASED ON ACTUAL SALES RECORDS IN ARMY POST EXCHANGES AND SALES COMMISSARIES

THE SMOKE OF SLOWER-BURNING CAMELS CONTAINS
28% LESS NICOTINE
than the average of the 4 other largest-selling cigarettes tested—less than any of them—according to independent scientific tests of the smoke itself!

CAMEL
THE CIGARETTE OF COSTLIER TOBACCOS

LONDON CONSIDERS PLANS FOR REBUILDING AFTER WAR

LONDON.—The City of London, reputed in legend to be paved with gold, may pass into public ownership.

That old legend sometimes has been proved true. Land-grabbers, speculators, adventurers of all kinds in the city's history have profited by the turnover of land sites.

Because of the speculation in valuable sites, Sir Christopher Wren's great plan to remodel the city of London after it had been destroyed in the great fire in 1666, was wasted.

Land owners claimed the right to build again on the plots they occupied. Speculators sold land at fabulous prices, and the new owners insisted on building there, regardless of Wren's plans.

Now, the City of London has another chance. German bombs have destroyed so much that large-scale rebuilding will be necessary.

And the city corporation is determined that the interests of landowners shall not interfere this time. They are planning a new London, with broad thoroughfares.

They will be lined with trees. Great new buildings will rise on either side of them. The new city is considering a plan to buy all the land on which the city stands—673 acres of it.

First great reconstruction scheme after the war will be near St. Paul's around Newgate street.

But all the work will be carried out according to a single comprehensive plan which will rid the city of its dingy alleys and twisting lanes and make it instead a modern world capital.

The Royal Institution of British Architects urges that a London planning board should be set up to consider rebuilding plans.

SEP 13 1941

Folks You Know . .

Mrs. Rosa Blanton of Mulberry is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Vera Freeman.

Fred Touchton, Jr., of Lakeland spent Sunday with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Fred L. Touchton.

R. C. Adams of Camp Blanding is spending a week's furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Adams.

Mrs. W. W. McFarland left Sunday night for Waycross, Ga., where she entered the ACL hospital for an operation.

Mrs. H. G. Thompson of Montgomery, Ala., is the guest of her son in law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Francis.

Mrs. I. H. Morgan and daughter, Sandy of Lakeland are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Wells.

F. M. Wolf returned home Wednesday from Washington, D. C., where he has veen visiting relatives.

John E. Wilkes left this week for Gainesville, where he will continue his studies at the University of Florida.

Weyman Carver left Tuesday for Gainesville to enter the University of Florida for his freshman year.

Dale Jordon of Pahokee returned home Wednesday after a visit with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Jordon.

Mrs. O. G. Knowles of DeLand is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Harold Worden and family, having arrived last Saturday.

Mrs. Belle D. Clement returned to her home in Anderson, S. C., last Saturday, after a weeks visit with her daughter, Mrs. Paul A. McFarland and family.

Mrs. C. F. Furr of Ocala, formerly Miss Hazel Cameron, Avon Park, underwent a serious operation Sunday morning at an Ocala hospital. Her many friends here will be pleased to know that her condition is improving.

Rev. and Mrs. E. G. Wood of Spencertown, N. Y., will arrive on September 14, to make their permanent home in Avon Park at the William King residence, which they purchased about a year ago. Their household furniture arrived this week.

Doyle Perry, son of Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Perry will leave Sunday for Jacksonville, where he will enter Bolles School for the coming term.

Mr. W. M. Reck left the latter part of last week for Pittsbourgh, Pa., and surrounding points, where she will visit relatives. She will be away until early in December.

Miss Marguerite Loomis left Wednesday for Venice, where she has accepted a position as typist in the construction office of the new artillery base.

Mrs. Ivor Farnell and attractive young son, Ronny of Tampa are spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Theo Weisheyer, and other relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. William Langenbahm have returned from a summer's visit at points in Michigan. Mr. Langenbahm has leased the Cities Service station on Lake Verona, which he will operate.

Bobby Keller returned home Sunday from Elm Grove, W. Va., where he has been the guest for two weeks of Mr. and Mrs. Roland Keller.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Archer and son and daughter, Billy and Winifred spent Sunday in Sarasota with Mrs. Archer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Etheridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hancock of Orlando were the guests on Monday night of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Kinsey. Mrs Kinsey accompanied them home on Tuesday morning, and has been visiting them this week.

Rev. Wade C. Smith returned Saturday from Harvey Cedars, N. J., where he was one of the speakers at a two weeks' Bible conference. Following the conference, he spent several days in New York on business.

Mr and Mrs. L. G. Palmer have returned from Amarillo and other points in Texas, where they have visited their daughter, Mrs. Ray Franks and family, and other relatives. Mr. Palmer is making preparation, to open his packing house again this fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Maysack, who have spent the summer in Plum Lake, Wis., where Mr Maysack was an instructor at Camp Highlands, a boys' camp, returned home Wednesday. They have spent the past four weeks in Chicago, Ill.

Miss Gale Coen, who has been the guest for several days of her brother in law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Roger Williams at their home in Miami, returned home Tuesday. She will leave this week end for Wheaton, Ill., where she will continue her studies at Wheaton College.

Austin Gilmour of Miami spent from Tuesday until Thursday here on a visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Gilmour. Mr. and Mrs. Gilmour accompanied home as far as Fort Pierce, on his way to Miami Thursday morning.

Miss Jane Clements and Cecil Clements are leaving this week end for Auburn, Ala., where they will enter Alabama Polytechnic Institute for the coming term. Miss Clements will be a member of the sophomore class, and Cecil will continue his studies toward his master's degree.

James Jordon, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Jordon, who left August 6 for Texas, left there Tuesday for Henderson, Tenn., where he entered Freed-Hardemon collefe for his second year in the study of the ministry. While he was in Texas, he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Eris E. Ritchie at their home in Troup, and conducted two successful revivals nearby.

Free Theatre Tickets

Find Your Name In The Ads

If your name appears in one of the ads appearing in this issue of The Sun, you will receive a free ticket to the

Park Theatre

Good for Either Next

Sunday or Monday

Clip ad in which your name appears and take it to the box office and see

"Moon Over Miami"

with

Don Ameche
Betty Grable

County Judge Urges Drivers To Obtain Licenses At Once

Judge T. A. McNicholas has asked for the full cooperation of county drivers in applying for new operators licenses. Last year approximately 4,500 licenses were issued in Highlands county in comparison with 300 which have been issued so far this year.

The great differentiation in figures is caused by the fact that in other years many of the applications were not made early in the year. Under the present enactment made at the recent session of the legislature, any person desiring a license must either present a Florida 1940-41 license or the license from another state. If the driver is not at the present time in possession of his operator's license, he must take an examination.

Florida licenses for the 1940-41 year will be void after the last day of September. Any person who makes application for license after this date cannot use his last year's card. He must either be in possession of a license from another state or he must submit to the test.

According to Judge McNicholas, the low number which has applied indicates that there will be a last minute congestion at the arrival of the deadline or that many drivers will have to be tested to receive reissuance of their card. Tests in Sebring are being given by a representative of the highway department every Thursday afternoon at the court house.

CHURCHES OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

"Substance" is the subject of the Lesson-Sermon which will be read in Churches of Christ, Scientist, throughout the world on Sunday, September 14.

The Golden Text is: "The things which are seen are temporal; but the things which are not seen are eternal" (IICorinthians 4:18).

Among the citations which comprise the Lesson-Sermon is the following from the Bible: "And God said, Let there be light: and there was light. And God saw the light, that it was good; And God said, Let the earth bring forth grass, the herb yielding seed, and the fruit tree yielding fruit after his kind, whose seed is in itself, upon the earth: and it was so" (Gen. 1:3, 4 to 11).

The Lesson-Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science Textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" by Mary Baker Eddy: "Infinite Mind creates and governs all, from the mental molecule to infinity. This divine Principle of all expresses Science and art throughout His creation, and the immortality of man and the universe. Creation is ever appearing, and must ever continue to appear from the nature of its inexhaustible source." (p. 507:24-29).

American Legion Auxiliary Meets

The American Legion Auxiliary met at the Legion home Monday evening for the regular bi-monthly meeting. Mrs. Ruth Clowe, president of the unit, presided.

Those present were Mrs. D. G. Perry, Mrs. Ruth Clowe, Mrs. David Stuckey, Mrs. Chas. Sherman, Mrs. W. J. Prevatt, Mrs. Ben T. Stewart, and Mrs. Mary Holcomb.

TIME OUT FOR FUN



RADIO stars need a summer's rest from their work like anyone else, and from the looks of these pictures get a lot of fun out of it too. (1) Up at Lake Placid, N. Y., the fish take to deep water this time of year. They best of all know Kate Smith's ability with a hook and line. (2) Ezra Stone, whom you know best as "Henry" in "The Aldrich Family," is a rabid Dodger fan. He is shown with Freddie Fitzsimmons, pitcher for Ezra's home team, Brooklyn. (3) After a strenuous winter with her stage as well as radio work, Helen Hayes is content just to sit in her garden and catch up with her reading. (4) Back in Hollywood for the summer, before the resumption of his program in September from New York, Eddie Cantor gets his money's worth from his private pool. (5) Jack Benny and his wife, Mary Livingstone, usually manage a game of table tennis at their Hollywood home. It goes well before taking a plunge.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

A REPORT TO OUR CUSTOMERS IN HIGHLANDS COUNTY



Avon Park Power Plant, Florida Public Service Company

SINCE AVON PARK and Highlands County are, with fine civic spirit, forging ahead to new prosperity, and since it is the policy of the Florida Public Service Company to keep its customers informed of company operations as they effect the public interest, it is particularly appropriate for the company to publish a report to its customers in Avon Park and Highlands County at this time.

A $46,000 PAYROLL

The Florida Public Service Company employs 31 persons in the county. Payroll for this district amounted to $46,047.53 for the year ending July 31, 1941.

These employees with their families total 104 people, citizens - residents - consumers, in the county.

The size of the payroll is largely due to the location of one of the company's power plants at Avon Park. Electric power from this plant is transmitted throughout the company's system.

TAXES

This Company is one of the larger taxpayers in the City of Avon Park and County of Highlands. Our tax contributions help to support local government and materially reduce the burden on other local taxpayers.

REDUCED RATES

In the face of increased costs, the company has adhered to its policy of reducing rates wherever and whenever it is economically feasible. Domestic electric rates were again simplified in 1940 bringing a reduction to a great many of our customers.

Low utility rates are an attraction to any community. Florida Public Service Company's electric rates are among the lowest in the state.

CONSTRUCTION WORK

Extensive improvements have been made on the company's lines in Highlands County during the past year. This meant considerable sums were spent in the county to improve your service. Transmission and distribution circuits were overhauled and revamped. Improvements to the power plant and to the Avon Park Water System were also accomplished.

DEFENSE

THIS COMPANY is supplying electric service for U. S. Army needs on its system. In addition, the company's interconnections with the lines of other power companies enable it to transmit power to areas in other states where needed for defense industries. In June alone 5,629, 300 kilowatt-hours of power were sent to such areas.

Fourteen of the company's employees have been called to service in the armed forces, two of these from Avon Park.

This report is necessarily brief and limited in scope. We will be glad to receive criticisms or suggestions and to answer questions concerning the activities or policies of the Company.

Our wish, as yours, is for the increasing growth and prosperity of Avon Park and Highlands County.

Respectfully submitted,

H. R. Cloud

Vice President & General Manager
Florida Public Service Company

Notice of Application for Tax Deed (Senate Bill No. 163)

Notice is hereby given that Highlands Hammock Co., Sebring, Florida, holder of Tax Certificate Nos. 1079, 1080, 1081, issued the 4th day of July, 1927 and Tax Certificate Nos. 805, 806 issued the 6th day of August, 1928 and Tax Certificate No. 615, issued the 3rd day of August 1931, has filed same in my office and has made application for a tax deed to be issued thereon.

Said certificates embrace the following property in the County of Highlands, State of Florida, to-wit:

Cert. No. 1079 of 1927 covers SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 4, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 E.

Cert. No. 1080 of 1927 covers SE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 4, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 E.

Cert. No. 1081 of 1927 covers NW¼ & W½ of SW¼ & NE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 4, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 E.

Cert. No. 805 of 1928 covers E½ of SE¼ & SE¼ of NE¼, Sec 4, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 East.

Cert. No. 806 of 1928 covers W½ of NE¼ & NE¼ of NE¼, Sec 4, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 E.

Cert. No. 615 of 1931 covers SW¼ of SW¼, Sec 22, Twp 34 S., Rge 28 E.

The assessment of the said property under the said certificates issued was in the name of Unknown.

Unless said certificates shall be redeemed according to law, the property described therein will be sold to the highest bidder at the court house door 11:00 a. m. on the first Monday in the month of October, 1941, which is the 6th day of October, 1941.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1941.

H. T. PIETY
(SEAL) Clerk of Circuit Court of Highlands County, Florida.
By D. G. YOUNG, Deputy Clerk.
Sept. 6, 13, 20, 27

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR (Senate Bill No. 163)

Notice is hereby given that Ruby Haas, holder of Tax Certificate No. 789, issued the 3rd day of July, A. D. 1930, has filed same in my office and has made application for a tax deed to be issued thereon.

Said certificate embraces the following described property in the County of Highlands, State of Florida, to-wit:

Lots 4 & 5, Sub of Lots 1-2, Sec 20, Twp 36, Range 33.

The assessment of the said property under the said certificate issued was in the name of Unknown.

Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law the property described therein will be sold to the highest bidder at the Court House Door in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, at 11:00 o'clock, on the first Monday in the month of October, 1941, which is the 6th day of October, 1941.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1941.

H. T. PIETY, as Clerk of Circuit Court of Highlands County, Florida.
(SEAL)
By D. G. YOUNG, Deputy Clerk
Sept. 6, 13, 20, 27

Notice of Application for Tax Deed (Senate Bill No. 163)

Notice is hereby given that John W. Watson, holder of Tax Certificate No 1016, issued the 4th day of September, A. D. 1933, has filed same in my office and has made application for a tax deed to be issued thereon.

Said certificate embraces the following described property in the County of Highlands, State of Florida, to-wit:

N½ of NE¼ & NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 7, Twp. 35, Range 29.

The assessment of the said property under the said certificate issued was in the name of Unknown.

Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, the property described therein will be sold to the highest bidder at the court house door 11:00 a. m. on the first Monday in the month of October, 1941, which is the 6th day of October, 1941.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1941.

H. T. PIETY
(SEAL) Clerk of Circuit Court of Highlands County, Florida.
By D. G. YOUNG, Deputy Clerk
Sept. 6, 13, 20, 27

THE SUN

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W. M. HETHERINGTON
Managing Editor

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One Year outside County $2.50

THANKS, FRIENDS

I am deeply grateful to every voter who gave me their support Tuesday for election to the City Council. It will be my pleasure to serve you, and I will do my best at all times, to deal with each situation in a fair and impartial manner, keping in mind the fact that you have placed your trust in me by a splendid vote.

E. A. DELANEY

THANKS

I wish to thank my many friends who so graciously supported me in the election for City Council.

I sincerely appreciate the confidence shown, and pledge myself to do everything in my power to further the benefits of and for Avon Park.

EARL H. WARE