

NATIONAL AFFAIRS

Reviewed by
CARTER FIELD

Farm situation not measurably improved and little hope on the horizon before another year... Conditions might arise to make Wallace President... Appropriations exceed those of last year by more than a billion... Even Farley cannot find out if the President wants a third term.

WASHINGTON—It was the farm revolt against the New Deal that was responsible for a good many of the Republican victories in the 1934 election, and to a lesser extent, for the failure of that party to purge against recalcitrant Democratic senators.

This was notably true in Ohio, where perhaps the turnover as between the 1930 and the 1934 votes was the most spectacular in the country. But there was scarcely a state in which this dissatisfaction of the farmers with the way things were going did not play a part in the reaction.

What makes this so important right now is that the farm situation has not measurably improved, and that there is nothing of importance on the horizon which indicates that it may be substantially better before next year. The food and clothing stamps for surplus commodities will help a little, but the idea, estimates to be good, and it is working fairly well in experimental areas. This means that it will be liberally extended, and may prove very important. But few keen students of the farm problem in Washington think that it is going to be enough to change the tide.

What can change the tide, of course, is a very different farm picture next year. Nobody can tell about that now, but nature may take a hand, either in restricting crops here, or, even better from the standpoint of farm incomes, by restricting them abroad.

Conditions Might Arise to Make Wallace President

If the farmers of this country next season should have bumper crops, while the farmers of the Argentine and other competing areas suffer drought and pestilence, so that the farmers of the United States not only have a lot to sell, but are able to sell at good prices for their crops, the Republican candidates can scream their throats off without getting anywhere. The farm revolt will simply disappear.

Henry A. Wallace President!

But the present situation is desperate, from the Wallace standpoint. The estimated corn crop is 2,500,000,000 bushels, there is a surplus of 400,000,000 bushels, but because this is the third year in succession that the corn growers of this country have produced more than they can sell, or at least, as B. M. Baruch likes to state the same problem, "more than they can sell at a profit."

Wallace's ever-normal granary is taxed to the roof with a 400,000,000 bushel carry-over. In fact no one knows what to do with the corn. Wallace has sent out a call for \$5,000,000 worth of steel corn bins in which the commodity credit corporation can store 50,000,000 bushels along railroads and near elevators.

So it is small wonder that the food and grain administration was kicked around when it tried to prevent, by law, continued use of the labels without stating on the label that it was contained in processed foods. The best and cane sugar group in this country is pretty strong, politically, but not strong enough to battle the problem in the mammoth corn crop. If anybody wants to use corn sugar in food which is fine—it will use up a little corn.

Legislators Lose Pork but Want to Do Own Carving

"Spend and spend, tax and tax" is out the window unless Franklin D. Roosevelt can get another mandate next year, thus proving the "elect and elect" part of the trilogy attributed to but denied by Harry L. Hopkins. This does not mean that congress has turned parsimonious, despite the spectacular reduction in the role to take up the spend-bill, and the shelving of the housing measure. The legislators still love their pork, but they want to do the carving themselves, and they want to select the favored plates to receive the best slices.

Actually this congress was pretty liberal with the people's money, it appropriated about \$12,500,000,000 this year, which is hardly cheapening or a step toward balancing the budget. But it refused to increase the present \$400,000,000 debt limit, and then refused to get around it by the spend-bill device, which is a very convenient sort of the two things of course, one easy, politically, it one leaves out the ability of defying

the White House, and the other much more difficult. Refusal to increase the debt limit did not make any group of voters mad. It did not deprive any group who wanted a piece of federal pork or even the gravy to go with it. It was just a gesture. Voting to adopt it, stop a single appropriation. It simply served notice that, after the federal debt had been increased about four more billions, we are going to stop increasing it.

Appropriations Exceed Last Year's by Over Billion

This year's appropriations, however, were roughly \$12,500,000,000 more than last year's, which were \$11 billion 400 millions. But the important thing now is to note the trend. The economy revolt, if it can be called that from such an extravagant congress, came right at the end of the session. Just after the house refused even to take up the spend-bill by voting down the rule under which it was to be considered—the house appropriations committee waded into the full deficiency appropriation bill, voting against it, and then savagely than any appropriation bill has been cut by this body since 1933.

This would seem to split plenty of the voters next year.

If business gets better—as the stock market seemed to predict the day after the house killed the spend-bill—it would seem unlikely that the President can work the country up against the men who voted to cut the bill.

Which would mean economy, plentifully sprinkled with pork.

Not Even Jim Farley Could Find Out President's Plans

Shortly after the Hatch bill, Garner boosters actually made bets, giving three to one, that Roosevelt would not be re-nominated. As far as the explanation of their confidence, they insisted that they were now sure of a third term or he would not have signed the bill. This is far from conclusive logic, as there is strong opinion that for the President to have vetoed the Hatch bill, and then run, would give the Republicans a very useful club with which to belabor him during the campaign.

Not even Jim Farley was able to find out whether the President will make the race or not, so everything is speculative, but there is one very curious element in the situation. The President has decided to slightly the political effect of the President's defeat last year in the "purge" primaries.

It was contended then by some very astute politicians, James A. Farley included, that every time the President but a single year, he thereby made his own renomination more likely. The theory at that time was that once the President had been re-nominated, it was less likely that the President would be able to force the delegation from that state to the national convention to vote for some other New Dealer. Hence it made it less likely that any New Dealer except the President himself would be elected.

And finally, that this situation would force the President to run again in the situation resembling the one in 1932, when the President had to be re-nominated. The theory included, of course, the conviction that at that time that a Democratic nomination would not dare refuse renomination if the President's friends were fighting for it. But the same theory, the Hatch bill has undoubtedly curtailed the power the President will be able to exercise over the national convention. It will be possible to beat the devil round the stump, in many instances, but every time this is done a weak link is inserted in the chain.

Might Work Out This Way in The National Convention

Imagine, for example, Postmaster A, who normally, being a political power in his community, would be a delegate to the national convention. The Hatch law prevents this, so A has his political map. Friday selected as delegate instead, immediately two possible weaknesses occur to the line of federal control, which would not exist if A himself were a delegate. First, of course, Friday may intend to do what A does when he goes to the convention, that is, to vote for Roosevelt. But when he gets in a delegation caucus—say, for instance, on the question of whether that state delegation will stick by Roosevelt for another ballot—Friday may decide to run out on A, and on Roosevelt. Of course there is nothing A can do about it in time to change the convention results.

Or it may be that A wants to retain the appearance of loyalty to Roosevelt, but privately thinks the party's chances are better with some other nominee. Then he may tell Friday, very confidentially, that he wants the delegation to leave Roosevelt at the first opportunity, and Friday may obey him. Then A can protest to the White House that he was betrayed by that "ingrate" Friday.

But while Roosevelt's chances of continuing to win his state would be weakened, it is no guarantee that he will not be re-nominated. If there is a surge of sentiment for him, just before the convention, it might be manifested in preferential presidential primaries, it is entirely conceivable that the convention would name him.

(See Syndicate—WNU Service.)

Price of Silver Index to Prosperity Around World

Drastic Shifts in Value Bring Changes in Living Conditions.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Silver was thrown into the spotlight of international interest when the price of freshly mined United States silver was recently upped to 71.11 cents an ounce.

"The cost of silver still affects money markets and standards of life around the globe," says the National Geographic society.

"In the silver-conscious East the fluctuation of this metal is an index to prosperity. Drastic shifts in its value bring sharp changes in living conditions, as happened in 1913 when the price of silver soared to \$1.37 an ounce, and again, in 1923, when it dropped to 24½ cents an ounce.

"In mining regions of the Western hemisphere, especially in Mexico—the earth's Number One producer of the soft, pale substance—silver is closely linked with the people's welfare and the national economy.

"For thousands of years silver has played a vital role in man's life. It was the first of metals widely used for money. Five hundred years before Christ, taxes from silver mines were added up in the financial books of the Greeks. From silver coins, called Joachimsthalers, struck off in the sixteenth century mint near Joazeim in central Europe, came the root word 'thaler'—from which was derived the symbol of cash, the dollar.

"Silver, with gold, lured the conquistadores to the New World, and helped settle the American West.

"The California gold rush, the bonanza silver fields of such states as Nevada, Utah and Colorado, where men became rich and land grew 'wild.' Yet many individual miners who reaped fantastic fortunes from the silver flood died in poverty. Henry Comstock, who gave his name to one of the greatest

mineral discoveries in history, the Comstock silver lode of Nevada, eventually committed suicide.

15 Billion Ounces Mined.

"So all, since the day of Columbus, it has been estimated that the world has mined more than 15,000,000,000 ounces of silver, worth something over \$15,000,000,000. North America is the chief source of this metal. In 1934, Mexico produced about 85,000,000 fine ounces of silver, to the United States 61½ millions. These figures represent a gain in production for Mexico over the preceding year, a loss for Uncle Sam.

"With the general demonstration of silver, have come many new modern uses for the metal in the industries and arts. Silver today is a familiar commodity of every day life around the globe, serving in objects from a California gold trophy to an East Indian bride's dowry. It is found on tea caddies and inside a man's chest, patching a war wound; in the headpiece of an Ethiopian chief and in altar decorations of a Peruvian church; in tiny parts for telephone equipment and in the countless miles of film on which Hollywood stars parade for moviegoers from Moscow to Monterey. One big camera company estimates that it melts down more than 200 tons of silver each year for use in its cameras.

"In the United States and Canada alone, according to 1934 figures, \$27,000,000 worth of silver were used in art and industry."

Secretary Should Arrange Details of Club Meetings

By PHYLLIS BELMONT

Chief of Legionnaires

I HAVE recently been elected secretary of our women's club and wish you would tell me in detail just what are my duties and anything else I should know to adequately fill this office. Thank you.

MRS. M. S. B.

Answer—As secretary you will be custodian of the constitution and the laws of the club, the membership roll and the minutes. You must add promptly any newly adopted amendments to the former and record changes of address or telephone numbers, and the names of new members to the latter. In addition, you must record and read the minutes of each meeting and prepare for presiding officer a list of old and new business to be discussed and a list of committees that are to report at a meeting, besides taking charge of general club correspondence.

(Phyllis Belmont—WNU Service.)

Tsk, Tsk! Such Is the Way of Progress



California beauty contestants are now judged on a scientific basis. The beauty queens here are being tested in the "Shadograph" a new device which gives their accurate measurements at a glance. The Shadograph was first used to select the winner of the Venice, Calif., Mardi Gras.

Reddy Squirrel Frightened By Mr. Blacksnake's Clothes

By THORNTON BURGESS

Some people ride their noses in where they're no right to be. It's just the way of the world. I don't get it all the time.

CHATTERER THE RED SQUIRREL didn't get hurt exactly, but he received a great fright and discomfiture, and I'm sure that you will agree with me that this was no more than he deserved. You see, he had no business there anyway. It all came about through being chased to the Green Forest by Bumble the Bee. It was a joke on the part of Bumble, but Chatterer wasn't sure of this and didn't dare stop to find out lest he should feel that sharp little lance Bumble always has with him. So he had run until, all out of breath and temper, he had reached the Green Forest. There Bumble left him and returned to the sweet flowers of the Green Meadows.

Now Chatterer hadn't been in the Green Forest for some time. He used to live there, but since he had made friends with Farmer Brown's Boy he had lived in the Old Orchard and had grown fat and lazy on the good things Farmer Brown's Boy was forever giving him. Now he realized that his run had made him hungry and he began to wonder what he could find to eat there in the Green Forest. It was the wrong time of year for nuts, but there might, here just might, be some eggs. His bright eyes darted this way and that way, and the instant he saw Chatterer acting as if they were trying very hard to keep out of sight he guessed right away that they had a nest not far away. So he hid where he could watch them, and sure enough, he saw them enter a hole in a tree not far distant, a hole that Drummer the Woodpecker had made a long time ago.

Chatterer's eyes sparkled with eagerness and wickedness. "What a feast I will have!" thought he in great glee. "I just love fresh eggs, and I'm sure there are fresh eggs there by the time they are laid."

And all the time Mr. Blacksnake was far away. It was only the tail of his old coat which Chatterer and his wife had used in their nest, and which swung in the wind just outside the doorway, that had given Chatterer such a fright and so had saved the eggs of which Chatterer and Mrs. Chatterer were so proud. Only Sticky-toe the Tree Toad saw all that happened and laughed until he almost split his sides.

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Doomed Man Is Honored Guest at Own 'Wake'



Death was an invisible guest at a gay party given in honor of Claude Joseph Bradley, pictured at piano, in a Brooklyn, N. Y., club. The affair given by some 200 of "Brad's" friends was an ante-mortem wake for the guest of honor. Doomed by a serious illness, he has only a few weeks of life left, according to his doctors. Undaunted, he jested about his fate and proved his courage by being the "life of the party" at the "wake." The arrow in the upper right points to the honored guest.

BLIND STUDENTS HAVE ADVANTAGES, TEACHER FINDS

PITTSBURGH—There are advantages even to being blind, according to Miss Sarah Taylor, a teacher for 40 years at the Pennsylvania School for Blind here. "In my years of teaching I have observed students both blind and without sight and in many ways I feel those without sight have some advantages," she said. These advantages she enumerated as follows:

1. Ability to concentrate on a problem not being hindered by various distractions.

2. Not being able to see what is happening at the time.

3. The tendency of learning every minute detail in the beginning—and thus obtain a better foundation with the student with sight, who may skip elementary lessons.

When Miss Taylor, who comes from a family of educators, first started to teach the blind she had only 20 students. Today she has 100, plus the satisfaction of having taught about 2,500 young people to do things formerly reserved for only those with sight.

But there were many problems to overcome. Teaching a blind boy or girl just to read was the first hurdle. For example, the blind student must first have the piano and its parts explained, then there's table work, where the children learn about the notes before going to the piano. After that, actual lessons on the piano are started.

"To understand the blind child's problem I often sit at the piano, close my eyes and play, just to see what it is like, playing and learning without sight," she said.

Miss Taylor's greatest thrill is to have one of her blind pupils regain his sight.

Ask Me Another

A General Quiz

The Questions

1. Here is the first line of a well known poem: "I could not love thee, dear, so much." Can you give the second line?
2. What country is known as "The Land of the White Elephant?"
3. What is the greatest depth in the Atlantic?

The Answers

1. "Loved I not honor more."
2. Siam is known as "The Land of the White Elephant."
3. Nearly 5½ miles (28,000 feet), north of Puerto Rico and Hispaniola.

Simple PENETRO

"Now, who has behaved best this week?" asked father. "And done all that nursery said?"

"You, dad," replied the angel child.

By burning 25% slower than the average of the 15 other of the largest-selling brands tested—slower than any of them—CAMEL gives smokers the equivalent of

5 EXTRA SMOOKS PER PACK

IMPARTIAL laboratory tests of 16 of the largest-selling brands show which one of them gives the most smokes per pack. The findings were:

1. CAMEL were found to contain MORE TOBACCO BY WEIGHT than the average for the 15 other of the largest-selling brands.

2. CAMEL BURNED SLOWER THAN ANY OTHER BRAND TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER OF THE LARGEST-SELLING BRANDS! By burning 25% slower, on the average, Camel gives smokers the equivalent of 5 EXTRA SMOOKS PER PACK!

In the same tests, CAMEL HELD 3. THEIR ASH FAR LONGER than the average time for all the other brands.

Yes, Camel's fine, slow-burning, more expensive tobacco does make a difference. Delicate taste...fragrant aroma...smoking pleasure at its best, and here of it! The quality cigarette every smoker can afford.

More pleasure per puff, more puffs per pack!

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'This Isn't a Holdup,' Judge Tells Defendant

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—This isn't a hold-up, announced Judge Harry Hoffman to a defendant, who held up both hands and swore it was the trial on a speeding charge.

"Just your right hand, please," the judge told the defendant.

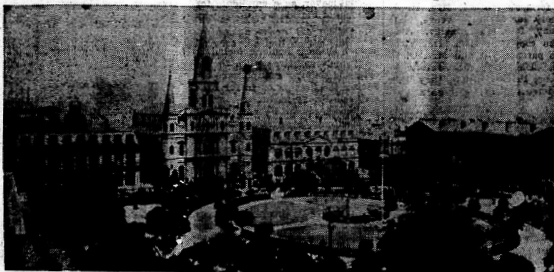
"This isn't a hold-up," he repeated.

"Oh, isn't it?" the defendant muttered.

The defendant was fined \$10 and costs.

CAMEL THE CIGARETTE OF COSTLIER TOBACCO PENNY FOR PENNY YOUR BEST CIGARETTE BUY!

Recent Change in Louisiana Chief Executives Recalls Some of the Picturesque 'Governors' Who Ruled That Spanish-French-American State



The Place d'Armes where Governor Galvez made his stirring appeal for French volunteers to enlist for service against the British. The buildings shown are (left to right) the Cabildo, the St. Louis cathedral, the Presbytery and the Pontalba apartment. In the foreground is Jackson square and a replica of the famous "rooking horse" statue of "Old Hickory."

By ELMO SCOTT WATSON
(Continued from Western Metropolis.)

THE recent resignation of Gov. Richard W. Leche of Louisiana and the consequent installation of Lieut. Gov. Earl K. Long in the executive mansion at Baton Rouge, once occupied by his brother, Huey P. Long, have added another chapter to the colorful, and frequently turbulent, history of the chief executives of the Pelican state. It began while Louisiana was a French colony, it continued under Spanish domination and it characterized the early years, as well as the more recent ones, under the American flag.

If the redoubtable "Kingfish," when he was governor, ruled Louisiana more like the dictator of a totalitarian country than the duly elected head of an American commonwealth, he was only following in the footsteps of a predecessor—an Irish adventurer who, paradoxically, was the "Spanish governor" of Louisiana just 170 years ago. His name was Alexander O'Reilly.

O'Reilly was born in the Emerald Isle in 1723 and at an early age enlisted in the army of Spain. He fought in Italy during the War of the Austrian Succession and later served in the armies of France and Austria. Then he returned to the Spanish army and was made commander of a brigade. Next he was sent to Cuba to repair and improve the fortifications of Havana and for his work there he was made inspector-general. He returned to Madrid in 1768 in time to help thwart a plot against King Charles III and aid in saving the life of that monarch who soon had an opportunity to show his gratitude to the Irishman and reward him accordingly.

By the Treaty of Paris of 1763 between France, England and Spain, France was forced to surrender to England not only Canada, but also that part of old Louisiana lying east of the Mississippi, with the exception of the "island of Orleans" in which was included the city of New Orleans, the capital of the colony.

Ceded to Spain, the "island of Orleans" and all of Louisiana west of the Mississippi was to be Spain, ostensibly as a free gift from France. In reality, of course, France was giving this country to Spain to keep it from falling into the hands of the English and with the hope, which was later realized, of getting it back again.

Although France thus ceded the principal part of Louisiana to Spain in 1763, it was not until March, 1766, that Don Antonio de Ulloa arrived in New Orleans to supersede Aubrey, the French governor. But the inhabitants of Louisiana were not especially happy over the transfer of their country without their consent and the result was a revolution against the new rulers. In October, 1768, the superior council in New Orleans decreed the expulsion of Ulloa, who fled to Havana.

When King Charles III of Spain learned of this, he determined to crush the rebels and he picked General O'Reilly for the task. He appointed the Irishman governor of Louisiana, gave him an army of 2,600 picked men and a fleet of 24 ships.

O'Reilly reached New Orleans on August 18, 1769, and at once issued a proclamation in which he declared that only those who had headed the movement against the Spanish would be punished. All of the leaders, 12 in number, belonged to the nobility but did not save them. One, already taken into custody, died on a Spanish warship. The others were court-martialed and liquid gold and six of them, including the treasurer, former King's Attorney-General in Louisiana, and Milhet, the wealthiest merchant in New Orleans, were shot.

Next O'Reilly dissolved the old superior council of Louisiana and

1770, declared war on the English. The following July Galvez received permission from his king to seize the British forts in Alabama, Mississippi and West Florida.

Galvez called a meeting of the French inhabitants of New Orleans in the historic Place d'Armes and as a dramatic gesture announced that he would renounce the governorship if the natives would not support him in his expedition against the English. Since France had already joined forces with the Americans, since there were in New Orleans many Acadian refugees, who had good reason to hate the English, and since the boyish Spanish governor had endeavored himself to the French in many ways, the young men of that city did not hesitate long before volunteering to accompany him.

Rejecting the suggestion that he wait for reinforcements from Havana, Galvez, with 670 men, the regulars, French Creoles, Acadians and American volunteers under Oliver Pollock, seized the British fort at Manchac, captured Baton Rouge and received the surrender of Natchez. The next year Fort Charlotte at Mobile was taken.

In 1781, re-enforced by a fleet and army from Havana, Galvez attacked Pensacola. When the men-of-war attempted to cross the bar, however, the Span Roman ran aground and the commander of the fleet, Commodore Calbo de Irazabal, declined to risk any more of his frigates.

A Bold Exploit. Galvez, who realized the importance of having the fleet to the attack of arms and food on St. Rosa Island, his base, resolved to shame the commodore into cooperating. He embarked, therefore, on the brig *Galveston*, commanded by Rosseau, a Creole, and raised his pennant on the ship. Followed by a schooner and two gunboats, he boldly entered the port and sailed with such valor that the main squadron followed the next day and safely crossed the bar.

After several months' siege Fort George and Fort Red Cliff were taken and the way to the defenses of Pensacola was opened. A terrific bombardment was continued until an explosion made a great breach in the walls. Then a mining party rushed in and compelled the surrender of General Campbell with his garrison of 800 regulars.

As a reward for Galvez's brilliant success, the king made him lieutenant-general of Louisiana, the Floridas, East and West, and Cuba. He was also given the royal permission to place upon his coat of arms a figure of the brig *Galveston*, with the motto "Yo Solo" (I Alone). In 1788 he was made viceroy of Mexico to succeed his father. He died there in 1788 after having been viceroy for only a year.

The name of Don Bernardo de Galvez lives today in the great city of Galveston, Texas, but Americans have other reasons for remembering him. Not only did he provide the patriot army with munitions at a time when they were most needed, but his conquests of the British posts in the Southeast prevented their using them as bases of attack on the American coast. He was in the Southwest in the Carolinas.

When the Revolution ended, had Galvez held the Mississippi as well as the Lawrence boundaries of the new nation, as well as its future destiny, might have been far different from what they became. Spain later ceded Louisiana back to France and Napoleon Bonaparte sold it to the United States. England made one more effort to gain a foothold in the Gulf of Mexico when, toward the end of the War of 1812, she landed an army near New Orleans. What happened to it when it attacked Gen. Andrew Jackson's army on January 8, 1815, is history.

LABOR DAY Modern Industrial Workman Gets Paid Well, Enjoys Life

The first American governor of Louisiana, like some of his predecessors, had his troubles. And one of his worst troubles was an individual named Jean Lafitte.

This first governor was William Charles Cole Claiborne, born in Sussex county, Virginia, in 1775. In 1801 his fellow-Virginian, President Thomas Jefferson, made him governor of the Territory of Louisiana and two years later he was appointed commissioner, with Gen. James Wilkinson, to accept the transfer of the Louisiana Purchase from the French. He was appointed governor of the province of Louisiana for three years and when it was made a territory in 1804 he resigned control of Mississippi Territory to govern the new one.

In 1810 Claiborne took possession of Baton Rouge and Mobile, which up to that time were still held by the Spanish, despite the fact that the French had sold Louisiana to the United States. Two years later, by an act of congress, Louisiana was made a state and the people of the new state elected Claiborne as their first state governor. And then his troubles began.

The source of these troubles were two brothers, Pierre Lafitte, and his younger brother, Jean-Louis. Frenchmen who had come to New Orleans by way of the West Indies. At first they acted as agents for a colony of smugglers living in the Bay of Barataria. Then they became their leaders and moved their home from New Orleans to the island, Grand Terre, in the Bay of Barataria.

From that time on the record is not entirely clear as to the



exact nature of the Lafittes' activities. Jean Lafitte always insisted that it was privateering and that they were never openly engaged in piracy. But historians are pretty generally agreed that it was piracy and it is as "Lafitte the Pirate" that he has come down in history.

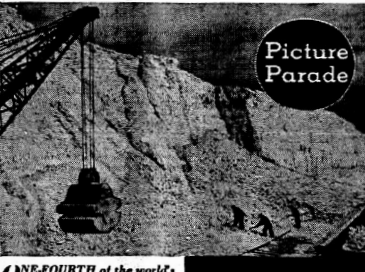
The people of New Orleans were inclined to view these activities leniently—they enjoying being able to buy all sorts of goods at a lower price than that charged by more ethical vendors of merchandise than the Lafittes. But Governor Claiborne was not inclined to wink at such goings-on within his jurisdiction.

So on November 24, 1812, he posted his famous proclamation offering a reward for the capture of "Jean Lafitte, pirate." Two days later, by a cleverly using the same language as the chief executive of the state, the proclamation offering a reward of \$1,000 for the delivery of Governor Claiborne at Grand Terre Therapen New Orleans shook with laughter. But not Governor Claiborne.

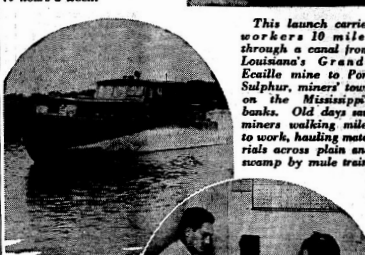
He saw to it that all of the pirates were indicted for piracy and when Pierre Lafitte was caught in New Orleans, he was held without bail. Why he was not tried, however, two famous attorneys whom Jean Lafitte had hired for a fee of \$20,000, and who were paid in full, refused to try him. Soon afterwards, however, public opinion changed and plans were made to wipe out the nest of pirates in the Bay of Barataria. Pierre Lafitte was again arrested and this time he was kept in jail.

Then came the invasion of the British army, Jean Lafitte's offer of his services and those of his men to the American cause, the effort of British officers to enlist the services of the Baratarians and Jean Lafitte's clever bit of double-crossing. He sent Governor Claiborne news of the British proposition and renewed his offer to serve the Americans. As a result Pierre Lafitte was allowed to escape from jail and the Lafittes and their Baratarian army valiantly whipped Jackson's army which was at the Battle of the Green Oaks on January 8, 1815. As a result of this patriotic service Jean Lafitte and his followers were legally forgiven by the federal government and reinstated to American citizenship.

Presumably they were forgiven by Governor Claiborne, too. At least he was troubled no more by the Lafittes who established a pirate colony near Galveston, Texas, then ruled by the Spanish. In 1816 Governor Claiborne was elected United States senator but died in New Orleans on November 22, 1817, before he was able to take office.



ONE-FOURTH of the world's sulphur, used for everything from automobiles and wood killers to xylophones and rubber boots comes from limestone deposits far beneath coastal plains of Texas and Louisiana's delta. This year's Labor day finds the typical sulphur operator, like other U. S. workers, benefiting from exemplary labor conditions. He works 40 hours a week and earns about 86 cents an hour. Twenty years ago he worked harder and the same job paid 35 cents an hour, 70 hours a week.



Financial worries are reduced. This typical worker at Grande Ecaille has just discussed a problem with his personal manager and is receiving a loan. These may be repaid over a year, with no interest charges. Employees get other benefits.



Left: Miners and their families are ardent sportsmen. Here is a regularly scheduled night softball game between Port Sulphur and Belle Chasse, nearby town. Right: Son of a Grande Ecaille worker recovers from operation at Port of Sulphur hospital.

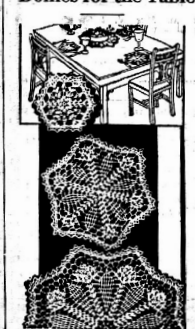


It's good old summer time six or seven months of the year on the gulf coast and a children's swimming pool at Port Sulphur is always popular. Growups find the gulf of Mexico, only four miles away, as good a swimming pool as it is a fishing ground.



A miner's on strolls on Labor day through laboring men's city.

Beautiful Crocheted Doilies for the Table



Patterns 1935

Add that touch of luxury that marks a well-kept home. Crochet a large lace doily for a centerpiece—a large and two medium-sized ones for buffet set—three sizes reposter for a luncheon set. The large doily measures 18 inches, the medium one 12 inches and the small 8 inches. Pattern 1935 contains directions for making doilies; illustrations of them and of stitches; materials required; photograph of doily. Send 15 cents in coins for this pattern to The Sewing Circle Needlecraft Dept., 24 Eighth Ave., New York.

TAKE FOR MALARIA

Get Relief From Chills and Fever!

Don't put up with terrible Malaria. Don't endure the wracking chills and fever. At first sign of the dread disease, take Grove's Tasteless Chills Tonic. It's the real Malaria medicine. Made especially for the purpose. Contains famous quinine and iron. Grove's Tasteless Chills Tonic actually combats Malaria in the blood. Relieves the awful chills and fever. Helps you feel better fast. Thousands take Grove's Tasteless Chills Tonic for Malaria and swear by it. Pleasant to take, too. Even children take it without a whimper. Don't suffer and suffer. At Malaria, take Grove's Tasteless Chills Tonic. At all drug stores. Buy the large size as it gives you much more for your money.

Absence as a Wind

Absence diminishes little passions and increases great ones, as the wind extinguishes candles and fans a fire.—La Rochefoucauld

MEDICATED PROTECTION AGAINST CHILL IRRITATIONS Relieves Chills and Fever and makes MEXICAN HEAT POWDER

Aiding the Foe

O that men should put an enemy in their mouths, to steal away their brains!—Shakespeare

bloodshot eyes

relieved in one day by Leonard's Golden Eye Lotion. No other eye remedy in the world can beat and strengthen for weak eyes. LEONARD'S GOLDEN EYE LOTION MAKES WEAK EYES STRONG. Buy the Large Size and Double-Edged S. S. Leonard & Co. Inc., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Worse for the Punishment

If punishment reaches not the mind—it hardens the offender.—Locke

Who Suffer? MENEIL'S MAGIC REMEDY

Brings Relief to RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA LUMBAGO

WATCH

YOU can depend on the special sales the mechanics of our town announce in the columns of this paper. They mean money saving to our readers. It always pays to patronize the merchants who advertise. They are not afraid of their merchandise or their prices.

THE SPECIALS

[illegible]

Clubs and Parties . . .

By HETTIE H. HETHE RINGTON — Phone 54

Patricia Smith Is Hostess at Party

Patricia, attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith, was hostess Wednesday afternoon, at a party, given at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. L. E. Bass, the affair being in observance of her sixteenth birthday anniversary.

During the afternoon, the young guests enjoyed a variety of games, under the direction of Mrs. C. E. Myers. The many lovely gifts were then opened and came in for a great share of admiration, one of the loveliest being a set of five Dienne Quintaples spoons, with the picture and name of the birthday girl, each of the five famous children, the gift being sent from A. J. May, a great admirer of Patricia's.

Late in the afternoon, the guests were invited into the dining room, where a pink and white color scheme prevailed. The beautiful birthday cake, that formed the centerpiece for the table was aglow with six pink candles, and the individual cakes, at each place were frosted in pink and each bore a pink candle. Vanilla Dixie cups were served with the cakes, and pink and white paper napkins, with a gay little picture, and inscribed in writing with "Happy Birthday" were used. Fruit punch was served during the afternoon and favors were balloons and candy Wonderspoons. Mrs. Bass and

Breath Bad, Logy?

You May Need This

Just as the lighthouse flashes a friendly warning to sailors, so Nature sends out headaches, bad breath, biliousness, which often warn of constipation.

The many misunderstand or neglect these symptoms and thereby invite a host of constipation's other discomforts: sour stomach, belching, loss of appetite or energy. Be wise. Take spicy, oil vegetable BLACK-DRAUGHT tonight by simple directions and clear your bowels gently, promptly, thoroughly. This intestinal tonic-laxative helps give tone to lazy bowels. The long life and popularity testify to BLACK-DRAUGHT'S merit.

Mrs. C. Parke Anderson assisted Mrs. Smith in entertaining. Friends invited to this delightful party with Patricia were: Atten Anderson, Lynn Longbottom, Mel Bass, Leah Jane Brown, Betty Ross Ford, Marjorie Hetherington, Yvonne Head, Jeanine Crews, Ann Fallow, Harry Todd, Gloria Garrow, Bill Beckett, Norman Todd, Bobby Sue Yates, Barbara Lawton, Willie Bennett, Jackie Piller, L. D. McDonald, John Clements, Pete Ragadale, Dow Geiger, Kyline Williams, and Mr. A. J. May.

Mrs. Ware Hostess at Bridge Luncheon

Mrs. Earl H. Ware was hostess on Wednesday at an enjoyable bridge luncheon, her guests including members of her bridge club and a few other friends. The delicious two course luncheon, consisting of a salad and an ice course was served at the Jacaranda drug store, at tables on the mezzanine floor. A dainty bouquet of zinnias centered each table.

High score club prize was received by Mrs. P. L. Rumpas, and was a blue sport handkerchief and guest prize, a similar handkerchief in duobinet was presented to Miss Ruth Norton of Winter Haven. Club members and guests sharing this lovely affair with Mrs. Ware were: Mrs. P. L. Rumpas, Mrs. Margery Church, Mrs. Dennis Manda, Mrs. J. A. Johnson Jr., Miss Ruth Norton, Mrs. Walter S. Betts, and Mrs. E. A. Brown of Chattanooga, Tenn.

Supper Party Is Enjoyable Event

E. G. Todd entertained at a supper party at her home on Tuesday evening, in honor of her nephew, Herbert Rock of McAllen, Texas, who was a guest which week at the Todd home. Covers were laid for Miss Dorothy McNicholas, Miss Barbara Betts, Miss Nancy Betts, Miss Elizabeth Hetherington, Ryland Rock of Lakeland, J. W. Tuten, Jr., Vernon Lanier, Herbert Rock, Herbert Todd, and Mr. and Mrs. Todd.

W. M. U. Holds Program Meeting

The W. M. U. of the First Baptist Church met at the church Monday afternoon and held their regular monthly program meeting. The program opened with song, followed by prayer.

Circle number two was in charge of the program, with Mrs. W. C. Touchton as leader. The topic was "The Great Commission," as given in Matthew. Those taking part on the program were Mrs. Touchton and Mrs. Collins who gave a talk on "China Today" and Making Disciples in China." This was followed by prayer by Mrs. B. F. Martin. Mrs. S. J. Pendleton's topics were "Japan Today" and "The Needs of Japan Today." This was followed by prayer by Mrs. Dalton. Mrs. S. J. Pendleton, Mrs. J. P. Dalton, Mrs. S. J. Pendleton, Mrs. Anna Lawton, Mrs. J. D. Sherman, Mrs. Geo. Brown, Mrs. W. W. McFarland, Mrs. Ernest Spencer, Mrs. Otto Skipper, Mrs. J. B. Coen Jr., Mrs. Fred Wetherbee, Mrs. R. H. Lawton, Mrs. R. L. Adams, Mrs. J. L. Collins, Mrs. W. C. Touchton, Mrs. J. E. Crosby, Mrs. J. R. Bennett, Mrs. B. F. Martin, Mrs. David Stuckey, Mrs. S. F. Longbottom.

Miss Betts Hostess at Luncheon

Miss Barbara Betts was a charming hostess on Saturday at a luncheon, given in honor of her house guest for the week end, Miss Barbara Ruprecht of Sanford. A dainty two course luncheon was served at one o'clock at the prettily appointed dining table, that had for a centerpiece, a bowl of yellow blossoms, intermingled with greenery. The afternoon was spent informally, and the guests enjoyed a swim in the lake. Those sharing this lovely occasion with Miss Ruprecht were: Miss Betty Loomis, Miss Marguerite Loomis, Miss Mary McCarthy, Miss Jane Hart, Miss Mary Lydia Stebbins, Miss Nancy Betts and Miss Barbara Betts.

Birthday Party Delightful Affair

Clever invitations, in an original design, fashioned of gayly colored balloons, held in place on a white card by a circle of paper lace, and bearing a birthday cake with four small paper candles, were the herald of the friends of young Thomas Hayes Maxwell, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Maxwell, to a party at his home on Thursday afternoon, given in celebration of his fourth birthday anniversary.

Upon arrival, the guests were delighted with the array of toys, provided for their amusement, and they spent a happy afternoon in play. The many attractive gifts were then opened and received much admiration. At five o'clock, the children were invited into the dining room, where a rainbow motif was featured in the table arrangements. The centerpiece was the high school birthday cake, decorated in yellow, pink and green, with "Happy Birthday Max" embossed on the center, and bearing four ping candies in toy bronze holders. Balloons, in all the colors of the rainbow, surrounded the centerpiece, and were given as favors. Each attractive refreshment plate, covered with a paper lace dolly, held a cunning animal cookie, with a colored bow of ribbon around its neck, and with the child's name inscribed in pink icing, and a square of vanilla ice cream, which was enjoyed with servings of the birthday cake. Punch was served during the afternoon.

Young friends invited to share the party with Max were: Mickey and Jimmie Wang, Barbara Jolly, Beverly Ann Brown, Marvin Whitten, Dickie Reddick, Thomas Allen Thayer, Joyce Ann Tombaugh, Allen Sachamoney, Dow Geiger, Allen Reed, Billie Elwell, Peggy Martin, Mary Susan Ward, Marjorie Hetherington, Joyce Basemore, Delores Constance, Sonny Drott, Betty Rose Ford, Frank England and Jane Maxwell.

Those enjoying the afternoon were: Mrs. Olive E. Anderson, Mrs. L. E. Bass, Mrs. S. Y. Hart, Mrs. C. H. Pardoe, Mrs. S. C. Pardoe, Mrs. W. H. Yates, Mrs. E. J. Brick, Mrs. Marjory Church, Mrs. Sue Gregory, Ms. L. H. Park, Mrs. George Voorhees, and Mrs. W. H. Kempton. The players were joined at the tea hour by Mrs. Eva Nesbit and Miss Ruth Kempton.

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Dilleys Entertain Thursday Evening

Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dillee entertained their bridge club at a delightful party, at their home on Thursday evening. Lovely bouquets of zinnias decorated the party rooms.

At the conclusion of the games, when scores were totaled, it was found that Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Johnson had scored high and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Moffett, second high. The Johnsons received a white wall bracket, containing a blue pottery flower pot, and the Moffetts were given a pyrex baking dish. Delicious refreshments of ice cream and cake were served late in the evening. Those enjoying the party were Mr. and Mrs. Lester Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Johnson, Mrs. John H. Hood, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. H. Moffett, Mrs. Mel Bass, and Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Carter.

Virginia Spencer Hostess to G. A. S.

Virginia Spencer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Spencer was hostess Wednesday afternoon at her home to members of the G. A. S. of the First Baptist church. Miss Tommy Log Greene, leader of the group was in charge of the lesson study on Japan. After the lesson, swimming was enjoyed in Lake Tolane, after which the hostess' mother served delicious refreshments of ice cream, cookies and rice crackers. It was planned to hold a picnic Thursday afternoon, September 7.

at the home of Winifred Demorest. Members are to bring bathing suits and picnic lunch. Virginia Spencer, chairman, Winifred Demorest and Dorothy Lawton are members of the committee, who made plans for the affair.

Those attending the meeting were Miss Tommie Lou Greene and her house guest, Miss Sarah Pipkin of Blakely, Ga., Ruth Pendleton, Dot Lawton, Paye Luke, Margaret Dillee, Delores Crosby, Virginia Adams, Winifred Archer, Winifred Demorest, Nita Bryant, and Virginia Spencer.

EPISCOPAL SERVICES There will be only one service at the Episcopal Church on Sunday, a celebration of the Holy Communion at 7:30 A. M.

W. M. RECK
REGISTERED BROKER
REAL ESTATE IN ALL LINES
Rentals, Property Management
15 Jacaranda Arcade
Avon Park, Fla.

WALTER S. BETTS
REAL ESTATE
REGISTERED
BROKER
Avon Park, Fla. Phone 3
LISTINGS SOLICITED
H. R. Currie

"PERCE STRINGS" by Fred Smith



SMITH HARDWARE CO.
AND LEADING ALL ABOUT THE HOUSEHOLD REPAIRS
WARRANTY PRG.

FULL LINE OF FLOWER AND GARDEN SEED

GOOD YEAR LABOR DAY 2-TIRE SALE!

12 DAYS ONLY — Tuesday, Aug. 22 through Monday, Sept. 4

THE FIRST AT CURRENT LIST PRICE •• THE SECOND AT 50% OFF CURRENT LIST PRICE

NOTICE! These are NOT unsafe "bargain tires". All are genuine Goodyear "Bristle". All these savings you can't afford to pass up the chance to turn in your dangerous old tires. You'll SAVE and be SAFER! No Charge for mounting.

GOODYEAR'S LATEST FAMOUS "G-3 ALL-WEATHER"					GOODYEAR'S 1939 "PATHFINDER"				
Size	1st Tire	2nd Tire	YOU SAVE		Size	1st Tire	2nd Tire	YOU SAVE	
4.40-4.50-21	\$10.00	\$5.00	\$5.00		4.40-4.50-21	\$ 7.20	\$3.60	\$3.60	
4.75-5.00-19	10.30	5.15	5.15		4.75-5.00-19	7.45	3.70	3.75	
5.25-5.50-18	12.00	6.00	6.00		5.25-5.50-18	8.45	4.30	4.15	
5.25-5.50-17	13.20	6.60	6.60		5.25-5.50-17	9.50	4.75	4.75	
6.00-16	14.35	7.15	7.20		6.00-16	10.35	5.15	5.20	
6.25-6.50-15	17.40	8.70	8.70		6.25-6.50-15	12.60	6.30	6.30	

Net prices—with your old tire. Other sizes at proportionate savings.

FLASH! EXTRA! More good news! The "G-100" ALL-WEATHER — the sleek, streamlined Goodyear Continental tire you've been reading about in the magazines — the tire which gives you up to 33% more tread mileage — is included in this BIG SALE!

SPECIAL ON MARATHON TIRES SAME HALF OFF DEAL

Here's a rugged, extra-value tire that runs and runs and runs!

Sample Saving

Size	1st Tire	2nd Tire	YOU SAVE
6.00-16	\$11.95	\$5.95	\$6.00

Net prices—with your old tire. Other sizes at proportionate savings.

A NEW TIRE NEEDS A NEW TUBE

Main Street Chevrolet Co.

I. H. FORD, Manager **Avon Park, Florida**

WHY GAMBL?

Both your food and your investment are safe in a **GENERAL ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR**

14 new G-E models from which to choose. All have the world-renowned sealed-in-steel Thrift Unit and sturdy all-steel cabinet. All are priced lower than ever before.

SEE G-E! THE BUY OF YOUR LIFE!

"It's Built for Keeps!"

With Selective Air Conditions

Get the Inside Story of General Electric's Selective Air Conditions — the most practical low-cost method of food preservation ever devised for the home.

Special! This big 61 cubic foot new G-E refrigerator — with famous sealed-in-steel Thrift Unit and all-steel cabinet — stainless steel super-freezer — Yours today for only **\$159.50**

GENERAL ELECTRIC

The Badcock Store

E. H. WARE, Dealer **Avon Park, Florida**

Florida Public Continues to Hold Softball Lead

(Continued from page one)
Cribbs and Story; Purnell and Ball.

In the night cap the Avon Park team with two or three changes swamped around the bases in the first and sixth innings to swamp Frostproof 11 to 3. Avon Park scored five runs in the first inning and six in the sixth.

Edm Elder led off for Avon Park collecting a single. He went second on a passed ball and pitched on a wild pitch. Hart walked and stole second. Story singled scoring Elder. Hart scored when the catcher missed the throw. In the seventh inning, Story, Moore tripled scoring Elvins. Moore scored when the shortstop threw wild at home. Hope grounded out, catcher to first. Welch fanned. Jackie Williams walked and advanced to second on a passed ball. Marshall Reynolds grounded out short to first.

Moore of Avon Park and Frostproof led their respective teams with two hits in three times at bat. Frostproof — .001 119 6 — 3 4 4 Avon Park — .000 506 x11 9 1 R. Cox and Pate; Cribbs and Story.

NOTICE OF GENERAL ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an Act of the Legislature of the State of Florida of 1939, there is hereby called and will be held in the City of Avon Park a general election on Tuesday, September 12, 1939 for the purpose of electing a Mayor and five members of the City Council of the City of Avon Park, who shall take office on October 1, 1939 and shall hold the same for a term of two years.

Notice is further given that the registration books of the said City of Avon Park are now open for registration of voters, and that said books will remain open until September 2, 1939 at which time they shall be closed.

Dated at Avon Park, Florida, this August 9, 1939.

CITY OF AVON PARK
By E. D. Boddick, City Clerk.

PARK THEATRE

AVON PARK, FLORIDA
"Always a Good Show"
Children 10c Adults 25c

SATURDAY ONLY, AUGUST 26

GENE AUTRY

SMILEY BURNETTE

In

"Blue Montana Skies"

Also

SERIAL AND COMEDY

SUN. AND MON. AUGUST 27-28

JRANETTE MACDONALD

LEW AYERS

In

Broadway Serenade

SELECTED SHORT SUBJECTS

TUES. AND WED. AUG. 29-30

MICHAEL WALKER

JEAN ROGERS

In

Inside Story

Also

Comedy and News

THUR. AUG. 31, FRI. SEPT. 1

GEORGE BRENT

OLIVA DEHAVILLAND

In

"Wings of the Navy"

Also

Comedy

This ad and one paid adult ticket will admit any two persons on Tuesday, August 29, or Wednesday, August 30.

THE In Florida
SEMINOLE
AIR-CONDITIONED
2.00

JACKSONVILLE'S
LEADING HOTEL

Enjoy
SUMMER
COMFORT

ROYAL
COCKTAIL LOUNGE and
COFFEE SHOP

Close 1 & 2 Food Booth
Main Entrance—Chalmers—Hotel Entrance—Lounge

Announcing the Opening in Avon Park of Carter's Grocerteria OPENING SPECIALS

J. A. PRENTICE, Manager — FRANK ANDREWS, Produce Dept.

We Deliver All Day Saturdays. Phone 5. Weekly Deliveries Leaving Store 10 A. M., and 3:30 P. M.

June Bride—Self Rising

FLOUR

20 lbs.

59c

10 lbs.

33c



Phillips'
Pork and Beans

No. 2½ Cans

3 for 25c

White Ribbon
Shortening

4 lb. Carton

35c

Welch's
Grape Juice

Pints 21c

Quarts 39c

Demonstration All Saturday

Come in and Try This Delicious Ham



EBBANY'S

Packaging Trade Mark

Whole or Half

23c lb.

Choice Stall Fed

Beef Roast, lb. 19c

Roll Dairy Maid

BUTTER, lb. 27c

Choice Branded

White Bacon, lb. 9c

Neck Bones, 3 lbs. for 25c

MULLET, 3 lbs. for 25c

Pork Sausage, 2 lbs. for 33c

Pork Chops, lb. 25c

Meadow Grove—The Finest

Wisconsin Cheese, lb. 23c

WESTERN SELECT

SPARE RIBS, 2 lbs. 29c

FRESH

GROUND BEEF, 2 lbs. 29c

HERMAN'S SAUSAGE

SAUSAGE, Red Smo. 3 lbs 25c

NOJAX, lb. 22c

WEINERS, 2 lbs. 35c

BOLOGNA, lb. 19c

BULK LARD, Pound 9c

Maxwell House

Coffee

26c lb.

MIRACLE

WHIP

Qts. 32c

Pts. 22c



Ideal

Dog Food

3 Cans for

25c

Quaker

Macaroni and Spaghetti

2 pkgs., 8 oz.

15c



17c

FLOUR, [White Lily] 5 lbs. 25c

TEDDY BOY DOG FOOD, 5 cans 19c

ROYAL GELATINE, All Flavors 5c

BREAK O' MORN COFFEE, lb. 15c

MILK, All Brands, Tall Cans, 3 for 19c

SUGAR 5 lbs. 23c

SALT, Crystal White, 1½ lb. pkg., flat, 4 for 11c

CORN, Country Kist, No. 303 cans, 3 for 25c

WHEATIES 2 Pkgs. 25c

Pocket Flashlight FREE
With Every 2 Packages

Fresh Vegetables and Fruit

POTATOES, Medium, 10 lbs. 15c

BANANAS, 3 lbs. for 10c

COOKING APPLES, 4 lbs. for 19c

SEEDLESS GRAPES, 2 lbs. for 15c

RUTABAGAS, lb. 4c

RED SWEET POTATOES, 5 lbs. 19c

Texas Bermuda ONIONS, 3 lbs. 25c

CELERY, bunch 10c

CAULIFLOWER, lb. 9c

PLUMS, Dozen 15c

Small Pkg.—Concentrated

Super Suds 10c

One bar Palmolive Soap

FREE!

Medium Pkg.

Oxydol 2 for 15c

GUAVA JELLY

7 oz. Jar

10c

Ruby Brand—Yellow Cling

PEACHES

No. 2½ Can

15c

SPECIAL OPENING PRICES ON

FEEDS

16% DAIRY FEED 1.60

20% DAIRY FEED 1.75

24% DAIRY FEED 1.85

LAYING MASH, 100 lbs. 2.35

50-50 SCRATCH 1.90

YELLOW CORN 1.50

SHORTS 1.50

OATS 1.90

BET PULP 1.60

DOG FOOD, 25 lbs. 1.45

SCRATCH, 25 lbs. .59

LAYING MASH, 25 lbs. .65