

BLACK MOUNTAIN MA

O. C. Wren-Wald Service

CHAPTER XXI—Continued

"Louise, I think you're a little bit of a Senator observed, halting beside Breck.

The party moved down and was at once engaged by the fiesta. Eating had already begun, with Temple himself, red-faced, beaming behind his gray beard, master of ceremonies at the barbecue pit. He wielded a long knife over quarters of beef, raked potatoes from the coals, poured coffee from five-gallon pots, and all the while kept up a running banter with those who passed around him.

"Howdy, ranger folks!" he called, brandishing his knife, "grab 'n' up; set in!"

Sutherland waved to him. Irene nodded, though her eyes were sweeping over the throng. Breck, too, scanned the faces, looking for Louise. Presently he saw her sitting on a log near her horse, a cowboy on either side and two standing in front. All were thoroughly enjoying themselves and the sight brought a sudden stab of jealousy. But Breck's duty was with the Sutherlands. He felt responsible for them, and so while Cook rode with the horses, he found places where they might sit, then, with the Senator, began to bring food to them.

Irene shrieked at the slabs of meat he brought. "My dear, a whole cow! Please give me just the leg." As men passed with steaks in their hands, or gnawing a roasted rib, she stared in amazement. "I never saw anything like this before!"

Friendships started easily. In time the Senator had launched an argument with a stranger, and Breck, and Mrs. Sutherland and Irene had found another party of tourists. Immediately Breck took advantage of that to go on a quest of his own. But in crossing the grounds he came upon J. G. Jackson and some of the cowboys he had not seen since the fight on Black Mountain. And then by the time he could get away, the riding had started.

A gun-shot drew men swarming to the corral fence. Inside, horses were being roped and saddled. He saw Louise come from her cabin and vanish through the gate.

He stood watching from a distance, his eyes running over lines of men upon the fence and others lounging back in the trees, and it came to him that there was not a Tilson among them. Nor had Sierra appeared yet. Abruptly he turned and walked back to the barbecue pit where he had last seen Cook.

The ranger was still there, having a sociable bite with Temple. Breck motioned to him, Cook approached. "What is it, young fellow?"

"What about Sierra?"

"Ought to be here any minute. He's late, but might have been held in town for some reason."

Breck nodded. "And the Tilsons?"

Cook frowned. "That's different. I was asking Tom Tilson where they were being around, and I can't figure it out."

"You don't think it looks bad for Sierra?"

"No, not that. They're up to some other kind of a deal."

"Yet, and it's as good to be from the bottom of the stack!" Breck asserted. "Anything you want me to do?"

"Just go on with the show, young fellow."

But Breck lost interest in the show as the afternoon passed. Sierra did not appear. Cook was right. Slim could take care of himself, and they could do no better than wait; yet inaction became unbearable. Breck watched the rodeo with sightless eyes, knowing vaguely that wild horses were being ridden and men thrown, but his thoughts could not be centered there.

At dusk he sought Cook again, having worked himself into a fine turbulence.

The ranger checked him with a look. "Unsettling remark," he said. "No need to worry about Sierra, and you're missing a lot of fun around here. God knows you may need it. Have you seen Lou?"

He had not.

Cook grinned. "There's going to be a dance, you know, and it's fine. Relieved by the old ranger's unperturbed manner, Breck went at once in search of Louise. Temple said she was in her cabin. Breck knocked on the door.

"Just a minute," she called out; then womanlike took half an hour.

When she appeared, she had changed into a dress of something pink, and, as once before, he felt as if he was getting at a new girl, almost a stranger.

"Do you see a ghost?" she asked.

"No, an angel."

"Now, now!" Breck smiled and took her hand. "You're real enough. I've come to all my dance card. Every other number, Louise."

"What?"

"I mean it; I'm that selfish. You save them!"

She hesitated. "You don't want

every other dance with me. That wouldn't be fair to your guest."

"I think my guest understands," Louise shook her head. "No; I can't promise you."

"Then the first and third," he demanded. "We can see about the rest later."

A fire of logs in a clearing beyond the cabins lighted the whole camp, bringing fencers, tree trunks, people into red relief against the blackness outside. Three cowboys with a saxophone, a fiddle, and guitar marched toward the fire and sat on stumps nearby. Men and girls waited outside a square of hand-packed ground and, with partners chosen, waited for the music to begin.

Breck turned, laughing, as he drew Louise to him. At the same moment he saw Irene watching from a distance. A cowboy stood at her side. She held back a minute, looking across, then stilly took his arm.

The music was all but lost in the

"That was cheap, Irene! Cheapness and makes you low in the eyes of everyone here! Not a girl out there would do it. Not like that!"

Irene faced him defiantly. "Oh good Lord! Since when have you turned Puritan? Of course you have never kissed at a dance before."

"These people are different," Breck flared. "They take things in a different way. And you know it."

"Well!" Breck stared at her. "We know each other pretty well, Irene. But I never thought you would try to make me a fool among my friends."

"No, Gordon, someone else has done that." Her hand reached toward him.

He avoided it. "So you're saving me?"

Irene shrugged.

"Thanks," Breck finished. "You might have taken a better time and place."

"Run along!" Irene retorted, with head up, lips in a sarcastic smile.

By the time he could get away the riding had started.

shuffling and babble of voices. Yet the guitar strummed out its rhythm, and there was plenty of space about the blazing logs. Breck found himself meeting with Louise as if in some freights promenade.

They danced in silence. Tonight there was that sweet, yielding quality about Louise which made conversation needless. She seemed content held close in his arms as they slowly circled. Breck felt a quick, new thrill sweeping his thoughts clear of all troubles.

The music stopped. "Louise drew away. Breck came back to realities at the sound of his own voice. "That was an awfully short dance."

She smiled up in complete understanding. "Wasn't it, though?"

The second began at once and a jovial-faced cowboy from Jackson's outfit rushed up to claim her. "Remember," Breck called in his own mind. "Louise drew away."

She strode away to where he had last seen Irene, wondering how she would meet him, being prepared for semicircular or circular, or even flat cutting.

Yet she turned from her first partner. "Irene chose me, didn't she? Oh grinning and held out her two hands."

"Gordon! Isn't this wild! Don't you adore it? I'm having simply a grand time!" She slipped into his arms readily. "Don't let me miss anything!"

Surprised, though concealing it, Breck tried to enter her talkative mood. How different from the last dance where nothing need be said. He made conversation to continue Irene's frivolous banter.

She closed her eyes dreamily and when they passed Louise the first time was apparently unaware of it. Then she glanced up at him, about them and for several minutes they were among strangers.

Irene chose him to him. Once she looked into his face, half explaining. "The ground is getting rough."

What Louise again approached from beyond the fire, Breck unconsciously moved from Irene's grasp. He glanced up. "Is the dance ended, Gordon?" she was tall, and now, tilting her head, brought her lips almost to his.

"No," he answered, "but..."

Swiftly she silenced him with a kiss, long, warm, full upon his mouth.

He threw his head back, halting. Cowards grinned. Louise, passing near his shoulder, stared once and turned away.

He pushed out to the throng's edge, and releasing Irene, save for a hand clutched about one wrist, he whirled her savagely into the shadows of the pines. Fury choked him. Words burst uncontrolled.

"That was cheap, Irene! Cheapness and makes you low in the eyes of everyone here! Not a girl out there would do it. Not like that!"

Irene faced him defiantly. "Oh good Lord! Since when have you turned Puritan? Of course you have never kissed at a dance before."

"These people are different," Breck flared. "They take things in a different way. And you know it."

"Well!" Breck stared at her. "We know each other pretty well, Irene. But I never thought you would try to make me a fool among my friends."

"No, Gordon, someone else has done that." Her hand reached toward him.

He avoided it. "So you're saving me?"

Irene shrugged.

"Thanks," Breck finished. "You might have taken a better time and place."

"Run along!" Irene retorted, with head up, lips in a sarcastic smile.

By the time he could get away the riding had started.

shuffling and babble of voices. Yet the guitar strummed out its rhythm, and there was plenty of space about the blazing logs. Breck found himself meeting with Louise as if in some freights promenade.

They danced in silence. Tonight there was that sweet, yielding quality about Louise which made conversation needless. She seemed content held close in his arms as they slowly circled. Breck felt a quick, new thrill sweeping his thoughts clear of all troubles.

The music stopped. "Louise drew away. Breck came back to realities at the sound of his own voice. "That was an awfully short dance."

She smiled up in complete understanding. "Wasn't it, though?"

The second began at once and a jovial-faced cowboy from Jackson's outfit rushed up to claim her. "Remember," Breck called in his own mind. "Louise drew away."

She strode away to where he had last seen Irene, wondering how she would meet him, being prepared for semicircular or circular, or even flat cutting.

Yet she turned from her first partner. "Irene chose me, didn't she? Oh grinning and held out her two hands."

"Gordon! Isn't this wild! Don't you adore it? I'm having simply a grand time!" She slipped into his arms readily. "Don't let me miss anything!"

Surprised, though concealing it, Breck tried to enter her talkative mood. How different from the last dance where nothing need be said. He made conversation to continue Irene's frivolous banter.

She closed her eyes dreamily and when they passed Louise the first time was apparently unaware of it. Then she glanced up at him, about them and for several minutes they were among strangers.

Irene chose him to him. Once she looked into his face, half explaining. "The ground is getting rough."

What Louise again approached from beyond the fire, Breck unconsciously moved from Irene's grasp. He glanced up. "Is the dance ended, Gordon?" she was tall, and now, tilting her head, brought her lips almost to his.

"No," he answered, "but..."

Swiftly she silenced him with a kiss, long, warm, full upon his mouth.

He threw his head back, halting. Cowards grinned. Louise, passing near his shoulder, stared once and turned away.

He pushed out to the throng's edge, and releasing Irene, save for a hand clutched about one wrist, he whirled her savagely into the shadows of the pines. Fury choked him. Words burst uncontrolled.

"That was cheap, Irene! Cheapness and makes you low in the eyes of everyone here! Not a girl out there would do it. Not like that!"

Irene faced him defiantly. "Oh good Lord! Since when have you turned Puritan? Of course you have never kissed at a dance before."

"These people are different," Breck flared. "They take things in a different way. And you know it."

"Well!" Breck stared at her. "We know each other pretty well, Irene. But I never thought you would try to make me a fool among my friends."

"No, Gordon, someone else has done that." Her hand reached toward him.

He avoided it. "So you're saving me?"

Irene shrugged.

"Thanks," Breck finished. "You might have taken a better time and place."

"Run along!" Irene retorted, with head up, lips in a sarcastic smile.

that for a purpose . . . in front of you."

He looked at her, smiling a little. "I'm a man and not supposed to know about women's technique; but still I'm not blind."

She would not face him.

"Louise!" he begged, throwing one arm about her waist.

"Stop right there, Ranger! I've been waiting for that!"

The voice came from behind him, somewhere in the dark. Breck whirled, one hand falling to his gun.

"Hold it! Keep 'em up!" A mounted man burst from the trees. Breck looked up at Art Tilson towering above him, and then into the round black bore of a pistol.

The cowboy sat in his saddle unsteadily, his left hand gripping the horn; hatless, without a coat, and his horse was lashed from hard running.

"Louise," he said thickly, "you get back!"

Breck pushed her into the shadows. Then he faced young Tilson. "Art," he snapped, "you're drunk. Put away that gun and get out of here!"

"Who-a-a-a!" Art leered in mock wonder, leaning far over until his face came close to Breck's. "You tellin' me to get out? So's you can go back home and dance?"

"Right. You with two women—and me with none. I'm nothin' but a mountain fool—that it!"

Suddenly his mood changed. His face turned to that of a fiend, set with a cold, bloodless look. Breck heard the faint hummer click; then a gasp of terror from behind him.

"I'm going to kill you!" The words came from the darkness, clenched teeth. The gun moved.

CHAPTER XXII

If Breck had not seen the flash, he would have thought the report came from the pistol. But the flare was from one side. Then he saw Art grip his saddle horn with both hands and slump forward.

"Grab that horse!"

Breck leaped, obeying the voice. He drew the animal down. Art was falling. Then he saw Sierra's long arms that reached up, supporting him before he struck the ground.

"Watch out!" the cowboy cried. "The expert drew. You shouldn't come out like this."

"Slime! Where . . . ?"

"Slime! Here. Here, help me pack him."

Louise ran from the shadows. "Take him to Dad's cabin," she cried. "Quick!"

With Art lying unconscious between them, Breck and Sierra turned into the back trail. The gun-shot had either gone unheard or was accepted without interest by the dance crowd, for no one had moved from the clearing. But before the party reached Temple's cabin, Cook stepped from the line of trees.

"What's up?" he began, then his eyes fell upon the form they carried, and he strode ahead with no further question. As soon as they had Tilson on a bunk, he closed the door, saying, "No need to have anyone find out if we can't help it."

His thick brown fingers went with unexpected skill over the boy's body, stripping off his shirt and exposing a gash through his right arm and across his chest. Abruptly he turned to Louise. "Go get Joe Scott. He's a horse doctor, but he'll do."

The girl ran out. Breck poured a basin of water and gave it to Cook. Behind him Sierra rolled a cigarette and looked on unperturbed.

"I been following Art since afternoon," he offered. "Found him riding 'round up on the ridge, ride' like he was loco. He'd come down here, all lookin' no for awhile, then beat that poor critter of his back up the slope. Drunk, sure. Then about dark I saw him start spottin' his partner. Maybe you've got an idea what bit him."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Toy Lending Libraries Are Thriving In Many Cities Throughout Country

It pays to borrow. That's what the thousands of children think who've been taking advantage of the toy lending libraries now thriving in 30 cities, reveals a New York correspondent in the Boston Globe.

A downtown Manhattan settlement house was the first distribution point of reconditioned toys, collected soon after a Brooklyn probation officer announced the first of lending libraries to children who had few playthings at home. She had found that youngsters in her precinct were being arrested for stealing toys and launched the toy-lending scheme to help stop the crime wave.

The New York office, supported by personal contributions, takes no money from its units, but simply gives advice on organization, and occasionally ships some of its toys back and forth for other branches to use.

Usually, toy libraries are located in city settlement houses or in schools. Public School 28, in Brooklyn, for example, has up the toy-lending scheme with its educational program. Toys are made in some manual training classes, repaired and reconditioned in others.

Students who have the best marks are rewarded by being made librarians to supervise the checking out of toys.

Most of the students in this school come from underprivileged families, with one toy the most they have at home. They are permitted to borrow one toy at a time, and keep it a week. Their credit is unblemished, providing they return the toy in good condition.

A Chicago toy library, established by the park board in co-operation with the WPA, pretends to have parents sign the borrowing cards. This library has an elaborate system of disinfecting the toys after each use.

Leominster, Mass. Six hundred billion gallons of water a year is pumped through America's steam locomotives, an amount that would fill a channel 100 yards wide, five feet deep from New York to San Francisco.

Improved Uniform SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By HAROLD L. LUTHERGATE, D. D.
Dean of The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago
(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for August 20

Lesson subjects and Scripture texts selected and copyrighted by International Council of Religious Education; used by permission.

REVEREND ALCOHOL AND THE COMMUNITY

LESSON TEXT—John 1:9-13; Daniel 5:1-5, 22-31.

GOLDEN TEXT—"He who sins shall give his neighbor drink.—Isaiah 58:13."

"None of us liveth to himself" (Rom. 14:7).

What concerns the individual concerns the community, for the community is made up of individuals. The man who uses alcohol has no right to claim that it is a personal matter, for alcohol is a poisonous

Valley Ice Show at the New York World's Fair, shows his self confidence by leaping over steel drums full of Quaker State motor oil.—Adv.

In the five years since repeal, it is estimated that \$30,000,000 has been spent for intoxicants with a profit to the industry of \$13,250,000. But what has it cost the people?

"In 1937, an entire city the size of Detroit was maimed and injured, and an entire city the size of Omaha was permanently injured, by the automobile. Sixty per cent of auto fatalities were due to alcohol" (Chief Justice of Municipal Court, Evansville, Ind.).

"Rape has increased 15 per cent and the more atrocious forms 40 per cent in the last eight months" (Police Commissioner, Boston, Mass.).

"Criminals are for the return of liquor, wet propaganda to the contrary notwithstanding, and the coming of repeal will come the greatest area of wholesale crime this country has ever known. The criminal mind is tensely expectant and is prepared to launch immediately into its millennium of crime. The return of the saloon inevitably will bring open prostitution and gambling" (Statement by a criminal in prison before repeal became effective).

"America is on the worst gambling spree in its history. A gross population, not including the districts, of 80,000,000 persons is dallying with \$6,000,000,000 in wintertime and \$12,000,000,000 in summer months. More than \$1,000,000,000 passes through the hands of the underworld, where much of it remains" (Courtney R. Cooper).

The American Business Men's foundation, Chicago, reports that liquor was responsible for the rejection of more than \$3,000 applications for insurance last year, and that the result would be a loss of \$1,000,000,000 to the insurance industry.

Drunkards are called on to awake from their stupor and weep and the drinkers of wine (note that) to wall over the loss of their drink because of the devastation wrought by the locusts. This plague had come before the sins of the people, and may well serve to exemplify the devastation which will follow the return of the sin of the people, and the nations of our day need not think that they will escape if they continue on their present road of reckless indulgence.

II. Debauchery (Dan. 5:1-4).

The familiar story of Belshazzar's Feast should be made to live again as we point out that we have "have vividly manifested three of the great characteristics of the day in which we live—a coming together of great multitudes for a riotous night of drinking, which must of course be for many in disgusting drunkenness; provision for acts of dark sensuality in the fact that all the wives and concubines were invited to this feast . . . and a contemptuous, deliberate insulting of the name of God" (Dr. Wilbur M. Smith).

Dr. Smith (vv. 5, 17, 25-28).

Dramatically swift was God's judgment upon Belshazzar's presumptuous sin. Magnificently bold and direct was the condemnation by Daniel, the prophet of God. Belshazzar was the immediate judgment of physical death (vv. 5, 7, 8), and equally sure was the ultimate judgment when the drunken king stands before his Maker to answer for the deeds done in the flesh.

Most of the students in this school come from underprivileged families, with one toy the most they have at home. They are permitted to borrow one toy at a time, and keep it a week. Their credit is unblemished, providing they return the toy in good condition.

A Chicago toy library, established by the park board in co-operation with the WPA, pretends to have parents sign the borrowing cards. This library has an elaborate system of disinfecting the toys after each use.

Leominster, Mass. Six hundred billion gallons of water a year is pumped through America's steam locomotives, an amount that would fill a channel 100 yards wide, five feet deep from New York to San Francisco.

Walk in the Light and thou shalt see a way though there be no light for God, by grace, shall dwell in thee, and God himself is Light.—Baruch.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

God has ordained that happiness, like every other good thing, should be won by something. He has willed that it should be a moral achievement, and not an accident.—Dr. Geopline.

Alex Finds It Smooth Going!



Barrel jumpers usually play safe with paper mache dummies. But Alex Hurd, Olympic record holder and jumping star of the Sun Valley Ice Show at the New York World's Fair, shows his self confidence by leaping over steel drums full of Quaker State motor oil.—Adv.

HOW TO SEW

By RUTH WYETH SPEARS

line from A to B, and a curve from B to the lower right corner. Place the edge marked C on a fold of the goods. The diagonal ends are placed and stitched into a band as to A. H.

For the end pieces, cut paper 15 inches wide and 24 inches deep. E is 3 inches below the upper corner. F is 9 inches from the upper right corner. G is 8 inches down from the upper right corner. Finish the top as to H.

The offer of the two 25-cent sewing books containing 99 HOW TO SEW articles that have not appeared in the paper will be withdrawn soon. At present you can get both books for the price of one; but don't delay; send 25 cents with name and address to Mrs. Spears, 210 S. Desplaines St., Chicago, Ill., and both books will be sent by return mail, postpaid.

AN IMPORTANT speaker was scheduled, and the club rooms were looking rather shabby. The decorating committee reported that formal draperies would lend an air of distinction. The funds wouldn't stretch and the committee wouldn't give up. Finally, every cent was put into material. Sewing machines hummed and here is a sketch of the miracle that was wrought. Here also are the dimensions that were used for making patterns for the graceful valance sections which were fastened over rods with snaps.

For the looped section, cut paper 18 inches deep and half as wide as the window measured over the frame. From the upper right corner to point A is half of the window width less two inches. Point B is 6 inches below the upper left corner. Draw a diagonal

Education a Refuge

Education is an ornament in prosperity and a refuge in adversity.—Aristotle.

WHY be miserable with MALARIA and COLDS when 666 will check MALARIA fast and give symptomatic cold relief. LIQUID, TABLETS, BALM, NOSE DROPS

Men and Causes

Men are not always as good as the causes they lead.—Glenn Frank.

A GREAT BARGAIN VESPER TEA PURE ORANGE PEKOE 50 CUPS FOR 10 CENTS Ask Your Grocer

Parity and Truth

Purity is the feminine, truth the masculine, of honor.—Hare.

Scorchers on Linen.—To remove light scorchers from linen, wet the stained area with cold water and expose it to the sun until the stain disappears.

When Milk Sours.—If your recipe calls for sweet milk and you find your milk has soured, you can use it by adding one-half teaspoon of soda to each cup called for. Follow your recipe otherwise.

Cereals come and Cereals go!

BUT—

K

THE AVON PARK TIMES

Published every Friday at 123 West Main Street, Avon Park, Florida.

WILLIAM C. BECKETT - Publisher

Entered at the postoffice at Avon Park, Florida, under the Act of March 1, 1917, as matter of the second-class.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Year in Highlands County.....\$2.00
One Year outside Highlands County.....\$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES PUBLISHED UPON REQUEST

THUMBS DOWN ON THE THIRD TERM

President-making is the greatest political game in the world. And candidate guessing a year ahead of the conventions is the nation's indoor and outdoor sport. One man's guess is as good as another's—even better perhaps—unless that man is editor of the New York Daily News, daily circulation nearly 2,000,000, Sunday circulation over 3,000,000.

When the editor of the News wants to know who's to be what next year he goes to original sources and asks men in the mass instead of drawing his conclusions from overheard comments in a barber shop.

When the nation's burning question, "Will President Roosevelt run for a third term," had raised his temperature three points and made him restless, he sent for the News crack writer, Fred Pauley, filled his pockets with expense money and commanded him, as did Noah the dove, to find a straw (vote).

Pauley's stories to the News make fascinating reading. He not only interviews men and women of all grades, colors and political breeds, but he also gets entire counties to vote their presidential preference. His latest story is from Kansas where the voters of Saline County voted their preferences with results that are astonishing.

He picked Saline County for the test in Kansas, he said, because it was in the heart of the wheat belt where the farmers' pockets have been lined with government checks, also because it is the home of Guy T. Helvering, federal collector of Internal Revenue; it also is the point from which James A. Farley recently began his hand-shaking tour.

Until 1932 Saline County was Republican. In that year it gave Roosevelt 58% of its vote. In 1936 it gave him 57%. And in 1938 it gave 51% to the Democratic gubernatorial candidate Huxman.

In the recent News poll, which included all voters of all parties, 79% voted against a third term for Roosevelt. The Democrats voted 24% for Garner, 14% for Roosevelt and 8% for Governor Stark. In the Republican voting Dewey led with 38%, with 6% for Taft, his runner-up. There's food for thought in this one test vote, taken by a newspaper which has been ardently pro-New Deal for seven long years. It isn't conclusive, naturally, for although Kansas may lead the nation intellectually and morally (as some Kansans believe) no record has been established which proves that she is the nation's political weather vane.

Next to the Kansans' attitude on the third term, this regard for Dewey, as revealed by the News poll, is the most surprising, and it is surprising not because it is an isolated finding. On the contrary it is of a pattern with the Dewey results Pauley has found in his 10,000 miles of traveling.

If Pauley's sampling of political sentiment is right, two things seem sure: first, President Roosevelt will not seek a third term; secondly, Dewey will be the G. O. P. standard bearer in 1940 if the politicians don't outwit the people.

The people apparently want Dewey and the politicians want to get Dewey because they know Dewey will get them if they don't watch out.

State Press Comments

TAXES

The New York Journal and American in a recent issue painted an ugly word picture of taxes in the following enumeration:

- Taxes are impoverishing the people of America.
- Taxes are impairing the people's purchasing power.
- Taxes are closing shops and factories and putting people out of work.
- Taxes are increasing prices and lowering the American standard of living.
- Taxes taken from the industrious and thrifty are wanted on the lax and lazy.
- Taxes are plundering industry.
- Taxes are robbing productive labor.
- Taxes are subsidizing nonproductive politicians.
- Taxes are supporting politicians' entire families.
- Taxes are supporting politicians' sycophantic friends.
- Taxes are supporting politicians' obedient henchmen.
- Taxes are building a dangerous parasitic bureaucracy.
- Taxes are creating despotism.
- Taxes are promoting militarism.
- Taxes are projecting America into foreign wars.
- Taxes are financing foreign conflicts.
- Taxes are involving America in alien political, social and racial disputes.
- Taxes are destroying faith in the practicability of self-government.
- Taxes are weakening faith in the elemental wisdom of the people.
- Taxes are on everything you eat.
- Taxes are on everything you wear.
- Taxes are on everything you see.
- Taxes are destroying property.
- Taxes are destroying liberty.
- Taxes are destroying opportunity.
- Taxes are destroying the land you live in.
- Taxes are destroying the things you live by and the people you live with.

Taxes! Taxes! What are you going to do about them?

Taxes. Taxes! Taxes! Are you going to be a shorn sheep and endure them, or an independent American and end them?

Unbearable taxes—unendurable taxes—unnecessary taxes—unjust taxes—un-American taxes—are bearing us down—breaking us down.

Your forefathers knew what to do about such taxes. Why do you not know what to do?

Taxes once wrote a great declaration of independence which set men free.

Taxes today should write another if we are of the same mettle as our fathers.

This is indeed a gloomy portrayal, but the conditions described by the New York paper can be traced right back to the doors of the people themselves. How can they expect to enjoy low taxation when they keep up a steady flow of telegrams, telephone calls and continue to send high-pressure delegations to Washington demanding more appropriations? How can they expect city and county officials to keep expenses down when the custom is to cater to every little two-by-four group that is organized to put over some pet scheme at the expense of the taxpayer?

How can the people expect state-like conduct of their representatives in Congress when those representatives are kept so busy looking for jobs, pensions and other concessions that they don't have time to attend to the major matters that are so vital to the Nation? As Senator Ashurst once said, members of Congress are kept too busy "going around with a forked stick picking up little fragments of patronage for my constituents" to do the things that are of major importance.

If taxes are responsible for all the evils charged to them by the New York paper, and undoubtedly they are, the people have it within their power to quickly do away with those evils. When they understand that taxes represent their own demands upon government, and keep those demands within the bounds of reason, the taxes they must pay likewise will stay within the bounds of reason. — JACKSONVILLE TIMES UNION.

LENGTHENED CITRUS SEASON

The 1938-39 citrus shipping season closed in Florida midnight July 31, after having extended a month longer than usual because of the heavy shipments which were placed this year at 41,000,419 boxes by the State Department of Agriculture Inspection Bureau.

The cessation of the Department of Agriculture's inspection service on the last day of July marked the official end of the season, which saw the shipment of 14,147,000 more boxes of fruit than during the 1937-38 shipping period.

Scarcely had J. J. Taylor, State chemist and director of the inspection service, called his men in from the packing houses than he began plans for the 1939-40 season, which it is believed will begin about September 15. Actually, some movement of grapefruit probably will precede that date. It usually does.

This early shipment of grapefruit is what should be eliminated as much as possible from the citrus deal in Florida. The lengthening of the season should be used by the growers and shippers as an incentive to delay shipments for a week or two each year before opening the new season.

As the schedule of operations has worked itself out during the past season, the growers have only a month before they will be moving the new crop from their groves, which means that the citrus deal in Florida has been gradually changing its aspect with regard to the duration of the shipping period. Shippers usually had cleaned up most of their groves' supplies by the latter part of June.

However, under the influence of low markets, the growers held some portion of their grapefruit each year in the hope of securing better prices by summer shipment. That practice has kept a bit of Florida fruit drifting into the markets late in the summer, and some growers have been known even to hold their June bloom grapefruit until the September market opened. They probably knew that the commodities they received on the last season's crop would be no worse than those which came back about September shipments of grapefruit.

The annual race to put the first box of grapefruit on the market from lower Dade County and Lee County is only a month away. Of course, these shipments all have to pass the maturity standards before they can be sold, but every grower and shipper knows that fruit can't be sold by the regulations and still be of questionable eating quality. It is a matter of moral obligation, and some growers who ship this extremely early fruit will readily declare that they would not eat it.

Invariably the early season reports from the market brand Florida grapefruit as "heavy" and sour. The effect is instantaneous on the buyers who become fearful of all early Florida fruit after the first few purchases are made, but it is hard to make the grower and shipper realize that they are reaping every September to the false lure of the high prices brought by the initial cars of grapefruit. That early high return from fruit is costly to Florida.

With the Florida citrus deal operating now on practically a year-around basis, the small elapse between the end of one season and the opening of another should furnish some incentive to delay the initial shipments of grapefruit for a while. That small postponement would mean much to the reputation of Florida fruit—JACKSONVILLE TIMES-UNION.

THE FINAL FADEOUT FOR LEWIS

"When the Gods Would Destroy, They First Make Mad," and that old proverb just about covers the ground in regard to the latest outbreak of John L. Lewis, against Vice President Garner.

It's our opinion that no man in the United States today is more responsible for more grief, misery, class hatred and discontent than John L. Lewis. He has lived in luxury and abundance while those who trusted him have existed in starvation and poverty. It is his behavior to apply the term "evil old man" to anyone.

Recent thinking people of all parties resent his latest tirade against the vice president. They have seen Lewis ascend to the heights by gangster methods, but they know the day of his racket has passed, and John L. Lewis knows it too, and we hope his latest mad outbreak will mean the final fadeout of his type and a new and better day for labor.—WAUCHULA ADVOCATE.

Church Notes

METHODIST CHURCH

C. E. Mangelorff, Pastor.

Miss Margaret Slattery was walking along the street one day when she heard a little voice say: "Hello Miss Slattery." She looked around but saw no one. Again the voice spoke, also looked everywhere but saw no one. Then the little voice said, "Keep a-lookin' up Miss Slattery." She looked up and up and up, and finally saw her way up in a tenement house and when she found her, the little child said, "You didn't see me because you didn't look high enough." Jesus took the little children in his arms and taught us not to look down and cheer us up. It is always brighter, up there.

9:45 A. M. Sunday School under the direction of Guy F. Smith. A study of "Alcohol and the Community" will be the subject of the lesson. An interesting teacher will help to guide you into the truths of this great subject.

11:30 A. M. Morning Worship, sermon by the pastor, subject, "The Ministry of a Merry Heart." Smiles is the longest word in the English language; it has a whole mile between the first and the last letter. The good book says: A merry heart doeth good like a medicine.

7:00 P. M. Senior, Intermediate, and Junior League. An hour with these fine young people will be a blessing to you and a help to them.

8:00 P. M. Sermon by the pastor. If you are not present at this service you will be the loser.

7:30 P. M. Wednesday, Mid-week prayer service. Forty-five minutes of Christian Fellowship, followed by their rehearsal.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH SERVICE

Holy Communion, 7:30 A. M.

Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11:00 A. M.

Richard L. Brown, Rector.

ST. CATHERINE'S CATHOLIC CHURCH

Hickory Street — Sebring, Fla.

Mass every Sunday, 10:30 A. M.

Daily Mass 7 A. M.

Rev. Maurus Cook, O. S. B.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Sunday, August 20, in the absence of Dr. Elliott, pastor, Dr. Fred Touchton will give an address at 11 o'clock a.m. "Nation may fade but Christianity Marches On." He takes his subject from the 13th chapter of Isaiah which reads of fall of Babylon, one of the earliest and one of the most historical cities since the dawn of civilization.

Sunday school at 9:45. Classes to suit all ages.

Young People's Pilgrim Fellowship at 7 P. M. All boys and girls in high school age are cordially invited to attend this service.

The last Sunday in August, Mr. William Hauptmann will be the speaker.

Asked Police Dept. "One of Everything"

A request to the New York police department for "one of everything" was answered when the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studio received samples of virtually every piece of standard equipment in its metropolitan police work, for use or for copying in "Bergan Madden." Where the equipment itself could not be sent, photographs were made available.

Because "Bergan Madden," opened Sunday and Monday, August 20 and 21, at the Park Theatre, with Wallace Berry in the title role, is a story of the New York police, it was essential that every property and every uniform shown in the film be absolutely up-to-date. In some cases regulations have changed within the last six months.

Among the samples sent were official badges and ratings, in the instance mailed in triplicate for use on changes of costume worn by Berry and his screen son, Alan Curtis. Berry wears Sergeant's Badge Number Sixteen and a sixth precinct number on his collar. Curtis is Patrolman 405, with his beat in the fourth precinct, the district surrounding St. John's Park and Canal Street.

Other equipment received included complete belts and holsters, "nippers" (handcuffs), a police blotter, copy of rules and regulations, resignation and complaint blank, police report, whistle, buttons, blis, official flag of the city of New York and also of the police department as used in parades.

Tobacco Sales End At Lake City Mart

LAKE CITY, Aug. 17.—(FNS)—Bright leaf tobacco sales on the market here have reached last year's record and exceeded the five million pound total hopelessly at the beginning of the auction.

Due to the large quantity of tobacco handled, the market closes on an optimistic note, in spite of disappointment among growers because of the quality of the 1939 crop, which resulted in only medium prices.

State Supervisor Cass announced that no official average prices will be released as yet, but a compilation of daily average prices in the entire period of the market will be issued.

At the beginning of the market, the following described loads in Lake City, Aug. 17.—(FNS)—

Bright leaf tobacco sales on the market here have reached last year's record and exceeded the five million pound total hopelessly at the beginning of the auction.

Due to the large quantity of tobacco handled, the market closes on an optimistic note, in spite of disappointment among growers because of the quality of the 1939 crop, which resulted in only medium prices.

State Supervisor Cass announced that no official average prices will be released as yet, but a compilation of daily average prices in the entire period of the market will be issued.

At the beginning of the market, the following described loads in Lake City, Aug. 17.—(FNS)—

Bright leaf tobacco sales on the market here have reached last year's record and exceeded the five million pound total hopelessly at the beginning of the auction.

Due to the large quantity of tobacco handled, the market closes on an optimistic note, in spite of disappointment among growers because of the quality of the 1939 crop, which resulted in only medium prices.

State Supervisor Cass announced that no official average prices will be released as yet, but a compilation of daily average prices in the entire period of the market will be issued.

At the beginning of the market, the following described loads in Lake City, Aug. 17.—(FNS)—

Bright leaf tobacco sales on the market here have reached last year's record and exceeded the five million pound total hopelessly at the beginning of the auction.

Due to the large quantity of tobacco handled, the market closes on an optimistic note, in spite of disappointment among growers because of the quality of the 1939 crop, which resulted in only medium prices.

State Supervisor Cass announced that no official average prices will be released as yet, but a compilation of daily average prices in the entire period of the market will be issued.

At the beginning of the market, the following described loads in Lake City, Aug. 17.—(FNS)—

Bright leaf tobacco sales on the market here have reached last year's record and exceeded the five million pound total hopelessly at the beginning of the auction.

Due to the large quantity of tobacco handled, the market closes on an optimistic note, in spite of disappointment among growers because of the quality of the 1939 crop, which resulted in only medium prices.

State Supervisor Cass announced that no official average prices will be released as yet, but a compilation of daily average prices in the entire period of the market will be issued.

At the beginning of the market, the following described loads in Lake City, Aug. 17.—(FNS)—

be approximately thirteen or fourteen cents. The average price for ten cents. Cass stated that he was particularly delighted that the price range has been better than some leaders thought it would be as sales began in July.

On the basis of final results, all indications point to the fact that two sets of buyers will be on hand at the market for next year. No definite decision can be known in this regard, however, until the United States Tobacco Board of Trade holds its next meeting.

Sounds Bright Glass

It is possible to break a glass by making certain sounds near it. One man was able to break glasses by singing to them—but he used a certain note which he knew the glass could not stand. Glasses have actually been broken by sounds coming over the wireless.

Where a King Married

Still standing in Limassol, Cyprus is the old castle visited by King Richard I of England and Berengaria, princess of Navarre, just before they were married in the Twelfth century.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF MASTER'S SALE

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR HIGHLAND COUNTY, FLORIDA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: That the undersigned Special Master in Chancery has been appointed by the Court to sell the following described land in Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON, at the Court House in Sebring, Florida, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1939, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of satisfying a judgment in favor of the State of Florida, against the defendant, J. J. TAYLOR, and the said land is being sold to the highest and best bidder for cash. The terms of sale are as follows: The land is being sold in Sebring, Highlands County, Florida, the following described lands in

Highlands County, Florida, to-wit: Lot 12, Block 4, Subdivision 141, Section 33, Township 33N, Range 13E, Tenth Meridian, East of the line of the State of Florida, and the same is being sold by the Clerk of the Court, to-wit: W. Z. CARSON

169 or 21.

RD RAILWAY

Floyd Gibbons' ADVENTURERS' CLUB

HEADLINES FROM THE LIVES OF PEOPLE LIKE YOURSELF!

"Adventure in a Pickle Factory"

HELLO, EVERYBODY: Well sir, here's a yarn that's going to sound a sour note in our adventure saga. When I read it I thought of that old song, "Down by the Winegar Works," and I'd be willing to bet that place was right next door to the one where John Mains, of Long Island, had his life's big adventure. You see, the concern John works for is one of those outfits that catch young cucumbers before they get a chance to grow up, soak them in vinegar and send them out into the world to decorate ham and cheese sandwiches. John has a job in a pickle factory.

The factory is in East Northport—John's home town—and I'm willing to admit they've turned out some pretty good pickles there. But if they keep on making pickles until pickles stop having warts, they'll have turned out a tougher one than the pickle John got in, just from trying to keep the machinery going and the pickles moving out in a steady, uninterrupted acidulous stream.

John is a machinist at East Northport pickle factory, and it was on January 18, 1935, that he ran into Old Lady Adventure. The machinery in the factory is run by a big 50-foot shaft suspended just below the ceiling. Belts running from this shaft furnish the power to the various machines, and on this day one of the belts had broken.

John was ordered to replace that broken belt, and he went to work at it. The machine, of course, was stopped, and he was doing the job. When he had finished he turned the power on again to see how it worked. Well, it wasn't working so well at that. The new belt was slipping. Now John was in a bit of a predicament. The new belt was slipping. Now John was in a bit of a predicament. The new belt was slipping. Now John was in a bit of a predicament.

Ladder Slides Out From Under Him When He Reaches Top. The machinery was still running, but John thought he could keep out of the way of those spinning wheels and pulleys. Besides, reaching a belt is a lot easier when the motor is turning it for you. John reached



He was dazed—bewildered—gasping—when suddenly his clothes started to rip.

one top of the ladder and went to work. But he had hardly started when he lost his balance. And the ladder went sliding out from under him!

Instinctively, John threw his body to one side—and he landed right up against the whirling shaft. The ladder went tumbling to the floor, but John had fallen to the floor. He was jammed up against that shaft! It had caught his clothing—began twisting it around and around!

In two turns the shaft had taken up all the slack in those odds of John's. Then it began pulling the pressure. John felt his body being squeezed until he thought his ribs would break. His chest was flattened until he couldn't breathe. He was hammered and pounded against the ceiling until he was bruised and covered with blood. And still that shaft twisted, and still it tightened the clothing around his body. There was no one in the room at the time, and John couldn't get enough breath in his lungs to yell for help. He was going to die there, alone, 15 feet from the floor and dangling in mid air. He was dazed—bewildered—gasping—when suddenly his clothes started to rip.

Again the shaft began turning, taking up the slack. It tore every stitch of clothing from his back and arm, and didn't stop until it reached his wrist. There the machinery began twisting the end of his sleeve—twisting it so tightly that John thought sure it was going to take his hand off.

His chest was free now of that terrible tension. He could breathe—he could even have called for help. But by that time John was too far gone to cry out. He hung dangling from the shaft, the blood streaming down his body—conscious enough to know what was happening to him, but not conscious enough to do anything about it.

It was a thought that finally saved the day. Ah, of a sudden John thought of his wife and child. What would they say when they learned what had happened to him? He thought of his brother, who would be sure to bring him the weekly pay envelope any more? "That thought roused me," John says. "And then I must have let out a scream. I don't remember crying out, but my brother, who also worked at the factory, and who was in the next room, heard a yell and came running in to see what was the matter."

After Last Scream, John Loses Consciousness. John's brother didn't count a minute too soon, either. For after that last thought and that last scream he had lost consciousness. His brother ran and shut off the power and then ran back and picked up the fallen ladder. He climbed to the top, cut John loose with a pocket knife, and carried him down the ladder on his back.

John's brother rounded up a couple of other fellows in the factory and they took John to a doctor. John was there quite a while before he came to again. The doctor heard what had happened to him and just simply couldn't see how John had managed to live through his experience.

And that's a thing John doesn't quite understand either. "I thought that I'd all been my arm," he says, "that the doctor first cut it up and now it's in good shape again. When it was all over I thought I was the luckiest man on earth. And I STILL think so." They're still picking clothes out in that factory at East Northport. But it will be many a long day before they produce another one like that one John got into. At least, I hope it will.

(Reprinted by Western Newspaper Union.)

British Guiana Mines Yield Gold and Diamonds

British Guiana has a total area larger than England, Scotland and Wales together. Yet the population is little more than 200,000, or about two people to a square mile, except in the cities. Georgetown, the capital, accounts for one-fifth of the entire colony's inhabitants. Sugar, raised in a narrow coastal strip diked against the sea by Seventeenth century Dutch settlers, is the chief product of British Guiana. But the inland region, penetrating 600 miles into the South American continent, has remained practically unexplored because of the difficulty of transportation.

More than 2,000,000 ounces of gold and 2,000,000 carats of diamonds

have been brought out of British Guiana's jungle hinterland. Exports of bauxite ore for aluminum now rival the value of sugar exports. But almost nothing has been done with reported deposits of manganese ore, and oil, because the rivers—the life lines of commerce in the interior—are interrupted by a sudden wall-like edge of the interior plateau, over which plunges some of the highest and most spectacular waterfalls in the world, which man has as yet had occasion to see. There are only 70 miles of railroads in a region larger than Kansas. The whole colony's complex river system offers a mere 60 miles of navigable waterway.

Bruckhart's Washington Digest

Wisdom of Constitution Is Seen In Revolt of House on Spending

Not Politics Alone Involved in Congress' Opposition to President's Spending Policy; Response to Will of People at Last Reflected in Members' Action.

By WILLIAM BRUCKHART

WNU Service, National Press Bldg., Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON.—The Constitution of the United States—that document that has served us so well notwithstanding the raising given it by enlightened thinkers of recent years—in Article I that "all bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives." It further says with an emphasis that, "no money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law."

There is, of course, nothing at all new in the above paragraph. It is important, however, to remember those provisions of the basic law of our nation for in them again we see wisdom and a rather clear understanding of what happened just before congress adjourned its first session. It is as though the authors of the Constitution had laid their prophecy when one considers the recent revolt of the house of representatives against President Roosevelt's spending—letting program (And, by the way, during the debates on this program it became known as the "splendid" program among those terrible people who opposed it.)

I assume that throughout the land there was much talk about the revolt against the President's policies for current spending as being purely a matter of the "splendid" program among those terrible people who opposed it. The story was the same; politics. That is only partly true. Obviously, the house members had their eyes on the political aftermath of what they were doing when they refused even to give consideration to Mr. Roosevelt's spending—letting plan that originally involved more than \$5,000,000,000. They considered political, too, when they refused to debate the merits of the \$500,000,000 housing bill, although it brought them have debated that bill in order that the country could know that it would have cost several billion dollars of taxpayers' money before it is finally wound up 60 years hence.

Not Politics Alone Moved House to Oppose President

The refusal of the house members to do the bidding of the Chief Executive must be examined in something more than just a political light, however, because of the two provisions of the Constitution that I quoted. It must be recalled that the authors of the Constitution contrived to build a national legislative body with a dual purpose: 1. to represent the United States which is accomplished through the senate, and 2. to represent the individual citizen which is accomplished through the house of representatives. The house, therefore, is held to be the body more responsive to individual thinking among the people and to react more quickly to changes in public sentiment. That matter has been taxation originate in the house, therefore, is seen to be an attempt to reflect in the legislative act the will of the people.

Again, when the Constitution said that appropriations had to be enacted as law before money is paid out of the treasury, there was a patent curb on wild and prodigal spending. The house, being closer to the people, felt the call of the people for government spending and responded. Since the senators, too, are elected by direct vote of the people, they also heard the stern call and voted out money with the greatest ease. But the house led the way.

Lately, however, there has been a change in that individual thinking. The majority of the people have begun to wonder where all of this spending was going to end; they began to wonder how the national debt—now well above \$15,000,000,000—would ever be paid. They wanted fresh taxes. The senate heard, but failed to heed, this new call. Senators showed it up and now it's in good shape again. When it was all over I thought I was the luckiest man on earth. And I STILL think so. They're still picking clothes out in that factory at East Northport. But it will be many a long day before they produce another one like that one John got into. At least, I hope it will.

After Last Scream, John Loses Consciousness. John's brother didn't count a minute too soon, either. For after that last thought and that last scream he had lost consciousness. His brother ran and shut off the power and then ran back and picked up the fallen ladder. He climbed to the top, cut John loose with a pocket knife, and carried him down the ladder on his back.

John's brother rounded up a couple of other fellows in the factory and they took John to a doctor. John was there quite a while before he came to again. The doctor heard what had happened to him and just simply couldn't see how John had managed to live through his experience.

And that's a thing John doesn't quite understand either. "I thought that I'd all been my arm," he says, "that the doctor first cut it up and now it's in good shape again. When it was all over I thought I was the luckiest man on earth. And I STILL think so. They're still picking clothes out in that factory at East Northport. But it will be many a long day before they produce another one like that one John got into. At least, I hope it will.

(Reprinted by Western Newspaper Union.)

British Guiana Mines Yield Gold and Diamonds

British Guiana has a total area larger than England, Scotland and Wales together. Yet the population is little more than 200,000, or about two people to a square mile, except in the cities. Georgetown, the capital, accounts for one-fifth of the entire colony's inhabitants. Sugar, raised in a narrow coastal strip diked against the sea by Seventeenth century Dutch settlers, is the chief product of British Guiana. But the inland region, penetrating 600 miles into the South American continent, has remained practically unexplored because of the difficulty of transportation.

The refusal of the house to act cannot be catalogued otherwise than as reflecting the will of the people, for the politician who knows his onions seldom is seen going in the wrong direction if the votes of his constituents are concerned.

Whether the economy wave that swept through the house in the last few weeks of a session that is destined to be historically important, or the primary concern of the session of the Seventy-sixth congress, of course, is a matter of conjecture. It is to be noted that primaries for nominations come along early next spring and summer. Following those primaries in natural sequence are the November elections. If the members of the house and senate who have balked at running the federal government further delay the debate the same position in the session starting next January, then I am inclined to the opinion that our nation will be on the way out of its troubles. I always held statements about congress, however, because politicians will announce in the name of principle. They might deem it necessary to buy a few votes with taxpayers' money in advance of the primary elections. Whether the representatives and senators have such ideas in mind, or whether they are merely trying to get out of the spot by denying to know whether they are going to let this nation go any further into debt. The debt now is large that each of us is going to pay and pay in taxes, and after we have passed on, our children and theirs will pay.

Congress Failed to See That Money Was Properly Spent

I always have opposed congressional action that delegates popular opinion to the congress by the Constitution. In these columns, there has never been any deviation from that conviction. Since 1933, there has been a constant trend in the wrong direction. New powers have been given the President time after time. Particularly, he has been turned in the matter of handling money. Congress obeyed the dictates of the Constitution by appropriating the money, but it did not do so which there certainly is a duty to do, namely, see that the money is spent properly.

In an examination of the latest spending—letting scheme put forward by the President and rudely rebuffed by the house, there strikes me that another device to get more power away from congress was being proposed. In the first place, there was little, if any, hope that recovery could come out of the program. We have seen a slight improvement in individual thinking among the people and to react more quickly to changes in public sentiment. That matter has been taxation originate in the house, therefore, is seen to be an attempt to reflect in the legislative act the will of the people.

Again, when the Constitution said that appropriations had to be enacted as law before money is paid out of the treasury, there was a patent curb on wild and prodigal spending. The house, being closer to the people, felt the call of the people for government spending and responded. Since the senators, too, are elected by direct vote of the people, they also heard the stern call and voted out money with the greatest ease. But the house led the way.

Lately, however, there has been a change in that individual thinking. The majority of the people have begun to wonder where all of this spending was going to end; they began to wonder how the national debt—now well above \$15,000,000,000—would ever be paid. They wanted fresh taxes. The senate heard, but failed to heed, this new call. Senators showed it up and now it's in good shape again. When it was all over I thought I was the luckiest man on earth. And I STILL think so. They're still picking clothes out in that factory at East Northport. But it will be many a long day before they produce another one like that one John got into. At least, I hope it will.

President's Hint Sound Like Admission of Failure

The smashing of the administration's scheme, of course, did have its political repercussions and Mr. Roosevelt, feeling the loss of a stiff boot as he obviously did feel such a political blow, will be carrying his case to "the people" soon. He said in a press conference that "the people were entitled to know who was responsible," meaning the congress. He also suggested that the people to know that why there would be more unemployment, and why there would be new taxes for the people, must be sought rather than an admission of failure. That is to say, these schemes of spending, of pump priming, of creating credit and greater debt, all have failed in returning the country to anything like a normal condition. We have all seen show for something like \$25,000,000,000 so expended excepting the failure of the United States government that are outstanding.

New Dealers, however, are still battling. I noted one of them said the other day that "the leader of congress in November of this year was surely a necessity. That proposal will bear watching. I have looked with little hope, many leaders in congress—men of long experience and understanding—and none of them believes an extra session to be necessary." (Reprinted by Western Newspaper Union.)

Action of House Reflects Will of People on Spending

It is made to appear, therefore, that the concept of the Constitution's authors was correct. They felt that the house would hear from home, as we say these days. And the house has heard. Politics, alone, was not responsible except insofar as it represents the shifts in position that statesmen must take to meet the changes in public opinion. We live by the people, it seems, have suddenly awakened to the fact that something must be done about the continued great upon which the federal government has been engaged in the last five or six years.

Household Neut Clean House



ONE-PIECE MEALS WITH MACARONI (See Recipe Below)

One-Piece Meals

Lucky is the homemaker who has in her recipe file a series of suggestions for "one-piece meals." After a long, busy afternoon at the beach, or perhaps a busy day with sugar 'n' spice, and the preparing kettle, the meal that in one course is a life-saver.

And what food can you find that lends itself as aptly to this type of meal as macaroni and its closest relatives? With the variety of foods, including spaghetti and noodles, as well as macaroni, there is a high in food energy and contain

foods as well. Yet they're light and appetizing—the kind of food that's needed to meet the requirements of summer. Served with a green salad or a fruit dessert, any of these "one-piece" macaroni dishes make highly satisfactory meals.

Macaroni Creole Salad

(Serves 6-8)
2 cups cooked macaroni
1 cup soft bread crumbs
2 eggs
1/4 teaspoon salt
3 tablespoons green pepper (chopped)
1/2 cup cheese (grated)
1/4 cups tomatoes
1/4 cup melted butter
1 1/2 tablespoons prepared mustard
Dash celery salt, onion salt, and white pepper.

Mix all ingredients in order listed. Pour into a greased baking casserole. Bake 35 minutes in a moderate oven (350 degrees). Unmold carefully and serve.

Spaghetti Ring With Asparagus

(Serves 6)
1 8-ounce package spaghetti
1 cup cooked ham (ground)
1/2 clove garlic (chopped)
2 tablespoons pimiento (chopped)
1 teaspoon salt
1/4 teaspoon pepper
2 eggs (beaten)
1/2 cup coffee cream

FRUITS.
1 tablespoon butter
2 tablespoons flour
1/4 cups milk
1/4 cup sugar
1/4 teaspoon pepper
1 cup cooked asparagus (cut)
1 hard cooked egg (sliced)

Break spaghetti into 4-inch lengths and toss until tender in 2 quarts boiling water to which 1 tablespoon salt has been added. Drain and add to it the ground ham, garlic, pimiento, salt, pepper, eggs and cream. Pour into buttered ring mold, place in shallow pan of hot water, and bake at moderate temperature (350 degrees) for about one hour.

To make the filling, melt the butter in a saucepan and add flour, stirring constantly, until mixture thickens. Add seasonings and the people to know that why there would be more unemployment, and why there would be new taxes for the people, must be sought rather than an admission of failure. That is to say, these schemes of spending, of pump priming, of creating credit and greater debt, all have failed in returning the country to anything like a normal condition. We have all seen show for something like \$25,000,000,000 so expended excepting the failure of the United States government that are outstanding.

President's Hint Sound Like Admission of Failure

The smashing of the administration's scheme, of course, did have its political repercussions and Mr. Roosevelt, feeling the loss of a stiff boot as he obviously did feel such a political blow, will be carrying his case to "the people" soon. He said in a press conference that "the people were entitled to know who was responsible," meaning the congress. He also suggested that the people to know that why there would be more unemployment, and why there would be new taxes for the people, must be sought rather than an admission of failure. That is to say, these schemes of spending, of pump priming, of creating credit and greater debt, all have failed in returning the country to anything like a normal condition. We have all seen show for something like \$25,000,000,000 so expended excepting the failure of the United States government that are outstanding.

New Dealers, however, are still battling. I noted one of them said the other day that "the leader of congress in November of this year was surely a necessity. That proposal will bear watching. I have looked with little hope, many leaders in congress—men of long experience and understanding—and none of them believes an extra session to be necessary." (Reprinted by Western Newspaper Union.)

After Last Scream, John Loses Consciousness. John's brother didn't count a minute too soon, either. For after that last thought and that last scream he had lost consciousness. His brother ran and shut off the power and then ran back and picked up the fallen ladder. He climbed to the top, cut John loose with a pocket knife, and carried him down the ladder on his back.

John's brother rounded up a couple of other fellows in the factory and they took John to a doctor. John was there quite a while before he came to again. The doctor heard what had happened to him and just simply couldn't see how John had managed to live through his experience.

(Reprinted by Western Newspaper Union.)

British Guiana Mines Yield Gold and Diamonds

British Guiana has a total area larger than England, Scotland and Wales together. Yet the population is little more than 200,000, or about two people to a square mile, except in the cities. Georgetown, the capital, accounts for one-fifth of the entire colony's inhabitants. Sugar, raised in a narrow coastal strip diked against the sea by Seventeenth century Dutch settlers, is the chief product of British Guiana. But the inland region, penetrating 600 miles into the South American continent, has remained practically unexplored because of the difficulty of transportation.

tomato mixture over this. Sprinkle with buttered crumbs. Bake a moderate oven (350 degrees) for about 45 minutes.

Macaroni Supreme.
Cook 1/2 pound macaroni (broken in 3-inch lengths) in boiling salted water until tender; drain. Cut 2 thin slices smoked ham in two crosswise. Arrange strips of macaroni on ham. Pour 1/4 teaspoon horseradish on each portion and sprinkle with 1/4 cup grated cheese. Roll and tie in position. Place close together in shallow baking dish. Cover with 1/2 cup milk and bake in a slow oven (325 degrees) for 25 minutes. Uncover and continue baking until ham is lightly browned. Serves 4.

Beef.
(Serves 6)
1/2 pound bacon (sliced)
2 onions (medium size)
1 pound round steak (ground)
1 cup milk
1 8-ounce package spaghetti
1 No. 2 can whole kernel corn
1/4 teaspoon pepper
Cut bacon into small pieces and cook until crisp in a large skillet. Remove bacon bits, brown the sliced onion in the hot fat, and finally take out the onion slices and use the remaining fat for browning the ground meat.

breaking it into small bits as it cooks. Then pour in the tomatoes, and allow the mixture to simmer until it is fairly thick. Next add the spaghetti, which has been broken into 2-inch lengths and cooked until tender in boiling salted water. Then add the can of corn, the browned onions, and crisp bacon bits, and the seasoning. Allow this mixture to simmer slowly for another half hour, covered.

Hasty Noodlefest.
Cook 1/2 pound of noodles in salted water and drain. While they are cooking, heat a can of cream of mushroom soup, adding a cup of milk to it if the condensed kind. Add also a tablespoon of chopped onion, 1/4 teaspoon salt and two hard-cooked eggs, sliced. Add the drained noodles, mix well and put into a buttered casserole. Cover the top with buttered crumbs and bake 35 minutes in a moderately hot oven (375 degrees).

This year's crop of peaches, pears, plums, and berries is waiting to be transformed into rows of sparkling jellies, spicy relishes and rich marmalades. In this column next week Eleanor Howe will give you some of her favorite recipes for easy-to-make and delicious-to-eat jams, marmalades and pickles.

Easy Entertaining.
In this new cook book by Eleanor Howe you'll find over 125 practical suggestions and recipes for parties of every description. Birthday parties, picnics, buffet suppers, and parties for all occasions, all these and many more social occasions, you'll find useful menus, new recipes and practical hints for the hostess. Send 10 cents in coin to "Easy Entertaining," Eleanor Howe, 818 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and get your copy of "Easy Entertaining" free.

TIPS FOR HOUSEWIVES.
Wet table with cold water when cutting a meringue pie. Oil of lavender sprinkled sparingly through a bohemian will save a library from noise.

Use the blow attachment of your vacuum cleaner to remove dust from your radiator.

Strip left over from roast frites makes an excellent heating for ham, pork and beef.

A good floor wax rubbed on windows will keep them in perfect condition.

Camels, milder smoking in low tar content. Camels, milder smoking, as shown by the following results of a recent impartial laboratory comparison of 16 of the leading-selling brands:

1. CAMELS were found to contain LESS TOBACCO BY WEIGHT than any other brand.

2. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

3. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

4. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

5. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

6. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

7. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

8. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

9. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

10. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

11. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

12. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

13. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

14. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

15. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

16. CAMELS BURNED SLOWER than any other brand. TESTED—25% SLOWER THAN THE AVERAGE TIME OF THE 15 OTHER BRANDS.

Ask Me Another A General Quiz

1. What is polypody?
2. How does a whale feed its young?
3. What shapes the destinies of a people?
4. How does a patriotic American woman salute the flag?
5. What is the most abundant metal found in the earth?
6. What is the most abundant metal found in the earth?
7. What is meant by referring to a diamond as being so many carats?
8. Which is the country of origin of the word (A) candy, (B) muslin, (C) millinery?

The Answers

1. The possession by a woman of more than one husband at a time.
2. The whale, a viviparous mammal, suckles its young.
3. The modes of thought.
4. By placing her right hand over her heart.
5. Words G. Blaine was known as the "Plumed Knight."
6. Aluminum.
7. When we refer to a diamond as being so many carats, we refer to its weight.
8. (A) Candia, old name for Crete, (B) Mosul (Iraq), (C) Milan; milliners being originally sellers of Milan goods.

By having 25% slower than the average of the 15 other of the largest-selling brands tested—25% slower than the average of 15 other of the largest-selling brands.

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK

(Consolidated Features—WNU Service.)

10

E. Coast Man Is Candidate For Governor

Mayor Of St. Augustine Is Being Urged To Make The Race

ST. AUGUSTINE, August 17.—An aggressive campaign for Mayor Walter B. Fraser, St. Augustine's colorful mayor, to be a candidate for governor of Florida is under way here Saturday.

It followed a meeting of St. Augustine's business leaders, including representatives of both the senior and younger groups, who expressed the first Florida "pro Fraser" club Friday night.

Although Mayor Fraser has not announced an announcement of his intention to become a candidate, subject to the Democratic nomination next spring, the probability that he would have been seriously discussed in the club, it was reported here.

Members of the first "pro Fraser" club were Joe Buchanan, local attorney, and Joe C. Taylor, general manager of the Brown Company, as vice president, Leonard Pradha, secretary, and Bennett Henley, treasurer.

It was disclosed during the organization meeting that more than 200 businessmen and civic leaders in St. Augustine have pledged their support in the first club formed to back Fraser for governor.

Fraser also was announced for a campaign to bring the membership in this county up to 1,000 immediately.

Permanent President, named a committee to study Mayor Fraser of the action taken when he returned to St. Augustine Tuesday.

Fraser, the fitness of Mayor Fraser for the governorship of Florida, President Buchanan pointed to his executive ability, his keenness of intellect, and his good business sense.

Among the accomplishments of St. Augustine he mentioned first the Reconstruction Plan, for which Mayor Fraser secured the attention of some of the leading citizens of the nation, who are the National Committee for the Restoration and Preservation of St. Augustine.

Second, the improvement of the water system, which has given St. Augustine a satisfactory water supply for all household purposes, because the municipal bond refunding program is listed as a major accomplishment.

Survey Shows Possibilities of Trip to Fair

ST. AUGUSTINE, August 17.—A survey conducted by the St. Augustine Chamber of Commerce, which has given St. Augustine a satisfactory water supply for all household purposes, because the municipal bond refunding program is listed as a major accomplishment.

It is now getting on towards the "back" block that you're a glutton for punishment and come back to the amusement area where you can take your choice of a thousand shows and rides that won't cost you a quarter each, some of them free. Midnight comes and you will risk back to Flushing Gate on that same Number Three bus or, if you are one headed in the same direction, just ask any driver—where you climb back on a city-bound Long Island train. Penny again, two blocks to the Plaza Martineau—and you'll be glad to get that pack of foot-clothes the clerk will hand you along with your mail from home. A big day? You bet it is! And what does it cost? Exactly eight and fifteen cents, including all tips and leaving a little margin for safety's sake. Around town during each of the four days, you will see nearly that much about the show and what you will see if you want to see a New York Theater. You have been fed, you have been housed, including one full course dinner that you couldn't buy in New York for what you paid in St. Augustine. So isn't it true what they say about Flushing? You can get just what you pay to see. Florida is a dollar or two if you pass up the show and restrict your diet to sandwiches and soft drinks.

Food Stamp Plan may Help Distribute Citrus Next Season

LAKELAND, Aug. 17.—(Special)—Lakeland expansion of the food stamp plan recently inaugurated by the federal government to distribute surplus commodities, including citrus fruit, is planned during the next few months, according to information received by the Florida citrus commission from Washington.

Much interest is shown in the new plan by Florida citrus leaders because of the effect it may have on next season's government purchases of oranges and grapefruit. Under this plan needy families are furnished with blue stamps with which they can purchase any surplus commodity at regular grocery stores. Citrus was designated a surplus commodity until July 15, and removed at that time from the list as Florida received the end of its shipping season.

Figures just issued by the government show that in Rochester, N. Y., for the period from May 15 to July 15, nearly a million dollars' worth of blue stamps were used to purchase approximately 147,000 pounds of oranges, 155,000 dozen eggs, 218,000 pounds of white and Graham flour, 17,000 pounds of prunes, 80,000 pounds of dry beans, 17,000 pounds of corn meal, 5,700 boxes of oranges and 1,600 boxes of grapefruit. Rochester was the first city where the plan was used.

Government figures indicate that 24% of the surplus commodity stamps were used for oranges and grapefruit. A close study made of sales in low, medium and upper income areas in Rochester showed orange purchases were 25% of income, compared with a decline of 27% in upper income areas. These percentages occurred because the government's plan of a period when citrus fruit sales were declining toward the end of the normal marketing season. Grapefruit sales, however, declined very materially during the experimental period. However, sales in low income stores were materially higher than sales in upper income stores. Sales of citrus fruit in intermediate income stores showed a greater proportion of increase than in low income stores.

Final conclusions on what effect the new stamp plan will have on surplus commodities distributed are not drawn at this time, the government states, and more detailed studies of the total sale of surplus commodities to the government states, and more detailed studies of the total sale of surplus commodities to the government states, and more detailed studies of the total sale of surplus commodities to the government states.

Sales promotional men of the citrus commission have been checking in the various cities where the experiment is operating. These men have reported a noticeable extra push given surplus commodities by grocery stores in their advertising and other ways, which may prove of much importance in helping to move a larger volume of citrus and other surplus commodities during the next season. The approval of practically all outlets and enables a grocer to receive the regular retail price for his product, while eliminating competition previously encountered from distribution of free commodities by welfare agencies.

Substantial increase in food sales has been reported in the trial cities beyond the amount represented by food stamps, and this is credited to aggressive merchandising, advertising and sales campaigns, as well as special displays.

If further studies show that the plan is encouraging results, the government has announced, the food stamp plan may develop into an extremely effective national program to move surplus products of those agricultural products for which there is an elastic demand, at the same time providing more food for those of our people who have inadequate diets.

Eligible persons apparently are getting surplus commodities through regular grocery stores, it was said, and have experienced little if any difficulty in shopping with the stamps. These people have bought in quantity to meet immediate needs, and enjoy selecting commodities they want from among listed surplus products. Another important factor, the government believes, is that needy persons under the plan are getting not only a more adequate but in most cases a better balanced diet.

The stamp plan is now operating in Rochester, Dayton, Ohio, Seattle, Wash., Birmingham, Ala., Des Moines, Iowa, and Pottawatomie County, Okla.

It is believed that the staff of the American Medical Association is being watched development of the vitamin mixtures, many of which are now on the market and purport to contain all or several of the essential elements. No noticeable effect on citrus sales has been reported, but it is believed the medical association's findings probably will result in a sharp break in the rapid rise such mixtures have shown.

The commission has capitalized in many ways on available vitamin knowledge, stressing the abundance of these healthful elements in Florida citrus fruits, although still being guided basically by the established fact that people eat foods they like, rather than those which are good for them.

"We have been wondering when the American Medical Association or some other group would clamp down on these mixtures," one official said. "No doubt these mixtures are needed in certain instances, when prescribed by doctors, but we have always felt nature intended vitamins to be obtained from ordinary foods, and not in pill form. The orange and grapefruit have the happy combination of good taste and vitamin richness. There is no necessity for any normal person to take capsules to get enough Vitamin C, with oranges and grapefruit as reasonable and abundant as they now are."

Citrus Pulp Is Fine Cow Feed

Experiments at World's Fair May Provide Market For By-Product

LAKELAND, Aug. 17.—(Special)—With dried citrus pulp an important part of their daily feed, the herd cows at the world's fair in the exhibit "Dairy World of Tomorrow," is setting new records for milk production. Florida citrus leaders are watching the results of this exhibit herd because of the important bearing it may have on more widespread use of dried citrus pulp.

Five major breeds make up the fair herd. The cows are milked three times a day, and are milking merry-go-round. Just figures, announced by Vere S. Custer, chief herdman with 30 years of herd experience, show an average of 47.9 pounds of milk per day per cow. In an average good herd, production of 30 pounds a day is considered good.

The average butterfat content has been 2.9, and average butterfat volume two pounds per cow per day. One point is considered excellent in the average good herd. Another factor which has surprised even old-time herdsmen is the low bacteria count of milk from a herd of this size. The count has been consistently under 1,000, and sometimes as low as 500.

An average good herd, 5,000 is considered good.

Florida producers of dried citrus pulp contribute a large amount of their new product to the world's fair exhibit, to give it the type of open test which they hope will convince the most skeptical dairy man that it is an excellent feed.

Dr. Wayne Neal, animal husbandry expert of the University of Florida, experiment station, recently announced that after three years of experimenting, he was convinced dried citrus pulp was the equal of any other feed, and superior in some.

Production of dried citrus pulp was stopped recently because it had been accumulated which would insure a year-round supply for those using it. Dried citrus pulp, produced in Florida are working together cooperatively in an educational program to increase consumption of this product.

With the results of three years experimentation now available, it is expected the state will issue a bulletin to advise Florida families with one or two cows, who hesitate because of lack of knowledge of the amount and method of feeding.

Citrus Fruits Are Rich In Vitamins

LAKELAND, Aug. 17.—(PNS)—Recent announcement by the American Medical Association that vitamins should be obtained from food, as against capsules or other vitamin mixtures, should have a beneficial effect on orange and grapefruit consumption. A report published in its journal, stated that taking vitamin mixtures "cannot replace the need of adequate amounts of well-balanced diet."

The average diet does not contain a sufficient amount of vitamins A and C, the association also reported, warning that many people get enough vitamins for passable health but not enough for buoyant health.

Oranges and grapefruit are rich in Vitamin C and also considered good sources of Vitamin A. Officials of the citrus commission have been watching development of the vitamin mixtures, many of which are now on the market and purport to contain all or several of the essential elements. No noticeable effect on citrus sales has been reported, but it is believed the medical association's findings probably will result in a sharp break in the rapid rise such mixtures have shown.

The commission has capitalized in many ways on available vitamin knowledge, stressing the abundance of these healthful elements in Florida citrus fruits, although still being guided basically by the established fact that people eat foods they like, rather than those which are good for them.

"We have been wondering when the American Medical Association or some other group would clamp down on these mixtures," one official said. "No doubt these mixtures are needed in certain instances, when prescribed by doctors, but we have always felt nature intended vitamins to be obtained from ordinary foods, and not in pill form. The orange and grapefruit have the happy combination of good taste and vitamin richness. There is no necessity for any normal person to take capsules to get enough Vitamin C, with oranges and grapefruit as reasonable and abundant as they now are."

Cattleman Tell Rates Of Pasture Work

(Continued From Page One)

R. J. Hargrove told of his entry into the business and how that now 400 acres of improved pasture will take care of 400 cows. He thought the cattle business is one of the best which to make money and suggested that his hearers look around the state and see the improvements being made.

J. C. Bagesdale said he is just a hog farmer at present but hopes to graduate into cattle. He plans to enter an extensive pasture improvement program and said that stock cattle are now hard to get at \$25.00 a head.

Almeyer closed by mentioning the extensive stock feeding being done by Demos Mandia who is using Napier grass for silage and has just built two more silos making 100,000 lbs. of silage. He is also planting Napier grass on his place east of town and is planning to enter the stock feeding business.

Mandia will soon be able to fatten 1,000 steers a year, Almeyer said.

Leslie Armstrong was welcomed into the club as a new member. Visitors were, besides the speakers, J. C. Taylor of Sebring, W. M. Rick of Avon Park, Tom Brown of Frostproof, Guy Matlock of Sebring and May Ed Keenan of Lake Wales.

Half Million Acres Get Fire Protection

State's Total Acreage Now Under Control Is Up To 4,356,283 Acres

A half million acres of new lands will go under fire protection during the coming year, according to reports brought by landowners and the Florida Board of Forestry within the past few days. Harry E. Baker, State forester, states that the total acreage under protection with the State to 4,356,283 acres. Included in the new lands listed were Suwannee and Pinellas counties on a county-wide basis. Another half million acres have made application for protection and approval is dependent upon the availability of matching funds.

Fire protection on private lands in cooperation with the State is based on signed agreements between the landowners and the State Board of Forestry wherein a budget of 60 or more an acre is made available and administered by the Florida Forest and Park Service. Where the landowner does his own actual fire fighting, the State provides him with fire fighting tools, plus an additional fee based on the acreage and collected to cover the fire fighting costs. In county-wide areas, a referendum vote of the people authorizes the county commissioners to sign cooperative agreements for the county with the State Board. There are now seven counties so protected.

Contrary to popular belief, sharks do not have to turn over to be declared scientists at the Marine Studies, oceanarium, Marineland, Florida.

Painting Ships Saves Fuel

Painting ship hulls with anti-fouling composition annually saves \$300,000,000 which otherwise would be spent in fuel because of the resistance to propulsion.

Program Announced For Florida Week At World's Fair

WORLD'S FAIR, N. Y., Aug. 17.—(Special)—Of the 30 states having exhibits at the World's Fair, Florida is the only one having an entire week (Aug. 27 to Sept. 2) set apart for it in which to celebrate its participation and entertain its friends and the management is working with all the activity of a well-oiled machine in making preparations for seven days of jollification.

For administrative purposes Florida Week at the World's Fair has been divided as follows: Sunday, Aug. 27—Florida Garden Day, with Dr. John J. Tigert, president of the University of Florida, presiding at the Dedication exercises which will be held in the tropical garden of the Florida Exhibit. The presentation will be made by Dr. John Oliver Lagoe. The garden will be accepted on behalf of the management of the Fair by Gen. Dennis B. Nolan.

Monday, Aug. 28—Florida State Press Day which will be attended by many editors of Florida newspapers. A get-acquainted party will be held at the Florida building which will afford opportunity for visiting newspapermen to meet the editors and reporters of the newspapers of New York City area. One of the features of the entertainment provided for visiting newspapermen will be a night view of the fair from the air, provided by Capt. Edward Rickenbacker and Beverly Griffith, of the Eastern Air Lines.

Tuesday, Aug. 29—Governor Fred P. Cone Day with the governor and members of his staff and cabinet as honor guests. A very well filled program of entertainment has been outlined for the day, opening with the usual salute of 19 guns. Edward Ball, president of Florida National Exhibits will preside at the meeting when Governor Cone dedicates the Florida State Exhibits. The acceptance speech will be made by Grover Whalen, president of the World's Fair corporation.

Wednesday, Aug. 30—Florida Citrus Day will bring citrus growers and citrus buyers and consumers together with appropriate ceremony. C. H. Walker, president of the Florida Citrus Exchange will preside. Following the meeting a program of entertainment will be carried out.

Thursday, Aug. 31—Florida All States Day will feature a luncheon to Governor Cone, Commissioner of Agriculture Mayo and Comptroller Lee and President Ball of the Florida State Chamber of Commerce presiding, will be given over to the entertainment of the officials of the various railways. The luncheon will be interesting in travel to and from Florida and to members of the staffs of travel agencies who guide travel to Florida. A program of entertainment will be guests of honor.

Saturday, Sept. 2—Will be left an open date so that members of the several excursion parties coming to the festivities may have a day in which to wind up their sight seeing and get ready for the return trip.

Painting Ships Saves Fuel
Painting ship hulls with anti-fouling composition annually saves \$300,000,000 which otherwise would be spent in fuel because of the resistance to propulsion.

Citrus Advertising Program Meeting

LAKELAND, Aug. 17.—(Special)—Final details of a suggested 1939-40 advertising program on Florida's fresh citrus fruits are being worked out this week by Arthur Kudner, Inc., advertising agency of the Florida citrus commission, in preparation for a meeting next Tuesday, August 22, at which the agency will present its proposals for the first time.

The meeting was postponed once at the request of the agency, and the citrus commission ordered another delay when it learned many leaders of the industry would be out of the state until next week. The commission has invited all persons interested to attend Tuesday's meeting, and is hopeful a representative gathering will be present.

The agency has been working on the program for some time, following its retention by the commission to handle the 1939-40 advertising work. Mr. Kudner will attend the meeting along with several high officials of the agency.

A series of public meetings in key cities of the citrus belt previously will be held later on, and the program as finally approved by the commission will be shown.

Pursuit of Happiness

"Everybody says he favors the pursuit of happiness," said Uncle Rhon, "but at present nobody seems able to be happy unless he's making trouble for somebody else."

GET PROOF HERE!

New "Cold-Wall" Frigidaire

Model Illustrated
Cold Wall 6-39
\$229.50
14 OTHER FRIGIDAIRE MODELS STARTING AT \$119.50

See this "X-RAY" PROOF!
See why Frigidaire does not depend only on "one-spot" cooling. See how Frigidaire's refrigerating coils behind the walls literally surround food with vitally protecting cold. See how moisture-robbing air currents are cooled, how food odor and flavor transfer is checked. See how Frigidaire maintains uniform low temperatures and 85-100% humidity.

Only FRIGIDAIRE HAS THE METER-MISER
The Badcock Store

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!

NEW YORK WORLD'S FAIR
LOW COACH FARES
\$36.85 to NEW YORK
From AVON PARK

ROUND TRIP COACH FARE
\$36.85 to NEW YORK
From AVON PARK

Lower Rates for Coach Parties
Proportionate Free from Other Points
Ticket Good in Pullman
at Stately Hotel Rates
COMPLETELY AIR CONDITIONED
FAST DAILY TRAINS between
Lakeland, intermediate points and New York
Lounge, Sleeping and Dining Cars
Lv. AVON PARK 8:25 P. M.
Super Deluxe Coaches

10% REDUCTION!
on Round Trip Coach Fares
between all points on the Southeast
TICKETS SOLD DAILY

CIRCLE TOURS
to both FRIDAY
17 COACHES
\$90 \$135 in Pullmans
ALL EXPENSE TOURS to NEW YORK
and SAN FRANCISCO FAIRS through
Lakeland, intermediate points and New York
HOTEL RESERVATIONS IN ADVANCE
COACH TOURS

ATLANTIC
COAST LINE
RAILROAD

GET PROOF HERE!
YOU DON'T HAVE TO COVER FOODS!

New "Cold-Wall" Frigidaire

SAVES FOOD VITAL JUICES
FROM THE OUTFIT
CHECKS ODOR-AND-FLAVOR
TRANSFER OF FOOD!
★ MOST REFRIGERATION LINE IT!
● Here is an entirely new kind
of refrigerator! There's nothing else
like it!
See how the "X-Ray" Proof of this
seasonal new discovery! See
how foods are saved from drying
out. See why you don't need
food covers of any kind! Only
Frigidaire can give you this mar-
velous "Cold-Wall" cooling.
See it once. At our store.

CELEBRATING
1 MILLION
FRIGIDAIRE
See this "X-RAY" PROOF!
See why Frigidaire does not
depend only on "one-spot"
cooling. See how Frigidaire's
refrigerating coils behind the
walls literally surround food
with vitally protecting cold.
See how moisture-robbing air currents
are cooled, how food odor and flavor
transfer is checked. See how Frigidaire
maintains uniform low temperatures and
85-100% humidity.

Model Illustrated
Cold Wall 6-39
\$229.50
14 OTHER FRIGIDAIRE MODELS
STARTING AT \$119.50

Only FRIGIDAIRE HAS THE METER-MISER
The Badcock Store

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!

See why you don't have TO COVER FOODS!