

State Forestry Board Planning To Take Over Highlands Hammock

An important conference of National and state officials was held at the Nancesowee Hotel, Sebring Thursday and Friday of last

at the Nancesowee Hotel, Sebring, Thursday and Friday of last week, when J. H. Gadsby, Regional Officer of the National Park Service, C. R. Vinten, Region Inspector, Harry Lee Baker, State Forester, C. H. Schaeffer, Acting State Park Director, Dr. W. A. Davidson, Col. F. N. K. Bailey, Alexander Blair, Mrs. Clara Thomas, N. Durrance, E. W. Gallaher, General Sebring and Ray Greene, came together in the interest of this section of Florida.

The conference was called for the purpose of discussing and making agreements with regard to the administration of activities in Highlands Hammock when title passes to the Florida Board of Forestry.

The result of the two-day conference was an agreement of the three local organizations represented to deed and assign to the Florida Board of Forestry all property agreements now held by these bodies. In return the Florida Board of Forestry will agree to protect

water rights of the Hammock as will further agree with the Florida Botanical Garden and Arboretum Association to permit it to occupy approximately 1500 acres of land for the purpose of developing a botanical garden and arboretum. The plan of the development of the Botanical Garden and Arboretum is being executed by Mrs. Clara I. Thomas under the direction of Frederick Law Olmstead of Brookline, Mass., who is considered by many park officials, the leading landscape architect of America. It has been stated that the botanical garden and arboretum will call for

investment of \$5,000,000, and ten years to develop but because of the particular climate which is similar to that of Southern China and the Philippines, more beautiful flowering shrubs than have ever been

Invited to attend.

BRISBANE
THIS WEEK

Not Constitutional
Films and Black Magic
Kilgenny Case, Aggravated
Pickings for Lawyers

In Boston, the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals decides, two to one, that the "New Deal" process tax is unconstitutional. The power of congress to regulate interstate commerce does not authorize it to tax products of agriculture or industry merely because their production may indirectly affect interstate commerce.

This important decision, if not upset by the higher courts, will stop, decidedly, the plans of the administration in regard to financing bigger incomes for farmers.

Universal Service says Abyssinia will not take Mussolini, his airplanes and armored troops "down." Abyssinian soldiers, dealers in black magic, will use against Italy. What is more dangerous than magic, Abyssinian fighting chiefs will use the poisonous toads they capture from Italian soldiers. These flies, feeding on decaying animal matter caught in the teeth of sleeping crocodiles, get the taste from the blood of the crocodiles and plant them in the blood of human beings.

Slow death by "sleeping sickness," leaving the body almost a skeleton, follows the taste bite.

Two cents hung over a line must fight. The Kilgenny story proves it. Mussolini has committed himself to war, and Deane Kilgenny speaks positively it is unsafe, politically, for him to back down, especially when other nations interfere, as France and England have interfered. To retreat might cost Mussolini his prestige.

Difficult also is the position of Haile Selassie, emperor of Ethiopia. His hold is not firm. Important chiefs, heading various Abyssinian tribes, would like his job. If they should avoid war by holding on to his territory to Mussolini, as advised by England, resulting complications might lead to assassination, common in tropical countries.

The United States Chamber of Commerce objects to the income and inheritance tax program, calls it confiscation. The question involved seems simple.

Does the property of the United States, report of thrift and intelligence, belong to the people that created it, or is it only held in trust by them for public use? It is the question for the time being exercise powers of government?

Owners of stock in Paramount Public Moving Picture Company, once selling on the market at \$100,000 and more, now worth about nothing, learn that in some wind up proceedings lawyers ask for \$3,000,000. That seems a good deal, but you must remember that one New York lawyer—by will not object to being mentioned—the skillful Louis Levy, once got more than \$1,000,000 and a certain amount of understanding between a gentleman and a certain "little lady."

Figures do not lie, but they surprise you. For instance, in the year 1901, the government of the United States had 125 employees. Today it has 700,000 employees. Today there is an increase of 5,000 per cent. The number of congressmen has risen since 1901 from 125 to 321, a little more than 400 per cent, while United States population has increased 2,500 per cent.

The increase in population is due to mothers, the increase in government extravagance is due to politicians.

Austria seems not quite certain that she has enough of the Hapsburg royal family, that has ruled and misruled an intelligent people for so long. The state council cancels a decree that banished Hapsburgs and took their property. Young Archduke Otto, pretender to the throne, may now return to Austria. He and his mother will find themselves rich, he continues imperial property restored.

Young Otto, a handsome boy, with a somewhat positively conceited expression, may carry the throne. Self-government is not easily learned.

Washington reports a "whispering campaign" concerning President Roosevelt's health. It will be a very small whisper if the whisperers stick to facts. The President's friends will be glad to know that his health is excellent, has never been better since his Presidential campaign and that the matter of his health was not a subject of worry about a few political adversaries.

G. E. Kline, President, Inc., Wash. D. C.

CURRENT EVENTS
PASS IN REVIEW

TRADE TREATY WITH RUSSIA
STIRS SHARP ATTACK ON
SECRETARY HULL

B. EDWARD W. PICKARD
of Western Newspaper Union

TWENTY months of apparently futile moves to revitalize the commercial relations between the United States and Russia, and then suddenly Washington announces that the two nations had concluded a one-year trade agreement under which Soviet Republics agreed to increase their American imports by 150 per cent. In return for purchases of \$200,000,000 worth of American goods, Russia is to be granted wide concessions by the United States.

Russia will buy railroad equipment, machinery for making new automobiles, certain grades of iron ore, manganese, furs and dairy products in large quantities to the United States.

The pact, concluded by the exchange of notes between Ambassador Hull in Moscow and Maxim Litvinov, commissar for foreign affairs, provides for a new trade system for modernization of a weak transportation system.

In return Russia expects to sell sausage casings, certain grades of iron ore, manganese, furs and dairy products in large quantities to the United States.

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He said he was assigned to help with the original drafting of the bill "through a direct request from the President." Senators Wheeler and Rayburn, he said, asked him to help bring about passage of the bill.

UNOFFICIALLY and informally, the general opinion seemed to be that the Wagner labor disputes act is unconstitutional and will be so declared by the United States Supreme court when that tribunal is called on for a decision. William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, urged all leaders to pay no attention to claims that the law is invalid.

Leading legal authorities of the nation and the American Federation of Labor will get "the best legal talent."

Green in a pamphlet sent to members of the federation advised them "to be absolutely sure of their ground" before prosecuting employers under the Wagner act.

Even if the Wagner law is knocked out by the Supreme court, the administration believes it has a plan the will win concessions by the United States.

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NEWSPATERS of northern Italy might abandon his projected war with Ethiopia if he could find a way of backing out without losing face. But the Roman press was quite sure the duke's aggressive policy would be unimpeded. This opinion was strengthened by the sending of more troops to East Africa.

Eleven states of the Far West are to be represented in the next third "grass roots" conference of Republicans. It will be held in the Yellowstone national park in Montana, according to Mike Reynolds, state director of the Young Republican League of Montana. He said George Olmstead, Democratic congressman from Montana, and Col. Theodore Roosevelt were planning to attend, and that among those invited were Interior Secretary James E. Borah of Idaho, New York attorney Hamilton Fish of New York and Gov. Harold G. Hoffman of New Jersey.

ONE of the hottest scraps of the year developed between Secretary of the Interior, Fred C. Ives, and Senator Tydings of Maryland over the inquiry into the administration of the Secretary of the Interior.

The inquiry into the administration of the Secretary of the Interior was developed between Secretary of the Interior, Fred C. Ives, and Senator Tydings of Maryland over the inquiry into the administration of the Secretary of the Interior.

It has no sectional characteristics; carries no federal complexion, and rests solely upon the necessity of workers and employers in every city that adopts the plan, to avoid the harsh economic weapons of old and substitute peaceful discussion for violence.

Mr. McGrady explained this: "The plan is not a federal one. It is a plan of equal number of men chosen with a federal official to act as chairman. This official presumably would be chosen by the federal government and would be a representative of the regional labor service set up under the national labor relations board."

The employer would continue to bargain with his workers as usual. In event of a disagreement between the workers agree not to strike and the employer agree not to lock out or discriminate against the men as the issue is carried to the newly created panel.

This panel would be the problem and it is unable to agree the heads of the business and labor representatives on the panel and the federal chairman continue to act as an avenue of settlement. If they are unable to agree then an appeal is made direct to the owner of the business involved and the union controlling the workers.

Only after all lines of compromise have been closed, can a strike be called.

SENATOR HUEY LONG has the political fate of his chief opponent, Senator T. S. Arthur of New Orleans, in the palm of his hand. But he is forcing the political fate of his chief opponent, Senator T. S. Arthur of New Orleans, in the palm of his hand.

A majority of Walmseys' followers are of the opinion that the conflict, formally deserted him when the commission council adopted a resolution endorsing recent statements of two commission members.

for the city to make peace with Long. The mayor, standing almost alone, decided to yield. He told the council he was "going to stick from B-1 to breakfast."

Senator Long received a committee of the members and would call a session of the state legislature to force Walmsey out of office within 24 hours after the "old regulars" obtained approval of a majority of the city's voters for a petition requesting the mayor's removal.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT led a delegation of his cabinet members, leaders of the majority in congress and captains of the New Deal, on a week-end outing that was at once a "death sentence" for the "old regulars" and a "life sentence" for the "new deal."

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Washington Digest
National Topics Interpreted
by William Bruckart
National Press Building
Washington, D. C.

Washington—Pettit varies little from week to week in his efforts to advance in a political way.

Mistakes Are Costly There is much the same reaction to the administration's mistakes and much the same consequence when a politician makes a bonanza play. Those who make the mistakes pay the penalties and just now one hears an abundance of discussion in Washington as to whether Mr. Roosevelt has made a political mistake that may cost him dearly later on.

It will be recalled how in 1925 Senator William E. Borah of Idaho exacted a pledge from candidate Herbert Hoover that if Mr. Hoover were elected he would immediately call a special session of congress to deal with the agricultural tariff. Mr. Hoover carried out his promise and in so doing brought about his own defeat.

Now to bring the parallel to date, Mr. Roosevelt has asked congress to call a special session of congress for a specific thing, namely, revision of the tariff affecting agricultural imports so that American agriculture could live. But congress, as congress does so many times, refused to stay in bounds. It got out of hand so badly that when the Hawley-Smoot tariff bill finally was enacted into law it turned out to be a boomerang of the worst kind. It overruled Mr. Hoover and all of those who attempted to justify it.

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fund which he has available to spend as he sees fit may be used to advantage in a political way.

Now that congress has given every indication of its determination to pass the President's tax proposal, and assess taxes against most of all the new phases of a political character referred to earlier have become much more significant.

Although little blood has yet been shed there has been a major cut already in the clash between Ethiopia and Italy.

It applied to the Pact of Paris, otherwise known as the Kellogg pact and the Treaty for the Renunciation of War, in African gray to be buried in an East African grave.

With an eye toward the dispute between Ethiopia and Italy, Secretary Hall of our State department has proclaimed an American's belief in the sanctity of the treaty agreement, the term of office of Secretary Frank B. Rowland, Foreign Minister of France.

He has said very definitely that the United States will not support Ethiopia and Ethiopia to live up to their obligations under that treaty because each nation is a signatory and none one in the house should know their whereabouts.

It is well, also, to expect children to be home promptly for meals—when they should be served promptly. If the children find themselves unexpectedly invited to meals with their friends, then the telephone should be used to inform the hosts of their plans—and in younger children permission should be asked for and granted, if possible, or refused if necessary. Mothers' plans should be adjusted to suit such changes, or perhaps children have forgotten other engagements and can then be reminded of them.

Children can learn in tender years, that the home is a circle made of different units, and while each unit has the right to individual freedom, the right to individual freedom of the family, which remains the ties of the family, which should be respected. There must be co-operation, and vacation days can foster this, however old or young the members.

Old Airplane Carries A French air liner which arrived at Croydon from Paris recently had on board a swan, an African cat, a fighting cockerel and a pair of monkeys.

It is not often that such a mixed cargo of live stock is carried by air, but increasing use is being made of the airplane to transport animals from place to place.

Not long ago an Imperial Airways liner brought a lion to this country from the continent. He was provided with a special cage.

Sea lions caught in the Bay of Biscay and consigned to the Zoo aquarium have been brought from Paris by London by air. They were carried in two ventilated metal containers filled with sea water.

Alligators have been flown to this country. Tropical fish, which would perish on a long voyage, are now frequently brought here by air.

The first horse to fly was a race horse. It had to make the journey in a cage herry from Le Bourget to America. Had it gone by train it would have been too late to run in an important race—London-Tri-Bite.

alotabs
BILIOUSNESS

The Crying and Restlessness of children is frequently an indication of indigestion or of a disturbed nervous system. The child is not content, restless, crying, or sleeping, or eating, or drinking, or anything else. The child is not content, restless, crying, or sleeping, or eating, or drinking, or anything else.

Dr. Perry's PEASANT'S VITAMIN

Joys and Duties
of Holiday Time

Child Needs Adjustment to Home During Period of Vacation.

Now that vacation days are here, children find a marvelous freedom from restraint, and from tasks. It is a period of readjustment, just as much as in the beginning of school in the fall. It is well for parents to appreciate this, for by so doing they will spare themselves and their offspring some difficult moments.

Many young children will be inclined to rely upon mother to direct their time by suggesting games, or little helpful tasks made attractive through the idea of relieving her of work. The rest will strain at the leash of any restraint, believing that as school was their expected and peculiarly normal condition, that vacation means all play and no work. They will be quick by requests to do minor jobs, quite within their ability, or to help her, however few, or perhaps, even to have pleasant suggestions about recreational diversions.

It requires careful thought on the part of a mother to prevent the child from leaning on her too much, in the first instance, and from becoming a bit too aloof, in the second. It is well for the mother to have it definitely understood that she expects to be told when any one of the children goes out, and where the place will be. Many mothers believe it is a wise precaution to leave such matters at home, since sometimes it is desirable or necessary to get in touch with them, and some one in the house should know their whereabouts.

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Personnel of State Planning Board Is Chosen By Governor

Write for Free Booklet.

THE FEATHERHEADS

By Osborne
© Walter Thompson Co.



About Face

GREEN LIGHTS

BUSINESS GIRLS WILL LIKE THIS

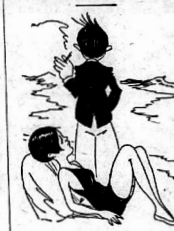
PATTERN 2230



Lucy (his fiancée)—Why did you start so?
John—Did I understand you to say that your father was failing?
Lucy—Physically, I mean.
John—Oh, I see. I was afraid you meant something serious.



'AT A BOY



Peggy—I want you to help me to make Jim jealous—awfully, wildly jealous.
Paul—Er—let's get married.

AND SHE KNOWS IT



The smart business girl has her own rules for chic—tailored feminine simplicity. And here's the frock that obeys the dictates of fashion and utility. There's a world of youthful charm in that simple collar and dattering curved yoke that cuts into a bodice with the very new "bosom and back" fullness. The paneled skirt breaks into pleats just in time to give you lots of walking freedom. Wear the sleeve puffed or flared—let your "type" be your guide. Because every smart business girl will choose this pattern and run up several in the evenings, the frock pictured has been kept especially simple. Choose a cheery flower print silk on a dark ground—or a washable pastel.

Pattern 2230 is available in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42. Size 16 takes 3 1/2 yards 39-inch fabric. Material: Slip-by-step sewing instructions included. Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE. Address orders to Sewing Circle Pattern Department, 243 West Seventeenth Street, New York.

Smiles

FUR, MEANING DISTANT

Teacher—Tommy, can you spell fur?
Tommy—Yes'm, f-u-r, fur.
Teacher—Correct. Now can you tell me what fur is?
Tommy—Yes'm. Fur is an awful long ways off.

Without Leave
Alice—What do you mean by kissing me without permission?
Al—Forgive me, I just couldn't help myself.
Alice—But you did help yourself just now.

Only Objection
"Why do you disapprove of the movies?"
"I don't disapprove of them," answered Senator Bergham. "My only objection to them is that politicians are led by indiscriminate publicity to imagine they're movie stars."

WNU-7 80-85

FINNEY OF THE FORCE

By Ted O'Laughlin
© Walter Thompson Co.



Class—ifed

"REG'LAR FELLERS"



Deferred Geography

SMATTER POP—Ambrose Backs Up His Statement



By C. M. PAYNE

MESCAL IKE

By S. L. HUNTLEY



Out for the Big Money

Our Pet Peeve

By M. G. KETTNER



Trying to Be Quiet

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



Fairon—Does that portrait really resemble your wife?
Artist—It's so lifelike it'll cost you alimony to get rid of it.

THAT'S THAT



Teacher—Thomas, you may explain how we hear things.
Thomas—Pa tells me to lie on a screen and Ma gives me away at the bridge club.



